

Rep. John E. Bradley

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Filed: 5/23/2014

09800SB0649ham001

LRB098 04424 MGM 60142 a

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                       AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 649
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          AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 649 by replacing
      everything after the enacting clause with the following:
 3
          "Section 5. The Hydraulic Fracturing Regulatory Act is
 4
      amended by changing Sections 1-15, 1-50, 1-55, 1-77, and 1-96
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 6
      and by adding Sections 1-23, 1-136, 1-136.01, 1-136.02,
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      1-136.03, 1-136.04, 1-136.05, 1-136.06, 1-136.07, 1-136.08,
      1-136.09, 1-136.10, 1-136.11, 1-136.12 1-136.13, 1-136.14,
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      1-136.15, 1-136.16, 1-136.17, 1-136.18, 1-136.19, 1-136.20,
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      1-136.21, 1-136.22, 1-136.23, 1-136.24, 1-136.25, 1-136.26,
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      1-136.27, 1-136.28, 1-136.29, 1-136.30, 1-136.31, 1-136.32,
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      1-136.33, 1-136.34, 1-136.35, 1-136.36, 1-136.37, 1-136.38,
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      1-136.38a, 1-136.39, 1-136.40, 1-136.41, 1-136.42, 1-136.43,
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1-136.44, 1-136.45, 1-136.46, 1-136.47, 1-136.48, 1-136.49,

1-136.50, 1-136.51, 1-136.52, 1-136.53, 1-136.53a, 1-136.54,

1-136.55, 1-136.56, 1-136.57, 1-136.58, 1-136.59, 1-136.60,

1-136.61, 1-136.62, 1-136.63, 1-136.64, 1-136.65, 1-136.66,

- 1 and 1-136.67 as follows:
- 2 (225 ILCS 732/1-15)
- 3 Sec. 1-15. Powers and duties.
- 4 (a) Except as otherwise provided, the Department shall enforce this Act and all rules and orders adopted in accordance
- 6 with this Act.

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- 7 (b) Except as otherwise provided, the Department shall have 8 jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property 9 necessary to enforce the provisions of this Act effectively. In 10 aid of this jurisdiction, the Director, or anyone designated in writing by the Director, shall have the authority to administer 11 12 oaths and to issue subpoenas for the production of records or other documents and for the attendance of witnesses at any 13 14 proceedings of the Department.
 - (c) The Department may authorize any employee of the Department, qualified by training and experience, to perform the powers and duties set forth in this Act.
- (d) For the purpose of determining compliance with the provisions of this Act and any orders or rules entered or adopted under this Act, the Department shall have the right at all times to go upon and inspect properties where high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations are being or have been conducted.
- 24 (e) The Department shall make any inquiries as it may deem 25 proper to determine whether a violation of this Act or any

- 1 orders or rules entered or adopted under this Act exists or is
- 2 imminent. In the exercise of these powers, the Department shall
- have the authority to collect data; to require testing and 3
- 4 sampling; to make investigation and inspections; to examine
- 5 properties, including records and logs; to examine, check, and
- 6 hydrocarbon wells; to hold hearings; to adopt
- administrative rules; and to take any action as may be 7
- 8 reasonably necessary to enforce this Act.
- 9 (f) Except as otherwise provided, the Department may
- 10 specify the manner in which all information required to be
- submitted under this Act is submitted. 11
- (Source: P.A. 98-22, eff. 6-17-13; revised 11-18-13.) 12
- 13 (225 ILCS 732/1-23 new)
- 14 Sec. 1-23. Northern Illinois moratorium. No person shall,
- 15 within 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act
- of the 98th General Assembly, conduct high volume horizontal 16
- hydraulic fracturing operations at a well site that is located 17
- 18 in a county with a population of at least 500,000 or a county
- 19 immediately adjacent thereto.
- 20 (225 ILCS 732/1-50)
- 21 Sec. 1-50. High volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 22 permit; hearing.
- 23 (a) When a permit application is submitted to conduct high
- 24 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations for the

first time at a particular well site, any person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected, any government agency that is or may be affected, or the county board of a county to be affected under a proposed permit, may file written objections to the permit application and may request a public hearing during the public comment period established under subsection (a) of Section 1-45 of this Act. The request for hearing shall contain a short and plain statement identifying the person and stating facts demonstrating that the person has an interest that is or may be adversely affected. The Department shall hold a public hearing upon a request under this subsection, unless the request is determined by the Department to (i) lack an adequate factual statement that the person is or may be adversely affected or (ii) be frivolous.

(b) Prior to the commencement of a public hearing under this Section, any person who could have requested the hearing under subsection (a) of this Section may petition the Department to participate in the hearing in the same manner as the party requesting the hearing. The petition shall contain a short and plain statement identifying the petitioner and stating facts demonstrating that the petitioner is a person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected. The petitioner shall serve the petition upon the Department. Unless the Department determines that the petition is frivolous, or that the petitioner has failed to allege facts in support of an interest that is or may be adversely affected, the petitioner

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shall be allowed to participate in the hearing in the same manner as the party requesting the hearing.

(c) The public hearing to be conducted under this Section shall comply with the contested case requirements of Section 1-136.11 of this Act the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The Department shall establish rules and procedures to determine whether any request for a public hearing may be granted in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, and for the notice and conduct of the public hearing. These procedural rules shall include provisions for reasonable notice to (i) the public and (ii) all parties to the proceeding, which include the applicant, the requesting the hearing, and the persons granted the right to participate in the hearing pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, for the qualifications, powers, and obligations of the hearing officer, and for reasonable opportunity for all the parties to provide evidence and argument, to respond by oral or written testimony to statements and objections made at the public hearing, and for reasonable cross examination of witnesses. County boards and the public may present their written objections or recommendations at the public hearing. A complete record of the hearings and all testimony shall be made and recorded stenographically the Department electronically. The complete record shall be maintained and shall be accessible to the public on the Department's website until final release of the applicant's performance bond.

- 1 (d) At least 10 calendar days before the date of the public
- 2 hearing, the Department shall publish notice of the public
- 3 hearing in a newspaper of general circulation published in the
- 4 county where the proposed well site will be located.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 98-22, eff. 6-17-13.)
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-55)
- 7 Sec. 1-55. High volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 8 permit; conditions; restriction; modifications.
- 9 (a) Each permit issued by the Department under this Act
- shall require the permittee to comply with all provisions of
- 11 this Act and all other applicable local, State, and federal
- laws, rules, and regulations in effect at the time the permit
- is issued. All plans submitted with the application under
- 14 Section 1-35 shall be conditions of the permit.
- 15 (b) A permit issued under this Act shall continue in effect
- 16 until plugging and restoration in compliance with this Act and
- the Illinois Oil and Gas Act are completed to the Department's
- 18 satisfaction. No permit may be transferred to another person
- 19 without approval of the Department.
- 20 (c) No permit issued under this Act may be modified without
- 21 approval of the Department. If the Department determines that
- 22 the proposed modifications constitute a significant deviation
- from the terms of the original application and permit approval,
- or presents a serious risk to public health, life, property,
- 25 aquatic life, or wildlife, the Department shall provide the

- 1 opportunities for notice, comment, and hearing required under
- 2 Sections 1-45 and 1-50 of this Act. The Department shall
- 3 provide notice of the proposed modification and opportunity for
- 4 comment and hearing to the persons who received specific public
- 5 notice under Section 1-40 of this Act and shall publish the
- 6 notice and the proposed modification on its website. The
- 7 Department shall adopt rules regarding procedures for a permit
- 8 modification.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 98-22, eff. 6-17-13.)
- 10 (225 ILCS 732/1-77)
- 11 Sec. 1-77. Chemical disclosure; trade secret protection.
- 12 (a) If the chemical disclosure information required by
- paragraph (8) of subsection (b) of Section 1-35 of this Act is
- 14 not submitted at the time of permit application, then the
- 15 permittee, applicant, or person who will perform high volume
- 16 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations at the well shall
- 17 submit this information to the Department in electronic format
- 18 no less than 21 calendar days prior to performing the high
- 19 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations. The
- 20 permittee shall not cause or allow any stimulation of the well
- 21 if it is not in compliance with this Section. Nothing in this
- 22 Section shall prohibit the person performing high volume
- 23 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations from adjusting or
- 24 altering the contents of the fluid during the treatment process
- 25 to respond to unexpected conditions, as long as the permittee

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1	or the person performing the high volume horizontal hydraulic
2	fracturing operations notifies the Department by electronic
3	mail within 24 hours of the departure from the initial
4	treatment design and includes a brief explanation of the reason
5	for the departure.
6	(b) No permittee shall use the services of another person

- (b) No permittee shall use the services of another person to perform high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations unless the person is in compliance with this Section.
- 10 (c) Any person performing high volume horizontal hydraulic 11 fracturing operations within this State shall:
 - (1) be authorized to do business in this State; and
- 13 (2) maintain and disclose to the Department separate 14 and up-to-date master lists of:
 - (A) the base fluid to be used during any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations within this State;
 - (B) all hydraulic fracturing additives to be used during any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations within this State; and
 - (C) all chemicals and associated Chemical Abstract Service numbers to be used in any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations within this State.
 - (d) Persons performing high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations are prohibited from using any base fluid,

- 1 hydraulic fracturing additive, or chemical not listed on their
- 2 master lists disclosed under paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of
- 3 this Section.
- 4 (e) The Department shall assemble and post up-to-date
- 5 copies of the master lists it receives under paragraph (2) of
- 6 subsection (c) of this Section on its website in accordance
- 7 with Section 1-110 of this Act.
- 8 (f) Where an applicant, permittee, or the person performing
- 9 high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations
- 10 furnishes chemical disclosure information to the Department
- 11 under this Section, Section 1-35, or Section 1-75 of this Act
- 12 under a claim of trade secret, the applicant, permittee, or
- person performing high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 14 operations shall submit redacted and un-redacted copies of the
- documents containing the information to the Department and the
- Department shall use the redacted copies when posting materials
- on its website.
- 18 (g) Upon submission or within 5 calendar days of submission
- 19 of chemical disclosure information to the Department under this
- 20 Section, Section 1-35, or Section 1-75 of this Act under a
- 21 claim of trade secret, the person that claimed trade secret
- 22 protection shall provide a justification of the claim
- 23 containing the following: a detailed description of the
- 24 procedures used by the person to safeguard the information from
- 25 becoming available to persons other than those selected by the
- 26 person to have access to the information for limited purposes;

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- 1 a detailed statement identifying the persons or class of persons to whom the information has been disclosed; 2 3 certification that the person has no knowledge that the 4 information has ever been published or disseminated or has 5 otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge; a detailed discussion of why the person believes the information 6 to be of competitive value; and any other information that 7 8 shall support the claim.
 - (h) Chemical disclosure information furnished under this Section, Section 1-35, or Section 1-75 of this Act under a claim of trade secret shall be protected from disclosure as a trade secret if the Department determines that the statement of justification demonstrates that:
 - (1)the information has not been published, disseminated, or otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge; and
 - (2) the information has competitive value.

There is a rebuttable presumption that the information has not been published, disseminated, or otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge if the person has taken reasonable measures to prevent the information from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the person to have access to the information for limited purposes and the statement of justification contains a certification that the person has no knowledge that the information has ever been published, disseminated, or otherwise become a matter of general public 1 knowledge.

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- 2 (i) Denial of a trade secret request under this Section 3 shall be appealable under the Administrative Review Law.
 - (j) A person whose request to inspect or copy a public record is denied, in whole or in part, because of a grant of trade secret protection may file a request for review with the Public Access Counselor under Section 9.5 of the Freedom of Information Act or for injunctive or declaratory relief under Section 11 of the Freedom of Information Act for the purpose of reviewing whether the Department properly determined that the trade secret protection should be granted.
 - (k) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (1) and (m) of this Section, the Department must maintain the confidentiality of chemical disclosure information furnished under this Section, Section 1-35, or Section 1-75 of this Act under a claim of trade secret, until the Department receives official notification of a final order by a reviewing body with proper jurisdiction that is not subject to further appeal rejecting a grant of trade secret protection for that information.
 - (1) A The Department shall adopt rules for the provision of information furnished under a claim of trade secret to a health professional who states a need for the information and articulates why the information is needed. The health professional may share that information furnished under a claim of trade secret with other persons as may be professionally

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necessary, including, but not limited to, the affected patient, other health professionals involved in the treatment of the affected patient, the affected patient's family members if the affected patient is unconscious, unable to make medical decisions, or is a minor, the Centers for Disease Control, and other government public health agencies. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any recipient of the information shall not use the information for purposes other than the health needs asserted in the request and shall otherwise maintain the information as confidential. Information so disclosed to a health professional shall in no way be construed as publicly available. The holder of the trade secret may request a confidentiality agreement consistent with the requirements of this Section from all health professionals to whom the information is disclosed as soon as circumstances permit. The rules adopted by the Department shall also establish procedures for providing the information in both emergency and non emergency situations.

In the event of a release of hydraulic fracturing fluid. а hydraulic fracturing additive, or hydraulic fracturing flowback, and when necessary to protect public health or the environment, the Department may disclose information furnished under a claim of trade secret to the relevant county public health director or emergency manager, the relevant fire department chief, the Director of Illinois Department of Public Health, the Director of the

1 Illinois Department of Agriculture, and the Director of the 2 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency upon request by that 3 individual. The Director of the Illinois Department of Public 4 Health, and the Director of the Illinois Environmental 5 Protection Agency, and the Director of the Illinois Department of Agriculture may disclose this information to staff members 6 under the same terms and conditions as apply to the Director of 7 8 Natural Resources. Except as otherwise provided in this 9 Section, any recipient of the information shall not use the 10 information for purposes other than to protect public health or the environment and shall otherwise maintain the information as 11 confidential. Information disclosed to staff shall in no way be 12 13 construed as publicly available. The holder of the trade secret 14 information may request a confidentiality agreement consistent 15 with the requirements of this Section from all persons to whom 16 the information is disclosed as soon as circumstances permit.

(225 ILCS 732/1-96) 18

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19 Sec. 1-96. Seismicity.

(Source: P.A. 98-22, eff. 6-17-13.)

- (a) For purposes of this Section, "induced seismicity" 2.0 means an earthquake event that is felt, recorded by the 21 national seismic network, and attributable to a Class II 22 23 injection well used for disposal of flow-back and produced 24 fluid from hydraulic fracturing operations.
- 25 (Blank). The Department shall adopt rules, (b)

- 1 consultation with the Illinois State Geological Survey,
- 2 establishing a protocol for controlling operational activity
- 3 of Class II injection wells in an instance of induced
- 4 seismicity.
- 5 (c) The rules adopted by the Department under this Section
- 6 shall employ a "traffic light" control system allowing for low
- 7 levels of seismicity while including additional monitoring and
- 8 mitigation requirements when seismic events are of sufficient
- 9 intensity to result in a concern for public health and safety.
- 10 (d) The additional mitigation requirements referenced in
- 11 subsection (c) of this Section shall provide for either the
- 12 scaling back of injection operations with monitoring for
- 13 establishment of a potentially safe operation level or the
- immediate cessation of injection operations.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 98-22, eff. 6-17-13.)
- 16 (225 ILCS 732/1-136 new)
- Sec. 1-136. Applicability of Sections 1-136.01 through
- 18 1-136.67.
- 19 (a) Sections 1-136.01 through 1-136.67 (this Part) apply to
- 20 all horizontal wells in which any single stage of a hydraulic
- 21 fracturing stimulation treatment using more than 80,000
- gallons of hydraulic fracturing fluid, or in which the total
- 23 amount of all stages of a hydraulic fracturing stimulation
- 24 treatment using more than 300,000 gallons of hydraulic
- 25 fracturing fluid, to initiate or propagate fractures in a

- 1 geologic formation to enhance extraction or production of oil
- or gas are planned, have occurred, or are occurring in this 2
- State. For any horizontal well at which fracturing occurred 3
- 4 before June 17, 2013, the operator shall only be required to
- 5 file a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations
- 6 completion report and comply with Section 1-136.58.
- (b) Section 1-136.67 applies to all horizontal wells in 7
- which the total amount of all stages of a hydraulic fracturing 8
- 9 stimulation treatment using more than 80,000 gallons but less
- 10 than 300,001 gallons in the application of hydraulic fracturing
- 11 fluid to initiate or propagate fractures in a geologic
- 12 formation to enhance extraction or production of oil or gas are
- 13 planned, have occurred, or are occurring in this State.
- 14 (c) This Part shall be in addition to all other provisions
- 15 of the Hydraulic Fracturing Regulatory Act. This part is
- 16 intended to supplement and provide procedures for requirements
- of the Act. However, if there is a conflict between anything 17
- contained in the Act and this Part, the provisions of the Act 18
- 19 shall prevail.
- 2.0 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.01 new)
- Sec. 1-136.01. Definitions. For the purposes of this Part, 21
- 22 unless the context otherwise requires:
- 23 "Affected patient" means a person receiving health care
- 24 services from a health professional for an illness or injury
- 25 which the health professional reasonably believes was caused by

- 1 exposure to any chemicals used in high volume horizontal
- hydraulic fracturing operations that are subject to a claim of 2
- 3 trade secret by a permittee or contractor.
- 4 "API" means the American Petroleum Institute, which is a
- 5 national trade association that develops and publishes
- equipment and operating standards for the oil and natural gas 6
- 7 industry.
- "Applicant" means any person registered with the 8
- 9 Department under to Section 1-136.04 that has filed an
- 10 application in accordance with this Act.
- 11 "Application" means a filing by an applicant to the
- Department seeking a high volume horizontal hydraulic 12
- 13 fracturing permit under Section 1-136.05 or a modification
- 14 under Section 1-136.15 of this Part.
- 15 "Base fluid" means the continuous phase fluid type,
- 16 including, but not limited to, water or nitrogen gas used in a
- high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operation. "Base 17
- fluid" includes both hydrocarbon and non-hydrocarbon fluids in 18
- gas or liquid form used in high volume horizontal hydraulic 19
- 20 fracturing operations.
- "Emergency health care situation" means when a health 21
- 22 professional believes that access to information about high
- volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment chemicals may 23
- 24 assist in determining the appropriate health care services to
- 25 administer to any person to prevent or mitigate death,
- seriously bodily harm, or acute physical discomfort that is 26

- either imminent or potentially irreversible.
- "Flowback" means the process of allowing fluids to flow 2
- from the well following a hydraulic fracturing stimulation 3
- 4 treatment, either in preparation for a subsequent phase of
- 5 hydraulic fracturing stimulation treatment or in preparation
- for cleanup and returning the well to production. 6
- "Flowback period" means the period of time when hydraulic 7
- fracturing fluid flows back to the surface from a well 8
- 9 following a hydraulic fracturing stimulation treatment, either
- 10 in preparation for a subsequent phase of hydraulic fracturing
- 11 stimulation treatment or in preparation for cleanup and placing
- the well into production. "Flowback period" begins when the 12
- 13 hydraulic fracturing fluid returns to the surface following a
- 14 hydraulic fracturing stimulation treatment. "Flowback period"
- 15 ends with either the well shut in, or when the well is
- 16 producing continuously to the flow line or to a storage vessel
- for collection, whichever occurs first. 17
- 18 "GPS" means Global Positioning System.
- 19 "Health care services" means any services included in the
- furnishing to any individual of medical care, or the 20
- 21 hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such care, as
- 22 well as the furnishing to any person of any and all other
- services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or 23
- 24 healing human illness or injury, including home health and
- 25 pharmaceutical services and products.
- 26 "Hearing officer" means the presiding officer at the public

- 1 hearing and other hearings referenced in this Part. The term
- 2 also includes administrative law judge.
- "Hydraulic fracturing" means the pressurized application 3
- 4 of hydraulic fracturing fluid to initiate or propagate
- 5 fractures in a geologic formation to enhance extraction or
- production of oil or gas. 6
- "Hydraulic fracturing stimulation treatment" shall have 7
- the same meaning as "hydraulic fracturing" or "stimulation 8
- 9 treatment".
- 10 "IEMA" means the Illinois Emergency Management Agency.
- 11 "Inspector" means a well inspector from the Department's
- 12 Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management.
- 13 "Material Safety Data Sheet" or "MSDS" means a document
- 14 provided by chemical or industrial manufacturers that contains
- 15 information on chemicals. An MSDS includes: nature of the
- 16 chemical, precautions to take in using the chemical, conditions
- of safe use, clean-up procedure for a release, and recommended 17
- 18 disposal procedures.
- "Medium volume hydraulic fracturing operations" means a 19
- 20 stimulation treatment of a horizontal well by the pressurized
- 21 application of more than 80,000 gallons but less than 300,001
- 22 gallons in total of hydraulic fracturing fluid to initiate or
- propagate fractures in a geologic formation to enhance 23
- 24 extraction or production of oil or gas.
- 25 "Non-emergency health care situation" means a situation
- 26 that is not an emergency health care situation in which a

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1	health professional believes that access to information about
2	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment
3	chemicals may assist in determining the appropriate health care
4	services to administer to a patient.
5	"Ordinary high water mark" means the boundary of a water
6	source delineated by the highest water level that has been
7	maintained for a sufficient period of time to leave evidence
8	upon the landscape. For rivers, the ordinary high water mark is
9	the elevation of the top of the bank of the channel; and for
10	natural or artificial lakes, ponds or reservoirs, the ordinary
11	high water mark is the operating elevation of the normal
12	operating pool.

"Produced water" means water, regardless of chloride and total dissolved solids content, that is produced from a well in conjunction with oil or natural gas production or natural gas storage operations, but does not include hydraulic fracturing flowback.

"Real property" means the surface, subsurface or mineral rights of land.

"Real property interest" means ownership in the surface, subsurface or mineral rights of land.

"Real property surface interest" means ownership in only 22 23 the surface rights of land.

"Recycled water" means water in hydraulic fracturing flow back from a hydraulic fracturing operation or produced water that is physically or chemically treated for use as the base

- fluid or a component of hydraulic fracturing fluid. 1
- "Register of Land and Water Reserves" means the list of 2
- areas registered under Section 16 of the Illinois Natural Areas 3
- 4 Preservation Act and 17 Ill. Adm. Code 4010.
- 5 "Registrant" means any person that registers with the
- 6 Department to apply for high volume horizontal hydraulic
- fracturing permits under Section 1-136.04 of this Part. 7
- "Stage" means the application of an individual hydraulic 8
- 9 fracturing stimulation treatment to a predetermined interval
- 10 of the wellbore that is conducted as part of a series of
- 11 individual hydraulic fracturing stimulation treatments in a
- 12 sequential manner to the same wellbore.
- 13 "Stimulation treatment" shall have the same definition as
- 14 "hydraulic fracturing".
- 15 "Well" means the entire length of any drill hole, including
- all horizontal wellbores, required to be permitted under the 16
- 17 Illinois Oil and Gas Act.
- "Well site" means surface areas, including the surface 18
- location of the well, occupied by all equipment or facilities 19
- 20 necessary for, or incidental to, high volume horizontal
- hydraulic fracturing operations, construction, drilling, 21
- 22 production, or plugging a well.
- "Wholly contained" means a surface confines of a private 23
- 24 water well or a surface water resource located entirely within
- 25 the real property surface interest of the landowner.

1	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.02 new)
2	Sec. 1-136.02. Incorporated materials.
3	(a) The following documents are incorporated or referenced
4	in various Sections of this Part:
5	(1) ANSI/API Specification 10A, Specification for
6	Cements and Materials for Well Cementing, December 2010
7	(API Spec 10A).
8	(2) API Specification 5CT, Specification for Casino
9	and Tubing, July 2011 (API Spec 5CT).
10	(3) ANSI/API Recommended Practice 5A3, Recommended
11	Practice on Thread Compounds for Casing, Tubing, Line Pipe,
12	and Drill Stem Elements, November 2009 (API RP 5A3).
13	(4) ANSI/API Specification 10D, Specification for
14	Bow-String Casing Centralizers, September 2002, Reaffirmed
15	August 2010 (API Spec 10D).
16	(5) API Technical Report 10TR4, Selection of
17	Centralizers for Primary Cementing Operations, May 2008
18	(API Spec 10TR4).
19	(6) ANSI/API Recommended Practice 10D-2, Recommended
20	Practice for Centralizer Placement and Stop-collar
21	Testing, August 2004, Reaffirmed July 2010 (API RP 10D-2).
22	(7) API Specification 16D, Specification for Control
23	Systems for Drilling Well Control Equipment and Control
24	Systems for Diverter Equipment, July 2004, 2-Year
25	Extension May 2010 (API Spec 16D).
26	(b) All incorporations by reference in this Part refer to

- 1 the standards on the date specified and do not include any
- additions or deletions subsequent to the date specified. 2
- 3 (c) All materials incorporated by reference are available
- 4 for inspection and copying at the Department of Natural
- 5 Resources.
- (225 ILCS 732/1-136.03 new) 6
- 7 Sec. 1-136.03. Permit requirements.
- 8 (a) A person may not conduct high volume horizontal
- 9 hydraulic fracturing operations, drill, deepen, convert a
- 10 horizontal well in this State where high volume horizontal
- hydraulic fracturing operations are planned or occurring, or 11
- 12 convert a vertical well into a horizontal well where high
- 13 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations are planned
- 14 in this State, unless the person is registered with the
- 15 Department, has been issued a permit by the Department under
- this Part, and has obtained all applicable authorizations 16
- required by the Illinois Oil and Gas Act. 17
- (b) If multiple wells are to be stimulated using high 18
- 19 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations from a
- 20 single well site, then a separate permit shall be obtained for
- each well at the well site. 21
- (c) A permittee may not conduct high volume horizontal 22
- 23 hydraulic fracturing operations that deviate from the terms of
- 24 the permit, unless the permittee obtains a modification of the
- 25 permit under Section 1-136.15.

1	(d) A person may not operate a well where high volume
2	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations were previously
3	permitted or conducted pursuant to a permit issued to another,
4	unless the person is registered with the Department and obtains
5	a transfer of the permit under Section 1-136.16.
J	a cransier of the permit under beetion i 190.10.

6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.04 new)

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- 7 Sec. 1-136.04. Registration procedures.
- 8 (a) Every applicant for a permit under this Act shall first 9 register with the Department at least 30 days before applying for a permit, using a registration form provided by the 10 11 Department.
- 12 (b) The registration form shall require the following 13 information:
 - (1) the name and address of the registrant, the registrant's legal status (individual, partnership, corporation, or other), and the name, address, and legal status of any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of the registrant;
 - (2) disclosure of all findings of a serious violation or an equivalent violation under federal, Illinois or other state laws or regulations in the development or operation of an oil or gas exploration or production site via hydraulic fracturing by the registrant or any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of the registrant within the previous 5 years; and

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1	(3) proof of insurance to cover injuries, damages, or
2	loss related to pollution in the amount of at least
3	\$5,000,000, from an insurance carrier authorized,
4	licensed, or permitted to do this insurance business in
5	this State that holds at least an A- rating by A.M. Best &
6	Co. or any comparable rating service.
7	(c) The registration form shall be signed by the registrant

- (c) The registration form shall be signed by the registrant or the registrant's designee who has been vested with the authority to act on behalf of the registrant. The signature of the registrant or the registrant's designee constitutes a certificate that the registrant has read the registration form and that, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, information and belief, the information set forth in the form is true and accurate.
- (d) The registration form shall be submitted to the Department electronically via the Department's website or mailed to the Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management.
- (e) Within 21 days after the receipt of a registration form, if the Department determines that the registration form is compliant with the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this Section and the person submitting the registration form is properly registered as a permittee <u>under the Illinois Oil</u> and Gas Act, then the registration form shall be accepted and the Department will provide the registrant with:
- (1) a statement that the registrant is registered with the Department for purposes of applying for high volume

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1	horizontal	hydraulic	fracturing	permits	under	this	Act;

(2) the date the registration was accepted; and

(3) a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing registration number to be used when applying for high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permits under this Part.

(f) Within 21 days after receipt of a registration form, if the Department determines that the registration form is deficient relative to the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this Section, or the person submitting the registration form is not properly registered as a permittee under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, then the registration shall not be accepted and the Department will notify the registrant with a statement of the deficiencies. The registrant shall not be considered registered for purposes of applying for high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permits under this Section until the deficiencies have been cured, the registration form resubmitted and a Department determination under subsection (e) of this Section has been made.

(q) A registrant shall notify the Department of any change in the information identified in subsection (b) of this Section at least annually or within 90 days of any change in the name or address of the registrant, the registrant's legal status (individual, partnership, corporation, or other), and the name, address, or legal status of any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of the registrant.

1 (h) All registrants shall resubmit the registration form under subsections (c) and (d) of this Section beginning 2 September 1, 2016 and by September 1 of every even numbered 3 4 year thereafter.

5 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.05 new)

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Sec. 1-136.05. Permit application requirements.

- (a) Every applicant for a permit under this Section must submit the following information to the Department on an application form provided by the Department:
- 10 (1) The name, email address, and address of the 11 applicant, the name and address of any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of the applicant, and the applicant's high 12 13 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing registration 14 number.
 - (2) The proposed well name, well location, and legal description per the Public Land Survey System of the well, well site, and its unit area. The well location shall be surveyed by an Illinois licensed land surveyor or Illinois registered professional engineer and the description of the surveyed well location shall also include the legal description, the GPS latitude and longitude location, and ground elevation of the well. The GPS location shall be recorded as degrees and decimal degrees recorded to 6 decimal places in the North American Datum 1983 projection and shall be accurate to within 3 feet. The reported GPS

1	location is required to be an actual GPS field measurement
2	and not a calculated or conversion measurement.
3	(3) A statement of whether the proposed location of the
4	well site is in compliance with the setback requirements of
5	this Part and a plat map, which shows the proposed surface
6	location of the well site, providing the distance in feet
7	from the surface location of the well site to the features
8	described in subsection (a) of Section 1-25 of this Act and
9	a statement explaining how the size of the well site is
10	sufficient to conduct all aspects of high volume horizontal
11	hydraulic fracturing operations within its boundaries.
12	(4) A detailed description of the directional drilling
13	plan for the proposed well to be used for the high volume
14	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, including, but
15	not limited to, the following information:
16	(A) the approximate total true vertical and
17	measured depth to which the well is to be drilled or
18	deepened;
19	(B) the proposed angle and direction (heading) of
20	the well;
21	(C) the actual depth or the approximate depth at
22	which the well to be drilled deviates from vertical;
23	(D) the planned depth at which the well enters the
24	formation that will be stimulated as part of the high
25	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations;
26	(E) the angle and direction of any nonvertical

1	portion of the well until the well reaches its total
2	target depth or its actual final depth;
3	(F) the planned horizontal deviation and direction
4	(heading) of the proposed horizontal portion of the
5	well; and
6	(G) the planned bottom hole location of the well.
7	(5) The estimated depth and elevation, according to the
8	most recent publication of the Illinois State Geological
9	Survey of Groundwater for the location of the well or any
10	other relevant information known to the applicant, of the
11	lowest potential fresh water along the entire length of the
12	proposed well.
13	(6) A detailed description of the proposed high volume
14	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, including, but
15	<pre>not limited to, the following:</pre>
16	(A) the formations affected by the high volume
17	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, including,
18	but not limited to, geologic name and geologic
19	description of the formations that will be stimulated
20	<pre>by the operation;</pre>
21	(B) the anticipated surface treating pressure
22	range:
23	(C) the maximum anticipated injection treating
24	pressure;
25	(D) the estimated or calculated fracture pressure
26	of the producing and confining zones;

1	(E) the planned depth of all proposed perforations
2	or depth to the top of the open hole section; and
3	(F) the anticipated type, source, and volume of the
4	base fluid anticipated to be used in the high volume
5	horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment; for high
6	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatments
7	using hydrocarbon or non-hydrocarbon fluids in gas and
8	or liquid form as an element of the hydraulic
9	fracturing fluid, the applicant shall calculate the
10	total estimated fluid volume that will be used for the
11	hydraulic fracturing treatment at downhole conditions;
12	the proposed volume shall be based on the anticipated
13	downhole pressure and temperature.
14	(7) Scaled plat maps, diagrams, and cross-sections
15	that include the following:
16	(A) A scaled top-view diagram showing the well
17	location on the well site, direction of drilling below
18	the surface entry point into the formation to be
19	stimulated, and total depth;
20	(B) a scaled map showing the proposed unit,
21	including the unit boundaries and the location of the
22	proposed well, well pad, well site, access road, and
23	any other operating facilities;
24	(C) a plat map showing the well location and all
25	known previous wellbores within 750 feet of any part of
26	the horizontal wellbore that penetrated within 400

1	vertical feet of the formation that will be stimulated
2	as part of the high volume horizontal hydraulic
3	fracturing operations; if existing wellbores are
4	present within the prescribed radius, then also
5	include the following information for each wellbore:
6	well name, if known, estimated location, and permit
7	number, if known; and
8	(D) a scaled cross-section of the wellbore from the
9	surface through total depth providing the information
10	required in paragraph (4) and (5) of subsection (a) of
11	this Section, and showing the formations to be
12	stimulated described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph
13	(6) of subsection (a) of this Section.
14	(8) Unless the applicant documents why the information
15	is not available at the time the application is submitted
16	(in which case the applicant shall comply with Sections
17	1-136.34 and 1-136.37), a chemical disclosure report
18	identifying each chemical and proppant anticipated to be
19	used in hydraulic fracturing fluid for each stage of the
20	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations,
21	including the following:
22	(A) for each stage, the total volume of water
23	anticipated to be used in the high volume horizontal
24	hydraulic fracturing treatment of the well or the type
25	and total volume of the base fluid anticipated to be

used in the high volume horizontal hydraulic

1	fracturing treatment, if something other than water;
2	(B) each hydraulic fracturing additive anticipated
3	to be used in the hydraulic fracturing fluid, including
4	the trade name, vendor, a brief descriptor of the
5	intended use or function of each hydraulic fracturing
6	additive, and the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), if
7	applicable;
8	(C) each chemical anticipated to be intentionally
9	added to the base fluid, including, for each chemical,
10	the Chemical Abstracts Service number, if applicable;
11	<u>and</u>
12	(D) the anticipated concentration in the base
13	fluid, in percent by mass, of each chemical to be
14	intentionally added to the base fluid.
15	(9) A self-certification explaining the applicant's
16	compliance with the Water Use Act of 1983 and applicable
17	regional water supply plans.
18	(10) If fresh water is anticipated to be used in the
19	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment, a
20	water source management plan that shall include the
21	<pre>following information:</pre>
22	(A) the name and location (county, latitude,
23	longitude) of the source of the fresh water, such as
24	surface or groundwater, anticipated to be used for
25	water withdrawals, and the anticipated withdrawal
26	<pre>location;</pre>

1	(B) the anticipated volume and rate of each fresh
2	water withdrawal from each withdrawal location;
3	(C) the anticipated months when fresh water
4	withdrawals shall be made from each withdrawal
5	location;
6	(D) the methods to be used to minimize fresh water
7	withdrawals as much as feasible; and
8	(E) the methods to be used for surface water
9	withdrawals to minimize adverse impact to aquatic
10	<u>life.</u>
11	Where a surface water source is wholly contained within a
12	single property, and the landowner of the property expressly
13	agrees in writing to its use for fresh water withdrawals, the
14	applicant is not required to include this surface water source
15	in the fresh water withdrawal and management plan. For this
16	exception to apply, the water use agreement with the landowner
17	of the property must be provided with the permit application.
18	Any confidential provisions of a water use agreement may be
19	redacted by the applicant.
20	If recycled water is anticipated to be used in the high
21	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment, describe the
22	source of the recycled water and the anticipated volume to be
23	used.
24	If water other than fresh water or recycled water is
25	anticipated to be used in the high volume horizontal hydraulic
26	fracturing treatment, describe the source of such other water

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and the anticipated volume to be used.

(11) A hydraulic fracturing fluids and flowback plan for the handling, storage, and transportation and disposal, recycling, or reuse of hydraulic fracturing fluids and hydraulic fracturing flowback consistent with the requirements of this Part. The plan shall identify the specific Class II injection well or wells that will be used to dispose of the hydraulic fracturing flowback or the facilities where the hydraulic fracturing flowback will be reused or recycled. The plan shall describe the capacity of the tanks to be used for the capture and storage of all the anticipated hydraulic fracturing flowback and of the lined reserve pit to be used, if necessary, to temporarily store any flowback in excess of the capacity of the tanks. Identification of the Class II injection well or wells shall be by name, identification number, and specific location and shall include the date of the most recent mechanical integrity test for each Class II injection well. (12) A well site safety plan to: (A) address proper safety measures to be employed

during high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations for the protection of persons on the well site and the general public that complies with federal and State law;

(B) (blank);

(C) identify the location of where MSDS

	information related to any mazardous materials that
2	will be stored on site will be available for review by
3	all appropriate regulatory agencies and emergency
4	responders;
5	(D) provide contact information for all
6	appropriate emergency responders; and
7	(E) provide contact information of the applicant
8	to be used by emergency responders.
9	(13) A containment plan describing the containment
10	practices and equipment to be used and the area of the well
11	site where containment systems will be employed that
12	complies with Sections 1-136.43, 1-136.44, and 1-136.45.
13	(14) A casing and cementing plan that describes the
14	casing and cementing practices to be employed, including
15	the size of each string of pipe, the starting point, and
16	depth to which each string is to be set and the extent to
17	which each string is to be cemented that complies with
18	Sections 1-136.24 and 1-136.27.
19	(15) A traffic management plan that identifies the
20	anticipated roads, streets, and highways that will be used
21	to facilitate the well site construction, drilling
22	operations, high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
23	operations, production, and continued operations of the
24	well site. The traffic management plan shall include the
25	<pre>following:</pre>
26	(A) a scaled map of the proposed routes the

1	applicant intends to use to construct the well site,
2	perform high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
3	operations, production and continued operations, for
4	at least a 10 mile radius around the well site,
5	identifying all the different highway jurisdictions;
6	(B) (blank);
7	(C) contact information for the applicant's
8	representative with knowledge of the traffic
9	management plan; and
10	(D) contact information for a representative of
11	each impacted highway or road authority;
12	(16) Landowner and permittee information that includes
13	the following:
14	(A) the names and addresses of all landowners of
15	any real property surface interest in land within 1,500
16	feet of the proposed well site as disclosed by the
17	records in the office of the recorder of the county or
18	<pre>counties;</pre>
19	(B) the names and addresses of all persons with an
20	oil and gas lease on land within 1,500 feet of the
21	proposed well site as disclosed by the records in the
22	office of the recorder of the county or counties; and
23	(C) the names and addresses of all permittees under
24	the Act or the Illinois Oil and Gas Act on land within
	1 500 foot of the proposed well site
25	1,500 feet of the proposed well site.

1	public notice as required by Section 1-136.09 using the
2	forms provided by the Department.
3	(18) Plugging and restoration plans, including the
4	<pre>following:</pre>
5	(A) a plan for the pre-high volume horizontal
6	hydraulic fracturing operations plugging of previously
7	abandoned unplugged or insufficiently plugged wells
8	under Section 1-136.59. For any wellbores identified
9	in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (7) of subsection (a)
10	of this Section, this plan shall provide evidence
11	demonstrating that the wellbore contains an adequate
12	volume of cement and is constructed and plugged in a
13	manner that will prevent the migration of fluids into
14	fresh water from the borehole or that the wellbores
15	will be plugged under Section 1-136.59;
16	(B) a plan for restoration of lands used by the
17	permittee other than the well site and production
18	facility under Section 1-136.60; and
19	(C) a plan for the plugging of the well and the
20	restoration of the well site to be in compliance with
21	62 Ill. Adm. Code 240. Subpart K and Sections 1-136.58
22	and 1-136.61 of this Part;
23	(19) Proof of insurance by the applicant, and any
24	contractor performing high volume horizontal hydraulic
25	fracturing operations at the proposed well, that each is
26	insured to cover injuries, damages, or loss related to

pollution in the amount of at least \$5,000,000.

2	(20) Certification that the applicant's registration
3	information provided under Section 1-136.04 is accurate
4	and up to date.
5	(21) A plan for compliance with the requirement that
6	the access road to the well site must be located in
7	accordance with access rights either obtained by agreement
8	with the surface landowner or pursuant to the Drilling
9	Operations Act and located as far as practical from
10	occupied structures, places of assembly and property lines
11	of unleased property as required by Section 1-136.20.
12	(22) A plan for compliance with the requirement to
13	preserve topsoil as required by Section 1-136.20.
14	(23) A plan for compliance with the requirement to
15	implement practices to control fugitive dust as required by
16	<u>Section 1-136.20.</u>
17	(24) The work plan to ensure accurate and complete
18	water quality sampling and testing as set forth in
19	subsection (a) of Section 1-136.29, reviewed and certified
20	by a professional engineer or professional geologist.
21	(25) (Blank).
22	(26) (Blank).
23	(27) A violations report indicating whether the
24	applicant or any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of the
25	applicant has pending Notices of Violations or Director's
26	Decisions under this Act, this Part, the Illinois Oil and

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1 Gas Act, or the administrative rules adopted under that 2 Act.

(28) (Blank).

- (b) When an application is made to conduct high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations at a well site located within the limits of any city, village, or incorporated town, the application shall state the name of the city, village, or incorporated town and be accompanied with a certified copy of the official consent for the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations to occur from the municipal authorities where the well site is proposed to be located. No permit shall be issued unless consent is secured and filed with the permit application. In the event that a modification to the permit is subsequently sought for an amended location or any other significant permit deviation, a new certified consent is required for the amended location.
- (c) The permit application shall be accompanied by a bond or equivalent financial instrument as required by subsection (a) of Section 1-136.06.
- (d) Each application for a permit under this Part shall include payment of a non-refundable fee of \$13,500. Checks shall be made payable to the Department of Natural Resources.
- (e) Each application submitted under this Part shall be signed, under the penalty of perjury, by the applicant or the applicant's designee who has been vested with the authority to act on behalf of the applicant and has direct knowledge of the

1 information contained in the application and its attachments. Any person signing an application shall also sign an affidavit 2 3 with the following certification: 4 "I certify, under penalty of perjury as provided by law and 5 under penalty of refusal, suspension, or revocation of a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit, that 6 this application and all attachments are true, accurate, 7 8 and complete to the best of my knowledge." 9 (f) The applicant shall submit his or her application to 10 the Department in both electronic and one hard copy format at 11 the same time. The electronic format shall be searchable and provided to the Department on compact disc, DVD, or Universal 12 13 Serial Bus (USB) compatible storage devices. The permittee 14 shall also provide to the Department, in electronic and hard 15 copy format, a duplicate set of any pages containing names or 16 addresses of individuals in which the names and addresses, except those provided under paragraph (1) and (26) of 17 subsection (a) of this Section, are redacted for purposes of 18 19 confidentiality. Review of the permit application shall not be 20 considered for the purposes of Section 1-136.07 if the 21 Department is unable to access the submitted electronic format. 22 (g) The application for a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit may be submitted as a combined permit 23 24 application with the permittee's application to drill on a form 25 prescribed by the Department. The combined application must

include the information required in this Section. The

- 1 submission of a combined permit application under this
- subsection shall not be interpreted to relieve the applicant or 2
- the Department from complying with the requirements of this 3
- 4 Part, the Act, the Illinois Oil and Gas Act and the rules
- 5 adopted under that Act.
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.06 new)
- 7 Sec. 1-136.06. Permit bonds or other collateral
- 8 securities.
- 9 (a) No person shall be allowed to construct, drill,
- 10 operate, perform high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- operations, or produce from a well for which a permit is 11
- 12 necessary under this Part if that well is not covered and
- 13 protected by a bond or other collateral securities as required
- 14 by this Section.
- 15 (b) All applicants for a permit under this Part and persons
- requesting permit transfers shall provide a bond at the time of 16
- filing an application for a permit under Section 1-136.05 or at 17
- the time of filing a request for a transfer of permit under 18
- 19 Section 1-136.16. The bond shall be in the amount of \$50,000
- 20 per permit or a blanket bond of \$500,000 for all permits. All
- 21 bonds must meet the following requirements during the permit
- application process and through the entire term of an issued 22
- 23 permit until the bond is released as provided by subsection (d)
- 24 of this Section:
- 25 (1) Bonds shall be signed by the permittee as principal

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auth	ori	zed	to	tra	ansact	business	as	а	surety	in	this	State.	

- (2) Each bond shall provide that the bond shall not be cancelled by the surety without at least 90 days' notice to the Department. Notice shall be served upon the Department in writing by registered or certified mail to the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Attention: Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management.
- (3) Within the 90-day notice period and before the bond is cancelled, the permittee shall deliver to the Department a replacement bond. If the replacement bond is not delivered, all activities covered by the bond shall cease at the expiration of the 90-day notice period.
- (4) If the authority to transact business in this State of any surety upon which a bond is filed with the Department is suspended or revoked, the permittee, within 30 days after receiving notice of the suspension or revocation, shall notify the Department and shall make substitution by providing a bond or other security as required by this Section. Upon the permittee's failure to make the substitution of bond or other security, all activities covered by the bond shall cease until substitution has been made.
- (c) In lieu of a bond, the permittee may provide other collateral securities such as cash, certificates of deposit, or irrevocable letters of credit under the following terms and

conditions:

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- (1) Monetary deposits in the form of cashier's or certified check or wire transfers of funds to a dedicated fund established by the Department in the State Treasurer's Office.
- (2) Certificates of deposit shall be payable to the permittee and assigned to the Department, both in writing submitted to the Department and upon the records of the bank issuing the certificates. If assigned, the Department will require the banks issuing these certificates to waive all rights of setoff or liens against the certificates.
- (3) The Department will not accept an individual certificate of deposit in an amount in excess of the maximum insurable amount determined by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- (4) Any interest accruing on a certificate of deposit shall be for the benefit of the permittee except that accrued interest shall first be applied to any prepayment penalty when a certificate of deposit is forfeited by the Department.
- The certificate of deposit, if a negotiable (5) instrument, shall be placed in the Department's possession. If the certificate of deposit is not a negotiable instrument, a withdrawal receipt, endorsed by the permittee, shall be placed in the Department's possession.

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(6) A letter of credit may only be issued by a bank
organized or authorized to do business in the United States
(issuing bank). If the issuing bank does not have an office
for collection in this State, there shall be a confirming
bank designated that is authorized to accept, negotiate and
pay the letter upon presentment in this State.
(7) Letters of credit shall be irrevocable during their
11) becees of create shall be lifevocable duffing their

- (7) Letters of credit shall be irrevocable during their terms. A letter of credit shall be forfeited and shall be collected by the Department if not replaced by other suitable bond or other collateral securities at least 30 days before its expiration date.
- (8) The letter of credit shall be payable to the Department upon demand, in part or in full, upon receipt from the Department of a notice of forfeiture issued in under subsection (e) of this Section.
- (9) The Department may not accept a letter of credit in excess of 10% of the issuing bank's total capital and surplus accounts, as certified by the President of the bank providing the letter of credit and as evidenced by the most recent quarterly Call Report provided to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- (10) A letter of credit shall provide on its face that the Department, its lawful assigns, or the attorneys for the Department or its assigns may sue, waive notice and process, appear on behalf of, and confess judgment against the issuing bank (and any confirming bank) in the event

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1	that the letter of credit is dishonored. The letter of
2	credit shall be deemed to be made in Sangamon County,
3	Illinois, for the purpose of enforcement and any actions
4	thereon shall be enforceable in the courts of this State,
5	and shall be construed under Illinois law.

- (d) The bond or other collateral securities shall remain in force until the well is plugged, abandoned and restored, or transferred. Upon plugging, abandoning and restoring, or transferring a well to the satisfaction of the Department and in accordance with the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, the bond or other collateral securities shall be promptly released by the Department. Upon the release by the Department of the bond or other collateral securities, any cash or collateral securities deposited shall be returned by the Department to the applicant or permittee who deposited it.
- (e) If, after notice and the opportunity for hearing, the Department determines that any of the requirements of this Act or this Part or the orde<u>rs of the Department have not been</u> complied with within the time limit set by any notice of violation issued thereunder, the permittee's bond or other collateral securities shall be subject to forfeiture pursuant to the following:
- (1) A permittee's failure to comply with the Department's order finding a violation of this Act or this Part constitutes grounds for bond forfeiture.
 - (2) The Department shall send written notification by

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certified mail with return receipt requested, to the permittee and the surety on the bond, if any, informing them of the determination to forfeit the bond under paragraph (1) of this subsection (e).

- (3) The Department may allow a surety to correct the violation if the surety can demonstrate an ability to complete the corrective work in accordance with the requirements of this Part. No surety liability shall be released until the successful correction of the violation ordered by the Department.
- (4) In the event forfeiture of the bond or other collateral securities is warranted by paragraph (1) of this subsection (e), the Department shall afford the permittee the right to a hearing, if the hearing is requested in writing by the permittee within 30 days after the bond forfeiture notification is received under paragraph (2) of this subsection (e). If the permittee does not request a hearing within the 30-day period, the determination to forfeit the bond shall be a final administrative decision. If a hearing is requested by the permittee, the hearing shall be scheduled within 30 days after the receipt of the request for hearing, and shall be conducted by a Hearing Officer.
- (5) At the bond forfeiture hearing, the Department shall present evidence and has the burden of proof to support its determination to forfeit the bond under

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paragraph (1) of this subsection (e). The permittee ma	ау
present evidence contesting the Department'	' s
determination. The Hearing Officer may administer oath	hs
and affirmations, subpoena witnesses and written of	or
printed materials, compel attendance of witnesses of	or
production of those materials, compel discovery, and tak	ke
evidence.	

- (6) Within 30 days after the close of the record for the bond forfeiture hearing, the Hearing Officer shall issue recommended findings of fact, recommended conclusions of law and recommendations as to the disposition of the case.
- (7) The Director or his or her designee shall review the administrative record in a contested case, in conjunction with the Hearing Officer's recommended findings of fact, recommended conclusions of law, and recommendations as to the disposition of the case. The Director or designee shall then issue the Department's final administrative decision affirming, vacating, or modifying the Hearing Officer's decision.
- (8) Payment under this bond may not exceed the aggregate administrative penalty as specified in the Notice of Violation or Director's Decision.
- (9) Forfeiture under this subsection (e) shall not limit any duty of the permittee to mitigate or remediate harms or foreclose enforcement by the Department or the

1	Agency.

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- (f) When any bond or other collateral security is forfeited under the provisions of this Part, the Department shall collect the forfeiture without delay. The surety shall have 30 days to submit payment for the bond after receipt of notice by the permittee or the Department of the forfeiture.
- (q) If the permittee's bond is subject to forfeiture and 7 used for anything other than plugging and restoration of the 8 9 well and well site, the permittee shall have 30 days from the 10 date of the Department's determination to forfeit the bond to 11 replace the bond. Failure to replace the bond within this time 12 shall result in the immediate cessation of activities covered 13 by the bond and permit.
- (h) All forfeitures shall be deposited in the Mines and 14 15 Minerals Regulatory Fund to be used, as necessary, to mitigate 16 or remediate violations of this Act or this Part.
- 17 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.07 new)
- 18 Sec. 1-136.07. Permit application receipt and department 19 review.
- 20 (a) All registrants who anticipate filing a permit 21 application with the Department shall notify the Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management at least 5 business days before the 22 23 anticipated date of filing by both email and by telephone to 24 advise the Office of the anticipated permit filing. The 25 registrant shall provide the name of the applicant and the name

Τ	and telephone number of an applicant contact person in case the
2	Office has any questions.
3	(b) Upon receipt of a permit application, the Department
4	shall provide notice to the applicant that the permit
5	application was received and of the following:
6	(1) the review number assigned by the Department to the
7	permit application;
8	(2) the date of receipt of the permit application;
9	(3) the dates of the public comment period on the permit
10	application; and
11	(4) the date, time, and address of the public hearing
12	and the name of the Hearing Officer scheduled to preside
13	over the public hearing for the permit application that
14	will apply should a request for public hearing be filed.
15	(c) Any application received by the Office after 12:00 p.m.
16	(Central Standard Time) will be considered received on the
17	following business day.
18	(d) Upon receipt of a permit application, the Department
19	shall have no more than 60 calendar days from the date it
20	receives the permit application to approve, with any conditions
21	the Department may find necessary, or reject the application
22	for the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit. The
23	applicant may waive, in writing, the 60-day deadline upon its
24	own initiative or in response to a request by the Department.
25	(e) If, during the review period, the Department determines
26	that the permit application is not complete under this Act,

application.

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- 1 does not meet the requirements of Section 1-136.05, or requires 2 additional information, the Department shall notify the applicant in writing of the application's deficiencies and 3 4 allow the applicant to correct the deficiencies and provide the 5 Department any information requested to complete the
- (f) If the applicant fails to provide adequate supplemental 7 8 information, the Department may reject the application.
- 9 (g) If the deficiency identified by the Department is of an 10 administrative or ministerial nature, including errors caused 11 by a revised business address for the applicant or correction of typographical errors, notice of the corrected information 12 13 that is provided by the applicant shall be posted on the 14 Department's website along with the application.
 - (h) If the deficiency identified by the Department is of a substantive nature that may affect determinations the Department must make or that could be of interest to the public, the Department may accept supplemental information provided by the applicant and post it on the Department's website if the information is provided within the first 30 days of the 60-day review period and no less than 7 days prior to a public hearing on the permit application.
 - (i) If the supplemental information is not provided within the timeframe set forth in subsection (h) of this Section, the Department shall either deny the permit for providing incomplete information in a permit application or request that

- the applicant waive the 60-day deadline. 1
- (j) If the applicant refuses to waive the deadline, the 2
- 3 Department shall deny the permit application.
- 4 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.08 new)
- 5 Sec. 1-136.08. Public and governmental notice by the
- 6 Department.
- (a) Within 5 calendar days after the Department's receipt 7
- 8 of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit
- 9 application, the Department shall post notice of its receipt
- 10 and a copy of the permit application on its website. Except for
- the names and addresses provided in the permit application 11
- under paragraphs (1) and (26) of subsection (a) of Section 12
- 13 1-136.05, all other names and addresses of individuals provided
- 14 in the permit application shall be considered confidential and
- shall not be posted on the Department's website. The notice 15
- 16 shall include:
- (1) the date the application was received by the 17
- 18 Department;
- 19 (2) the dates of the public comment period for the
- 2.0 permit application;
- 21 (3) directions for interested parties to submit
- 22 comments or objections;
- 23 (4) the review numbers assigned by the Department to
- 24 the permit application;
- 25 (5) the tentative date, time, and address of the public

1	hearing and the name of the Hearing Officer scheduled to
2	preside over the public hearing on the permit application
3	should a request for public hearing be filed; and
4	(6) directions, including the date by which the request
5	must be filed to be considered, on how and when to request
6	a public hearing on the permit application for any person
7	having an interest that is or may be adversely affected,
8	any government agency that is or may be affected, or the
9	county board of a county to be affected under a proposed
10	permit.
11	(b) Within 5 calendar days after the Department's receipt
12	of the permit application, the Department shall provide the
13	Agency, the Office of the State Fire Marshal, Illinois State
14	Water Survey, and Illinois State Geological Survey with notice
15	of the application.
16	(c) Within 5 calendar days after the Department's receipt
17	of the permit application, the Department shall provide a copy
18	of the permit application's well site safety plan to the Office
19	of the State Fire Marshal.
20	(d) Within 5 calendar days after the Department's receipt
21	of the permit application, the Department shall provide a copy
22	of the permit application's containment plan to the Office of
23	the State Fire Marshal.
24	(e) Within 5 calendar days after the Department's receipt
25	of the permit application, the Department shall provide a copy

of the permit application's traffic management plan to the

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Office	of	the	State	Fire	Marshal.
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- (f) If the Department receives a valid request for a public hearing from a person, government agency, or county board that is determined to be adversely affected as defined in Section 245.270, at least 10 calendar days before the date of the tentative public hearing date, the Department shall publish formal notice of the public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation published in, or as near possible to, the county where the proposed well site will be located. The notice shall include:
 - (1) the date, time, and place of the public hearing;
- 12 (2) the name and mailing address of the Hearing Officer 13 scheduled to preside over the public hearing;
- 14 (3) the purpose of the public hearing and the name of 15 the applicant;
 - (4) the legal description, per the Public Land Survey System, of the proposed well site and unit area;
 - (5) the review number for the permit application; and
 - (6) a statement that any person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected, any government agency that is or may be affected, or the county board of a county to be affected under a proposed permit may file a request for public hearing on the permit application under Section 1-136.11.

1	Sec. 1-136.09. Public and governmental notice by the permit
2	applicant.
3	(a) The applicant shall provide the following public and
4	<pre>governmental notice:</pre>
5	(1) Applicants shall mail specific public notice by
6	U.S. Postal Service certified mail with return receipt
7	requested, within 3 calendar days after submittal of the
8	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit
9	application to the Department to:
10	(A) all persons identified as landowners of any
11	real property surface interest in land within 1,500
12	feet of the proposed well site as disclosed by the
13	records in the office of the recorder of the county or
14	<pre>counties;</pre>
15	(B) all persons identified as persons with an oil
16	and gas lease within 1,500 feet of the proposed well
17	site as disclosed by the records in the office of the
18	recorder of the county or counties;
19	(C) all permittees under this Act or the Illinois
20	Oil and Gas Act in land within 1,500 feet of the
21	proposed well site as disclosed by the records in the
22	office of the recorder of the county or counties; and
23	(D) the governing body of each municipality in
24	which the well is proposed to be located; and
25	(E) the county board of each county in which the
26	well is proposed to be located.

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(2) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (2), applicants shall provide general public notice by publication, once each week for 2 consecutive weeks, beginning no later than 3 calendar days after submittal of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit application to the Department, in a newspaper of general circulation published in or, if necessary, as near possible to each county where the well proposed for high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations is proposed to be located. If a well is proposed for high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations in a county where there is no daily newspaper of general circulation, the applicant shall provide general public notice, by publication, once each week for 2 consecutive weeks, in a weekly newspaper of general circulation in that county beginning as soon as the publication schedule of the weekly newspaper permits, but in no case later than 10 days after submittal of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit application to the Department.

(3) Within 15 calendar days after submitting the permit application to the Department, the applicant must provide a copy of the permit application's well site safety plan to the county or counties and all local fire departments with jurisdictions covering all or part of the well site in which high volume <u>horizontal hydraulic fracturing</u> operations will occur.

1	(4) Within 15 calendar days after submitting the permit
2	application to the Department, the applicant must provide a
3	copy of the permit application's traffic management plan to
4	the county or counties in which the well site is located
5	and any impacted highway authorities identified in the
6	traffic management plan under paragraph (15) of subsection
7	(a) of Section 1-136.05.
8	(5) The specific and general public notices required
9	under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of this
10	Section shall be on forms provided by the Department and
11	shall contain the following information:
12	(A) the name and address of the applicant;
13	(B) the date the application for a high volume
14	horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit was received by
15	the Department;
16	(C) the dates for the public comment period and a
17	statement that anyone may file written comments,
18	objections, and recommendations about any portion of
19	the applicant's submitted high volume horizontal
20	hydraulic fracturing permit application with the
21	Department during the public comment period;
22	(D) the proposed well name, review number assigned
23	by the Department, address of the well site, and legal
24	description per the Public Land Survey System of the
25	well, well site, and its unit area; the well location
26	shall be surveyed by an Illinois licensed land surveyor

1	or Illinois registered professional engineer and the
2	description of the surveyed well location shall also
3	include the legal description, the GPS latitude and
4	longitude location, and ground elevation of the well;
5	the GPS location shall be recorded as degrees and
6	decimal degrees recorded to 6 decimal places in the
7	North American Datum 1983 projection and shall be
8	accurate to within 3 feet; the reported GPS location is
9	required to be an actual GPS field measurement and not
10	a calculated or conversion measurement;
11	(E) a statement that the information filed by the
12	applicant in its application for a high volume
13	horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit is available
14	from the Department through its website;
15	(F) the Department's website and the address and
16	telephone number for the Department's Office of Oil and
17	Gas Resource Management; and
18	(G) a statement that any person having an interest
19	that is or may be adversely affected, any government
20	agency that is or may be affected, or the county board
21	of a county to be affected under a proposed permit, may
22	file written objections to a permit application and may
23	request a public hearing under Section 1-136.11.
24	(b) After providing the public notice as required under
25	subsection (a) of this Section, the applicant shall supplement
26	its permit application by providing the Department with a

- 1 certification and documentation that the applicant fulfilled
- 2 the public notice requirements of this Section no later than 21
- 3 days after the Department's receipt of the permit application.
- 4 (c) If multiple applications are submitted at the same time
- 5 for wells located on the same well site, the applicant may use
- one public notice for all applications provided the notice is 6
- clear that it pertains to multiple well applications and 7
- 8 conforms to the requirements of this Section.
- 9 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.10 new)
- 10 Sec. 1-136.10. Public comment periods.
- 11 (a) The initial public comment period shall begin 7
- 12 calendar days after the Department's receipt of the permit
- 13 application and last for 30 calendar days. During the initial
- 14 public comment period, any person may file written comments to
- 15 the Department concerning any portion of the permit application
- and any issue relating to the applicant's compliance with the 16
- requirements of this Act, this Part, the Illinois Oil and Gas 17
- 18 Act, and the administrative rules adopted under that Act.
- 19 (b) When a public hearing is conducted under Section
- 1-136.11, the Department may, in its discretion, provide for an 20
- 21 additional public comment period to allow for comments in
- response only to evidence and testimony presented at the 22
- 23 hearing. The additional public comment period shall begin on
- 24 the day after the close of the evidence at the public hearing
- 25 and last for not more than 15 days, taking into consideration

- 1 that the Department shall have no more than 60 days from the
- 2 date it receives the permit application to approve or reject
- the permit application. 3
- 4 (c) Written public comments may be filed via mail or
- 5 electronically. Written public comments may be mailed to the
- Department of Natural Resources, Attention: Oil and Gas 6
- Regulatory Staff. Written public comments may be sent 7
- electronically to the Department based on the information 8
- 9 provided in the Department's notice posted on its website.
- 10 (d) All public comments must include the review number
- 11 assigned by the Department to the permit application and must
- 12 be received by the Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management by
- 5:00 p.m. on the last day of the applicable public comment 13
- 14 period to be eligible for Department consideration during the
- 15 permit review process set forth in this Part.
- 16 (e) The Department may request that the applicant respond
- to any substantive public comments, objections, and 17
- 18 recommendations obtained during the public comment periods.
- 19 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.11 new)
- Sec. 1-136.11. Public hearings. 2.0
- 21 (a) Participation in public hearings shall comply with the
- 22 following:
- 23 (1) When a permit application to conduct high volume
- 24 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations for the first
- time at a particular well site is received by the 25

1	Department, any person having an interest that is or may be
2	adversely affected, any government agency that is or may be
3	affected, or the county board of a county to be affected
4	under a proposed permit, may file a written request for
5	<pre>public hearing. For purposes of this Part:</pre>
6	(A) To qualify as a person having an interest that
7	is or may be adversely affected, a person must be:
8	(i) a landowner or tenant with a real property
9	surface interest in or resident on land located
10	within 1,500 feet of the proposed well site that is
11	the subject of the permit application;
12	(ii) a person with an oil and gas lease in land
13	located within 1,500 feet of the proposed well site
14	that is the subject of the permit application;
15	(iii) a permittee under this Act or the
16	Illinois Oil and Gas Act in land located within
17	1,500 feet of the proposed well site that is the
18	subject of the permit application;
19	(iv) a person identified as receiving specific
20	notice under Section 1-136.08 or 1-136.09; or
21	(v) any other person who can directly
22	demonstrate in writing within the request for
23	public hearing that the person actually has an
24	interest that is or may be adversely affected by
25	granting the permit at issue at the public hearing.
26	(B) To qualify as a government agency that is or

1	may be affected, a government agency must be identified
2	as receiving specific notice or a copy of any plan
3	under Section 1-136.08 or 1-136.09.
4	(C) To qualify as a county board of a county to be
5	affected under a proposed permit, a county board must
6	represent a county:
7	(i) in which the well site or the well that is
8	the subject of the permit application, in whole or
9	in part, is proposed to be located; or
10	(ii) identified as receiving specific notice
11	in Section 1-136.08 or 1-136.09.
12	(2) The request for hearing shall be sent to the
13	Department by electronic mail or certified mail, with
- 4	return receipt requested. All requests for hearing shall be
14	
14 15	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of
15	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of
15 16	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under
15 16 17	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10.
15 16 17 18	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10. (3) The request for hearing shall contain a short and
15 16 17 18	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10. (3) The request for hearing shall contain a short and plain statement:
15 16 17 18 19 20	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10. (3) The request for hearing shall contain a short and plain statement: (A) stating the permit review number;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10. (3) The request for hearing shall contain a short and plain statement: (A) stating the permit review number; (B) identifying the person, government agency, or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10. (3) The request for hearing shall contain a short and plain statement: (A) stating the permit review number; (B) identifying the person, government agency, or county, including name, address, email (if available),
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	received by the Department before 5 p.m. on the last day of the initial public comment period established under Section 1-136.10. (3) The request for hearing shall contain a short and plain statement: (A) stating the permit review number; (B) identifying the person, government agency, or county, including name, address, email (if available), and contact telephone number, and:

1	defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of
2	subsection (a) of this Section;
3	(ii) if a government agency, stating facts
4	demonstrating that the government agency is or may
5	be affected by the proposed permit as defined in
6	subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subsection
7	(a) of this Section; and
8	(iii) if a county, stating facts demonstrating
9	that it will be affected by the proposed permit as
10	defined in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of
11	subsection (a) of this Section;
12	(C) identifying each objection to, or concern
13	with, the permit application;
14	(D) explaining the specific fact or facts upon
15	which each objection or concern is based;
16	(E) referencing each statute Section or rule upon
17	which each objection or concern is based, if known;
18	(F) listing all witnesses that will or may be
19	called at the hearing, including his or her name,
20	address, and phone number and a summary of his or her
21	expected testimony, if known; if any witness will be
22	used as an expert, documentation of his or her relevant
23	qualifications, if known.
24	(4) Failure to comply with subparagraph (C), (D), (E),
25	or (F) shall not constitute grounds to deny a hearing
26	request.

1	(4.5) The Department may assign a hearing date at the
2	time a permit application is accepted by the Department,
3	subject to cancellation if no request for hearing is
4	approved.
5	(5) The Department shall hold a public hearing upon a
6	request for hearing under this subsection (a), unless the
7	request is determined by the Department, within 7 days of
8	<pre>receiving it, to:</pre>
9	(A) lack an adequate factual statement for finding
10	that the person is or may be adversely affected, that
11	the government agency is or may be affected, or that
12	the county is affected by the proposed permit; or
13	(B) be frivolous by presenting grounds that are
14	readily recognizable as devoid in merit.
15	(6) Prior to, but not less than 2 business days before
16	the commencement of a public hearing under this Section,
17	any person who could have requested the hearing under
18	paragraph (1) of this subsection (a) may petition the
19	Department to participate in the hearing in the same manner
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20	as the party requesting the hearing. The petition shall be
20	as the party requesting the hearing. The petition shall be in writing and meet the requirements for requests for
21	in writing and meet the requirements for requests for
21 22	in writing and meet the requirements for requests for hearing set forth in paragraph (3) of this subsection (a).
21 22 23	in writing and meet the requirements for requests for hearing set forth in paragraph (3) of this subsection (a). The petitioner shall serve the petition by electronic mail

1	in the same manner as the party requesting the hearing if
2	the petition meets the requirements set forth in paragraph
3	(4) of this subsection (a).
4	(b) The procedures and location of the public hearing shall
5	<pre>comply with the following:</pre>
6	(1) A public hearing conducted under this Section shall
7	comply with the requirements of this Section.
8	(2) All public hearings under this Part shall be held
9	in the county where the well site is located.
10	(3) The Department may establish a regular hearing
11	schedule in each county and consolidate hearings on permit
12	applications for wells to be located in that county.
13	(c)(1) All public hearings shall be conducted by a Hearing
14	Officer designated by the Director. Hearing Officers shall be
15	licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois with at least
16	5 years of experience. Hearing Officers may be employees of the
17	Department or work for the Department pursuant to contract.
18	(2) The Hearing Officer shall take all necessary action
19	and shall have all powers necessary to avoid delay, to
20	maintain order, to develop a clear and complete record, and
21	to conduct a fair hearing, including the following:
22	(A) to administer oaths and affirmations;
23	(B) to receive relevant evidence;
24	(C) to regulate the course of the hearing and the
25	conduct of the parties and their counsel;
26	(D) to consider and rule upon procedural requests;

1	<u>and</u>
2	(E) to examine witnesses and direct witnesses to
3	testify, limit the number of times any witness may
4	testify, limit repetitive or cumulative testimony, and
5	set reasonable limits on the amount of time each
6	witness may testify.
7	(3) Ex parte contacts between the parties and the
8	Hearing Officer concerning the merits of a proceeding are
9	prohibited. This Section does not prohibit communications
10	concerning the hearing status or advice concerning
11	compliance with procedural requirements.
12	(d)(1) A Hearing Officer, on his or her own motion or that
13	of a party, may be disqualified in a proceeding due to bias or
14	conflict of interest. However, the fact that a Hearing Officer
15	is an employee of or under contract with the Department does
16	not alone serve as a basis for conflict of interest.
17	(2) A motion for disqualification filed under this
18	Section shall:
19	(A) be in writing;
20	(B) contain a statement of supporting grounds;
21	(C) be filed with the Director and served upon all
22	parties and the Hearing Officer; and
23	(D) be filed not less than 2 business days before
24	the scheduled date of the public hearing.
25	(3) Unless the Director orders otherwise, the Hearing
26	Officer and any party to a proceeding in which a motion is

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- (4) The Director shall rule on all motions filed under this Section immediately or as expeditiously as possible. If a motion filed under this Section is granted, the Director shall appoint a new Hearing Officer for the proceeding.
 - (e) A hearing may be rescheduled for due cause by the Hearing Officer upon his or her own motion. The public hearing shall be rescheduled as quickly as possible, taking into consideration that the Department shall have no more than 60 days from the date it receives the permit application to approve or reject the permit application.
 - (f) If any party, after a proper request for public hearing, fails to appear at the hearing, and absent an emergency situation beyond the party's control, that party's request for public hearing shall be dismissed. If other proper requests for public hearing remain, the public hearing shall proceed with any remaining parties. If the party failing to appear is the applicant, the hearing may not proceed and, absent an emergency situation beyond the applicant's control, the Department shall reject the permit application.
- 22 (g) The conduct of a hearing shall comply with the 23 following:
 - (1) Taking into consideration that the Department shall have no more than 60 days after the date it receives the permit application to approve or reject the permit

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may or	nly be	e sch	eduled o	n request	of a	part	y if	the He	aring
Office	er det	cermin	nes that	good caus	se is	provi	ded '	to do s	o and
delay	of	the	public	hearing	shal	l no	ot r	result.	Any
pre-he	earing	g con:	ference n	nay be cor	ducte	d via	tele	ephone.	
(2	2) Eve	ery pe	erson, go	vernment	agenc	cy, or	cou	nty fil	ing a

- request for hearing or petition to participate at the public hearing shall enter an appearance in writing.
- (3) All parties in the hearing shall have the right to be represented by an attorney. Parties that are individuals do not need to be represented by an attorney. Parties required by Illinois law to be represented by an attorney in the courts of this State must be represented by an attorney at the public hearing.
- (4) The Hearing Officer shall allow all parties to present statements, testimony, evidence, and argument, as may be relevant to the hearing.
- (5) The Department shall appear at any hearing held under this Section and shall be given the opportunity to question parties or to provide evidence necessary to reach a decision on the request for hearing or petition to participate. The Department's role shall be to assist in creating a complete and accurate record at the public hearing.
- (6) The following shall be addressed prior to receiving evidence at the discretion of the Hearing Officer:

1	(A) Preliminary exhibits offered by the parties,
2	including documents necessary to present the issues to
3	be heard, notices, proof of the notice of hearing,
4	proof of publication, and the application at issue.
5	(B) Rulings on any pending motions.
6	(C) Any other preliminary matters appropriate for
7	disposition prior to presentation of evidence may be
8	addressed.
9	(h) The presentation of evidence at a public hearing shall
10	<pre>comply with the following:</pre>
11	(1) The Illinois Rules of Evidence shall not apply to
12	these proceedings. The Hearing Officer shall only accept
13	evidence that is relevant to the hearing.
14	(2) Official notice may be taken of any material fact
15	not appearing in evidence in the record if the circuit
16	courts of this State could take judicial notice of that
17	fact. In addition, notice may be taken of generally
18	recognized technical or scientific facts within the
19	Department's specialized knowledge.
20	(3) The parties requesting the public hearing shall
21	present their evidence and testimony first. If there are
22	parties that petitioned to participate in the hearing, they
23	will then present their evidence and testimony. The Hearing
24	Officer shall determine whether the Department or the
25	applicant presents additional evidence and in what order.
26	The Hearing Officer shall determine whether to allow

1	rebuttal evidence. All witnesses are subject to
2	cross-examination. The Hearing Officer may allow opening
3	statements and closing arguments.
4	(i) A complete record of the public hearings and all
5	testimony shall be made by the Department and recorded
6	stenographically or electronically. Any person testifying or
7	presenting evidence shall be required to do so under oath.
8	(j) After the close of evidence at any public hearing held
9	under this Section, the record of proceedings shall be
10	maintained by the Department and its contents utilized in
11	making a decision on the issuance of the permit.
12	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.12 new)

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- Sec. 1-136.12. Permit decision. 13
 - (a) The Department shall have no more than 60 calendar days from the date it receives the permit application to approve, with any conditions the Department may find necessary, or reject the application for the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit. The applicant may waive, in writing, the 60-day deadline upon its own initiative or in response to a request by the Department.
 - (b) For the purpose of determining whether to issue a permit, the Department shall consider and the Department's record of decision shall include:
- 24 (1) the application for the high volume horizontal 25 hydraulic fracturing permit, including all documentation

1	required by Section 1-136.05;
2	(2) all written comments received during the public
3	comment periods and, if applicable, the complete record
4	from the public hearing held under Section 1-136.11;
5	(3) all supplemental information provided by the
6	applicant in response to:
7	(A) any public comments;
8	(B) the requirements of this Part; and
9	(C) Department requests for information; and
10	(4) any information known to the Department as the
11	public entity responsible for regulating high volume
12	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations and oil and gas
13	operations, including, but not limited to, inspections of
14	the proposed well site as necessary to ensure adequate
15	review of the application.
16	(c) The Department shall issue a high volume horizontal
17	hydraulic fracturing permit, with any conditions the
18	Department may find necessary, only if the record of decision
19	demonstrates that:
20	(1) the well site location restrictions of Section
21	1-136.19 of this Part have been satisfied;
22	(2) the application meets the requirements of Section
23	1-136.05 of this Part;
24	(3) the plans required to be submitted with the
25	application under Section 1-136.05 of this Part are
26	adequate and effective to comply with this Act, this Part,

1	the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, and the administrative rules
2	adopted under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act;
3	(4) the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
4	operations, as proposed, will be conducted in a manner that
5	will protect the public health and safety and prevent
6	pollution or diminution of any water source;
7	(5) the water quality monitoring work plan required
8	under Section 1-136.29 of this Part has been submitted to
9	the Department;
10	(6) the applicant or any parent, subsidiary, or
11	affiliate of the applicant has not failed to abate a
12	violation of this Act, this Part, the Illinois Oil and Gas
13	Act, or the administrative rules adopted under the Illinois
14	Oil and Gas Act;
15	(7) the Class II injection wells to be used for
16	disposal of hydraulic fracturing flowback comply with all
17	applicable requirements for internal and external
18	mechanical integrity testing as required in 62 Ill. Adm.
19	Code 240.760 and 240.770, including that the well has been
20	tested within the previous 5 years; the Class II injection
21	wells to be used for disposal of hydraulic fracturing
22	flowback must be shown to be in compliance with 62 Ill.
23	Adm. Code 240.360 at the time of the issuance of the high
24	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit;
25	(8) there is no good cause to deny the permit under
26	<u>Section 1-136.13; and</u>

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the approval or denial.

1	(9) The registration and permitting procedures set
2	forth in Sections 1-136.04, 1-136.05, 1-136.06, 1-136.07,
3	1-136.08, 1-136.09, 1-136.10, and 1-136.11 have been
4	satisfied.
5	(d) The Department shall, by United States mail and
6	electronic transmission, provide the applicant with a copy of
7	the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit as
8	issued or its final administrative decision denying the permit
9	to the applicant. The Department shall, by United States mail
10	or electronic transmission, provide a copy of the permit as
11	issued or the final administrative decision denying the permit
12	to any person or unit of local government who received specific
13	public notice under Section 1-136.08 or 1-136.09 or
14	participated in any public hearing under Section 1-136.11.
15	(e) The Department's decision to approve or deny a high
16	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit shall be
17	considered a final administrative decision subject to judicial
18	review under the Administrative Review Law and the rules
19	adopted under that Law.
20	(f) Following completion of the Department's review
21	process, the Department's Internet website shall indicate

(g) The complete administrative record of the permit decision shall be maintained and shall be accessible to the

whether an individual high volume horizontal hydraulic

fracturing permit was approved or denied and provide a copy of

- public on the Department's Internet website until final release 1
- of the applicant's bond under subsection (d) of Section 2
- 3 1-136.06.
- 4 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.13 new)
- 5 Sec. 1-136.13. Permit denial. In addition to failing to
- meet the requirements of paragraphs (1) through (7) of 6
- subsection (c) of Section 1-136.12, the Department may also 7
- 8 refuse to issue a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 9 permit for one or more of the following causes:
- 10 (1) the applicant provided incorrect, misleading,
- 11 incomplete, or materially untrue information in a permit
- 12 application or any document required to be filed with the
- 13 Department during the permit application process;
- 14 (2) the applicant used fraudulent, coercive, or
- dishonest practices, or demonstrating incompetence, 15
- untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility in the 16
- conduct of business in this State or elsewhere; 17
- 18 (3) the applicant has had a high volume horizontal
- 19 hydraulic fracturing permit, or its equivalent, revoked in
- any other state, province, district, or territory for 20
- 21 incurring a material or major violation or using fraudulent
- 22 or dishonest practices; or
- 23 (4) an emergency condition exists under which conduct
- 24 of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- operations would pose a significant hazard to public 25

- health, aquatic life, wildlife, or the environment. 1
- 2 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.14 new)
- 3 Sec. 1-136.14. Permit conditions.
- 4 (a) Each permit issued by the Department shall require the
- 5 permittee to comply with all provisions of this Act, this Part,
- the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, the rules adopted under the 6
- Illinois Oil and Gas Act, and all other applicable local, 7
- 8 State, and federal laws, and rules in effect at the time the
- 9 permit is issued.
- 10 (b) The permit application and all plans, maps, and
- diagrams submitted with the application shall be incorporated 11
- 12 into and be conditions of the permit.
- 13 (c) The Department shall include any additional terms or
- 14 conditions on the permit that, based on its review of the
- permit application, the Department determines to be necessary 15
- to ensure the goals and requirements of this Act and this Part. 16
- (d) A permit, and all conditions to the permit, issued 17
- 18 under this Part shall last until plugging and restoration in
- 19 compliance with this Part, this Act, the Illinois Oil and Gas
- 20 Act, and the rules adopted under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act
- 21 are completed to the Department's satisfaction.
- 22 (e) The permittee shall also be responsible for adjusting
- to field conditions as necessary during well drilling and 23
- 24 construction, high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- operations, and hydraulic fracturing flowback periods to 25

- 1 ensure the safety of people, property, wildlife, and the
- environment as long as the actions are adequate and effective 2
- to comply with this Act, this Part, the Illinois Oil and Gas 3
- 4 Act, and the rules adopted under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act.
- 5 The actions shall be reported to the Department's district
- office within 72 hours for the Department's determination 6
- whether the actions require the filing of an application for 7
- 8 permit modification under Section 1-136.15.
- 9 (f) A permit and all conditions thereto shall continue in
- 10 full force and effect until the permit is released by the
- Department under Section 1-136.17. 11
- 12 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.15 new)
- 13 Sec. 1-136.15. Permit modifications.
- 14 (a) No permit issued under this Part may be modified
- 15 without the approval of the Department under this Section.
- (b) Applications for permit modification shall be made on a 16
- Department permit application form and shall specifically 17
- identify the applicant, the well, and each proposed deviation 18
- 19 to the original permit.
- 20 (1) Sections of a permit modification application that
- 21 are not the subject of a proposed deviation from an
- original permit are not required to be completed. All 22
- 23 sections of a permit modification application that are not
- 24 completed shall be considered to incorporate the original
- 25 permit (and original permit application) as the content of

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the permit modification application for those sections.

(2) Each permit modification application submitted under this Part shall be signed, under the penalty of perjury, by the applicant or the applicant's designee who has been vested with the authority to act on behalf of the applicant and has direct knowledge of the information contained in the permit modification application and its attachments. Any person signing a permit modification application shall also sign an affidavit with the following certification:

"I certify, under penalty of perjury as provided by law and under penalty of refusal, suspension, or revocation of a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit, that this application and all attachments are true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge."

(c) If a permit modification application proposes to move the well, including the horizontal wellbore, add new horizontal wellbores, or add length to any existing or planned horizontal wellbores in a way that any address of a different person, any different municipality, or any different county would receive notice if the proposed modification application were a new permit application, the permit modification shall be considered a significant deviation from the original application and permit. The permit modification application for a significant deviation shall be accompanied by a

- non-refundable fee of \$13,500, as set forth in Section 1
- 2 1-136.05, and shall be reviewed and approved or rejected as if
- 3 it were a completely new permit application under the permit
- 4 application procedures set forth in this Part.
- 5 (d) All other permit modification applications may be filed
- as an insignificant permit deviation and accompanied by a 6
- non-refundable \$2,500 permit modification fee. However, the 7
- Department has the discretion to determine that the permit 8
- modification is a significant deviation based on the content of 9
- 10 the application. The permit modification application for an
- insignificant permit deviation shall be reviewed and approved 11
- 12 or rejected under the following procedures:
- 13 (1) The Department's record of decision shall include
- 14 the original permit record of decision, information
- 15 provided by the application for permit modification under
- subsection (b) of this Section, and any other additional 16
- information provided by the permittee in response to 17
- requests by the Department. 18
- 19 (2) The Department shall approve or reject the proposed
- 20 insignificant permit modifications within 90 days after
- 21 receipt of the permit modification application based on the
- 22 requirements of subsection (c) of Section 1-136.12. The
- Department's decision to approve or reject the proposed 23
- 24 insignificant permit modifications shall be considered a
- final administrative decision subject to judicial review 25
- 26 under the Administrative Review Law and the rules adopted

1	under	that	Law.
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- (3) Approval of an insignificant permit modification shall result in a modified permit that shall be considered a permit under this Part and subject to all conditions and requirements for permits under this Act and this Part.
- (4) The Department shall, by United States mail and electronic transmission, provide the applicant with a copy of the modified permit as issued or its final administrative decision rejecting the modification request.
- (5) The applicant shall, by U.S. Mail or electronic transmission, provide a copy of the modified permit as issued to any person or unit of local government who received specific public notice under Section 1-136.09 or participated in any public hearing under Section 1-136.11 for the original permit or any significant modifications of that permit. The applicant shall notify the Department within 30 days after receipt of the modified permit that it has complied with this paragraph (5).
- (6) Following completion of the Department's review and approval process, the Department's website shall indicate whether an individual high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit modification was approved or denied and provide a copy of the approval or denial.
- (7) The complete record shall be maintained and shall be accessible to the public on the Department's Internet

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1 website until final release of the applicant's bond.

- (e) If, upon review of the permit modification application, the Department determines there is a significant potential a permit modification presents a serious risk to public health, life, property, aquatic life, or wildlife the Department may determine that the modification shall be considered a significant deviation from the original application and permit.
 - (1) The Department shall notify the applicant of its determination to treat the permit modification application as a significant deviation in writing with justification supporting the decision.
- (2) To allow the Department to proceed with processing the permit modification application, the applicant shall be required to submit a non-refundable fee of \$13,500. Upon receipt of the full application fee, the permit modification application shall be reviewed and approved or rejected by the Department as if it were a completely new permit application under the permit application procedures set forth in this Part.
- 21 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.16 new)
- 22 Sec. 1-136.16. Permit transfers.
- 23 (a) No permit may be transferred to another person without 24 approval of the Department.
- 25 (b) A request for permit transfer shall be made on a

T	Department form and be signed by the current permittee and the
2	proposed new permittee or by individuals authorized to sign for
3	them.
4	(c) Each request for permit transfer shall include a \$1,000
5	non-refundable fee. The check shall be made payable to the
6	Department.
7	(d) The Department shall approve a permit transfer, with
8	any conditions the Department may find necessary, only if:
9	(1) the proposed new permittee certifies that its
10	registration information provided under Section 1-136.04
11	is accurate and up to date;
12	(2) the permit for the well issued under the Illinois
13	Oil and Gas Act is approved for transfer to the proposed
14	new permittee under the requirements for permit transfers
15	under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act administrative rules;
16	(3) the proposed new permittee provides proof of
17	insurance to cover injuries, damages, or loss related to
18	pollution in the amount of at least \$5,000,000;
19	(4) there is no good cause to deny the permit transfer
20	under subsection (a) of Section 1-136.13;
21	(5) the request for permit transfer is accompanied by a
22	bond as required by Section 1-136.06;
23	(6) there are no outstanding unabated violations by
24	either the current or proposed new permittee of this Part,
25	this Act, the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, or the
26	administrative rules adopted under that Act, as specified

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-	in a	final	administrative	decision k	by the	Department.
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- (e) The Department shall approve or deny a request for permit transfer in writing within 90 days after receiving the request for permit transfer.
 - If the request for permit transfer is approved, the current permittee shall transfer a copy of the well file to the new permittee, the new permittee shall be the permittee of record for the permit, and the bond of the current permittee shall be released by the Department under subsection (d) of Section 1-136.06.
- If the request for permit transfer is denied, then the current permittee shall continue to be the permittee of record 13 for the permit.
 - (f) A current or proposed new permittee may request a hearing to challenge the Department's decision if a hearing is requested in writing within 30 days after the date of the transfer or denial notice. All requests for hearing shall be mailed to the Department of Natural Resources, Attention: Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management. All requests for hearing shall be accompanied by documents evidencing the basis for objection. If no hearing is requested in this time period, the permit transfer decision shall be a final administrative decision of the Department. If a hearing is requested by the current or new permittee:
 - (1) A pre-hearing conference may be held within 60 days after the receipt of the request for hearing. A pre-hearing

1	conference shall be scheduled in order to:
2	(A) simplify the factual and legal issues
3	presented by the hearing request;
4	(B) receive stipulations and admissions of fact
5	and of the contents and authenticity of documents;
6	(C) exchange lists of witnesses the parties intend
7	to have testify and copies of all documents the parties
8	intend to introduce into evidence at the hearing;
9	(D) set a hearing date; and
10	(E) discuss and resolve such other matters as may
11	tend to expedite the disposition of the hearing request
12	and to assure a just conclusion.
13	Pre-hearing conferences may be held by telephone
14	conference if that procedure is acceptable to all parties.
15	(2) All hearings under this Section shall be conducted
16	by a Hearing Officer and shall be held in the Department's
17	offices located in Springfield, Illinois.
18	(3) At the permit transfer hearing, the Department
19	shall present evidence in support of its determination
20	under subsection (e) of this Section. Both the current and
21	the new permittee may present evidence contesting the
22	Department's determination under subsection (e) of this
23	Section. The Hearing Officer may administer oaths and
24	affirmations, subpoena witnesses and written or printed
25	materials, compel attendance of witnesses or production of
26	those materials, compel discovery, and take evidence.

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4	reco	mmer	ndati	ions	as	to	the	disp	osit	ion	of	the	cas	e.		

- (5) The Director or his or her designee shall review the administrative record in conjunction with the Hearing Officer's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations as to the disposition of the case. The Director or designee shall then issue the Department's final administrative decision affirming, vacating, or modifying the Hearing Officer's decision, which shall be subject to judicial review under the Administrative Review Law and the rules adopted under that Law.
- (6) Failure to request a hearing under this subsection (f) shall constitute a waiver of all legal rights to contest the permit transfer decision.

17 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.17 new)

> Sec. 1-136.17. Permit release. A permit issued under this Part shall be released by the Department upon the Department's satisfaction that the plugging of the well and restoration of the well site is completed in compliance with the permittee's Plugging and Restoration Plan under paragraph (18) of subsection (a) of Section 136.05, Section 1-136.61, this Act, the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, and the administrative rules adopted under that Act.

1	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.18 new)
2	Sec. 1-136.18. Judicial review. All final administrative
3	decisions, including issuance or denial of a permit, made by
4	the Department under this Part are subject to judicial review
5	under the Administrative Review Law and rules adopted under
6	that Law.
7	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.19 new)
8	Sec. 1-136.19. Setback requirements.
9	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, no well
10	<pre>site may be located as follows:</pre>
11	(1) within 500 feet measured horizontally from any
12	residence or place of worship unless the landowner of the
13	residence or the governing body of the place of worship
14	otherwise expressly agrees in writing to a closer well site
15	location; this agreement shall be signed and dated by the
16	landowner of the residence or an authorized representative
17	of the governing body of the place of worship; a copy of
18	the agreement shall be submitted to the Department as part
19	of the permit application;
20	(2) within 500 feet measured horizontally from the edge
21	of the property line from any school, hospital, or licensed
22	nursing home facility;
23	(3) within 500 feet measured horizontally from the
24	surface location of any existing water well or developed

spring used for human or domestic animal consumption,
unless the landowner or landowners of the well or developed
spring otherwise expressly agrees or agree in writing to a
closer well site location; this agreement shall be signed
and dated by the landowner; a copy of the agreement shall
be submitted to the Department as part of the permit
application;
(4) within 300 feet measured horizontally from the
center of a perennial stream or from the ordinary high
water mark of any river, natural or artificial lake, pond,
or reservoir, unless the landowner of a water source that
is wholly contained within the landowner's property
expressly, in writing, waives the setback requirements and
agrees to a closer well site location; this agreement shall
be signed and dated by the landowner; a copy of the
agreement shall be submitted to the Department as part of
the permit application.
(5) within 750 feet of a boundary line of a nature
preserve or a site on the Register of Land and Water
Reserves; or
(6) within 1,500 feet of a surface water or groundwater
intake of a public water supply; the distance from the
public water supply as identified by the Department shall

(A) For a surface water intake on a lake or reservoir, the distance shall be measured from the

be measured as follows:

1	intake point on the lake or reservoir.
2	(B) For a surface water intake on a flowing stream,
3	the distance shall be measured from a semicircular
4	radius extending upstream of the surface water intake.
5	(C) For a groundwater source, the distance shall be
6	measured from the surface location of the groundwater
7	wellhead or the ordinary high water mark of the spring.
8	The distance restrictions under this subsection (a)
9	shall be determined as conditions exist at the time of
10	the submission of the permit application under Section
11	<u>1-136.05.</u>
12	(b) Unless specified otherwise, all distances shall be
13	measured to the closest edge of the well site.
14	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.20 new)
15	Sec. 1-136.20. Access roads, public roads, and topsoil
16	conditions.
17	(a) The access road to the well site shall be located in
18	accordance with access rights either obtained by agreement with
19	the surface landowner or under the Drilling Operations Act and
20	located as far as practical from occupied structures, places of
21	assembly, and property lines of unleased property.
22	(b) The improvement, construction, or repair of a publicly
23	owned highway or roadway, if undertaken by the owner, operator,
24	permittee, or any other private entity, shall be performed
25	using bidding procedures outlined in the Illinois Department of

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emissions.

1 Transportation rules governing local roads and streets or

applicable bidding requirements outlined in the Illinois

Procurement Code as though the project were publicly funded.

(c) Permittees shall employ practices for control of fugitive dust related to their operations. These practices shall include, but are not limited to, the use of speed restrictions, regular road maintenance, and restriction of construction activity during high-wind days. Additional management practices such as road surfacing, wind breaks and barriers, or automation of wells to reduce truck traffic may also be required by the Department, in consultation with the Agency as the Department deems appropriate, if technologically feasible and economically reasonable to minimize fugitive dust

(d) Unless otherwise approved or directed by the Department, all topsoil and subsoil stripped to facilitate the construction of the well pad, well site, and access roads shall be stockpiled, stabilized to prevent erosion, and remain on site. As used in this subsection, "topsoil" means the uppermost layer of soil with the darkest color, or the highest content of organic matter. The topsoil shall be segregated from the subsoil. All soils shall remain on site for use in either partial or final restoration and reclamation under Sections 1-136.58 through 1-136.61. In the event it is anticipated that the final reclamation shall take place in excess of one year from drilling the well, the topsoil may be disposed of in any

- 1 lawful manner provided the permittee reclaims the site with
- topsoil of similar characteristics of the topsoil removed. 2
- 3 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.21 new)
- 4 Sec. 1-136.21. General conditions and requirements.
- 5 (a) All wells shall be constructed, and casing and
- cementing activities shall be conducted, in a manner that shall 6
- provide for control of the well at all times, prevent the 7
- 8 migration of oil, gas, and other fluids into the fresh water
- 9 and coal seams, and prevent pollution or diminution of fresh
- 10 water.
- (b) At any time, the Department, as it deems necessary, may 11
- 12 require construction activities in addition to those required
- 13 by this Part, including but not limited to, the installation of
- 14 an additional cemented casing string or strings in the well.
- 15 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.22 new)
- Sec. 1-136.22. Well drilling, storage, and disposal of 16
- 17 drilling waste.
- 18 (a) Drill cuttings, drilling fluids, and drilling wastes
- shall be stored and disposed of pursuant to the requirements of 19
- 20 this Section and the requirements of the rules adopted under
- the Illinois Oil and Gas Act when not in conflict with this 21
- 22 Section. Drill cuttings, drilling fluids, and drilling wastes
- 23 not containing oil-based mud or polymer-based mud may be stored
- 24 in tanks or pits.

1	(b)	Pits	used	to	store	drill	cuttings,	, drilling	fluids,	and
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- drilling wastes from wells not using fresh water mud shall be
- subject to the construction standards identified in Section 3
- 4 1-136.45.

- 5 (c) Drill cuttings not contaminated with oil-based mud or
- polymer-based mud may be disposed of on property subject to the 6
- 7 written approval of the Department and the surface landowner.
- (d) Drill cuttings contaminated with oil-based mud or 8
- 9 polymer-based mud shall be disposed of in an Agency permitted
- 10 special waste landfill or other offsite location in accordance
- 11 with applicable law.
- (e) Disposal of drill cuttings or fluid down the annulus of 12
- 13 any well is prohibited.
- 14 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.23 new)
- 15 Sec. 1-136.23. Cement requirements.
- (a) All cementing activities for well construction shall 16
- meet the requirements of this Section. Cement shall conform to 17
- 18 the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in
- 19 paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02.
- 20 (b) Cement slurry shall be prepared to minimize its free
- 21 water content in accordance with the industry standards set
- 22 forth in the document referenced in paragraph (1) of subsection
- 23 (a) of Section 1-136.02.
- 24 (c) Cement activities shall be designed and constructed in
- 25 a manner to:

1	(1) secure the casing in the wellbore;
2	(2) isolate and protect fresh groundwater;
3	(3) isolate abnormally pressured zones, lost
4	circulation zones, and any potential flow zones, including
5	hydrocarbon and fluid-bearing zones;
6	(4) properly control formation pressure and any
7	pressure from drilling, completion and production;
8	(5) protect the casing from corrosion and degradation;
9	and
10	(6) prevent gas flow in the annulus.
11	(d) For all cementing activities, the cement shall be
12	pumped at a rate and in a flow regime that inhibits channeling
13	of the cement in the annulus.
14	(e) Cement shall be placed behind all surface,
15	intermediate, and production casing pursuant to the
16	requirements of Sections 1-136.24 and 1-136.27 respectively.
17	(f) After the cement is placed behind the casing, the
18	permittee shall wait on cement to set until the cement achieves
19	a calculated compressive strength of at least 500 pounds per
20	square inch, and a minimum of 8 hours before the casing is
21	disturbed in any way, including installation of a blowout
22	<pre>preventer.</pre>
23	(g) Cement compressive strength tests shall be performed on
24	all cemented surface, intermediate, and production casing
25	strings in accordance with the industry standards set forth in
26	the document referenced in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of

1	<u>Section 1-136.02:</u>
2	The cement shall have a 72-hour compressive strength of at
3	<u>least 1,200 psi.</u>
4	The free water separation shall be no more than 6
5	milliliters per 250 milliliters of cement.
6	(h) Cement job logs shall be kept for all cementing
7	activities pursuant to the following requirements:
8	(1) cement job logs shall provide information about the
9	cementing activities as specified on a form to be
10	prescribed by the Department, including, but not limited
11	<u>to:</u>
12	(A) dates of cementing;
13	(B) source of the cement;
14	(C) type of cement; and
15	(D) amount used;
16	(2) a copy of the cement job logs and cement
17	compressive strength test results for all cemented
18	surface, intermediate, and production casing strings in
19	the well shall be maintained in the well file by the
20	permittee and shall be made available to the Department
21	<pre>upon request;</pre>
22	(3) the permittee shall provide the Department with a
23	copy of all cement job logs and cement compressive strength
24	test results within 30 days after completion of all
25	cementing activities; and
26	(4) the permittee shall retain these records for the

- life of the well until the well is plugged, abandoned, and 1
- 2 restored in accordance with the Illinois Oil and Gas Act,
- the administrative rules adopted under that Act and 3
- 4 Sections 1-136.58 through 1-136.61 of this Act.
- 5 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.24 new)
- Sec. 1-136.24. Surface casing requirements. 6
- 7 (a) Surface casing shall be used in the construction of all
- 8 wells regulated by this Part and shall be set and cemented
- 9 pursuant to the requirements of this Section. Surface casing
- 10 shall be used and set to a depth of at least 200 feet, or 100
- 11 feet below the base of the deepest fresh water, whichever is
- 12 deeper. Surface casing shall stop before reaching any
- 13 hydrocarbon-bearing zones. If the surface casing does not
- 14 protect all of the fresh water, intermediate casing shall be
- required. Drilling operations must be halted and the surface 15
- casing cemented if a hydrocarbon bearing zone is encountered at 16
- shallower depths than anticipated. 17
- 18 (b) Surface casing shall be made of steel and conform to
- 19 the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in
- paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. 20
- Additionally, the use of surface casing in the well 21
- construction shall be in a manner consistent with the industry 22
- standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (2) 23
- 24 of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02.
- 25 (c) Casing thread compound shall conform to and meet all

1	manufacturing and material requirements of the industry
2	standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (3)
3	of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. Additionally, the uses
4	of casing thread compound in the well construction shall be in
5	a manner consistent with the industry standards set forth in
6	the document referenced in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of
7	<u>Section 1-136.02.</u>
8	(d) The borehole shall be circulated and conditioned before
9	surface casing setting and cementing to ensure an adequate
10	cement bond. The permittee shall be required to circulate at
11	least two hole volumes of drilling fluid and ensure that the
12	well is static and all gas flows are terminated.
13	(e) The permittee shall notify the Department's District
14	Office by telephone or electronic mail at least 24 hours before
15	setting and cementing surface casing to enable an inspector to
16	be present.
17	(f) When setting surface casing, centralizers shall be used
18	as follows to keep the casing in the center of the wellbore
19	before and during cement operations:
20	(1) a centralizer shall be placed at the bottom of the
21	surface casing string or shoe;
22	(2) centralizers shall be placed above and below a
23	stage collar or diverting tool, if run;
24	(3) centralizers shall be placed through
25	<pre>usable-quality water zones;</pre>
26	(4) centralizers shall be placed on every fourth joint

1	from the cement shoe to the ground surface or to the bottom
2	of the cellar;
3	(5) the Department may require additional
4	centralization as necessary to ensure the integrity of the
5	well design is adequate; and
6	(6) all centralizers shall conform to and shall meet
7	specifications in, or equivalent to, the industry
8	standards set forth in the documents referenced in
9	paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02 through
10	paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02.
11	(g) The permittee shall pump a pre-flush or spacer ahead of
12	the cement.
13	(h) Surface casing cement must:
14	(1) be Class A cement, with a minimum density of 14.5
15	pounds per gallon;
16	(2) meet the cement requirements of subsections (a) and
17	(b) of Section 1-136.23; and
18	(3) be applied behind the casing according to the
19	requirements of subsections (c) and (d) of Section
20	<u>1-136.23.</u>
21	(i) Surface casing shall be fully cemented to the surface
22	with excess cements. Cementing shall be by the pump and plug
23	method with a minimum of 25% excess cement with appropriate
24	lost circulation material, unless another amount of excess
25	cement is approved by the Department. If cement returns are not
26	observed at the surface, the permittee shall perform remedial

1	actions	as	appro	priate.

- 2 (j) After the cement is placed behind the surface casing,
- the permittee shall test the cement (comprehensive strength 3
- 4 test) and maintain cement job logs pursuant to the requirements
- 5 of subsections (f) through (h) of Section 1-136.23.
- (k) After the surface casing cement operation is completed 6
- 7 to the surface, the permittee shall notify the Department's
- District Office by phone and electronic mail to enable an 8
- 9 inspector to be present for the following:
- 10 (1) testing the internal mechanical integrity of the
- surface casing pursuant to Section 1-136.25; and 11
- 12 (2) installation and testing of the blowout prevention
- 13 equipment pursuant to Section 1-136.26.
- 14 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.25 new)
- Sec. 1-136.25. Establishment of internal mechanical 15
- 16 integrity.
- (a) The permittee shall perform an internal mechanical 17
- 18 integrity test on each cemented casing string after
- 19 installation for all wells regulated by this Part. The
- 20 permittee shall contact the Department's District Office by
- 21 telephone or electronic mail at least 24 hours before
- conducting an internal mechanical integrity pressure test to 22
- 23 enable an inspector to be present when the test is performed.
- 24 (b) The internal mechanical integrity of surface and
- 25 intermediate casing strings shall be tested:

1	(1) with fresh water, mud, or brine;
2	(2) to no less than 0.22 psi per foot of casing string
3	length or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater, but not to
4	exceed 70% of the minimum internal yield; and
5	(3) for at least 30 minutes with less than a 5%
6	pressure loss.
7	If the pressure declines more than 5% or if there are other
8	indications of a leak, corrective action shall be taken before
9	conducting further drilling operations.
10	(c) The internal mechanical integrity of the production
11	casing string or any casing string that will have pressure
12	<pre>exerted on it during stimulation of the well shall be tested:</pre>
13	(1) with fresh water, mud, or brine;
14	(2) to at least the maximum anticipated treatment
15	pressure or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater, but not to
16	<pre>exceed 70% of the minimum internal yield;</pre>
17	(3) for at least 30 minutes with less than a 5%
18	pressure loss; and
19	(4) if the pressure declines more than 5% or if there
20	are other indications of a leak, corrective action shall be
21	taken before conducting further drilling operations.
22	(d) Records of internal mechanical integrity pressure
23	tests for all casing strings must be kept pursuant to the
24	<pre>following requirements:</pre>
25	(1) a record of the internal mechanical integrity
26	pressure test for each casing string shall be maintained by

1	the permittee in the well file at the well site and shall
2	be submitted to the Department on a form prescribed by the
3	Department before conducting high volume horizontal
4	hydraulic fracturing operations;
5	(2) the permittee shall provide the Department with a
6	copy of all internal mechanical integrity pressure test
7	results for all casing strings no later than 30 days after
8	completion of well construction; and
9	(3) the permittee shall retain these records for the
10	life of the well until the well is plugged, abandoned, and
11	restored in accordance with the Illinois Oil and Gas Act,
12	the administrative rules adopted under that Act, and
13	Sections 1-136.58 through 1-136.61 of this Part.
14	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.26 new)
15	Sec. 1-136.26. Installation and testing of blowout
16	prevention equipment.
17	(a) After the surface casing has been set and cemented
18	under Section 1-136.24, the permittee shall install and test
19	blowout prevention equipment pursuant to the requirements of
20	this Section. The permittee shall contact the Department's
21	District Office by telephone or electronic mail at least 24
22	hours before conducting pressure tests on the blowout
23	prevention equipment to enable an inspector to be present when
24	the tests are performed.

(b) The permittee or permittee's designated representative

- 1 shall be present at the well site when the blowout preventer is installed, tested, and in use. That person or personnel shall 2 have a current well control certification from an accredited 3 4 training program that is acceptable to the Department and the
- 5 certification shall be available at the well site and provided
- 6 to the Department upon request.

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pressures.

- (c) The permittee shall install all blowout prevention 7 equipment using pipe fittings, valves, and unions placed on or 8 9 connected to the blow-out prevention systems that have a 10 working pressure capability that exceeds the anticipated
- (d) A remote blowout preventer actuator that is powered by 12 13 a source other than rig hydraulics shall be located at least 50 14 feet from the wellhead and have an appropriate rated working 15 pressure.
- 16 (e) Permittees shall perform pressure testing of the blowout preventer, well head, and related equipment for any 17 18 drilling or completion operation.
 - Testing shall be conducted in accordance with the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. Testing of well heads used for well control during completion operations shall be conducted in accordance with API Specification 6A (ISO 10423) or another specification as provided by the Department. A record of the pressure tests must be made on a form prescribed by the Department.

- 1 Testing of the blowout preventer shall include testing
- after the blowout preventer is installed on the well but prior 2
- 3 to drilling below the last cemented casing seat.
- 4 Pressure control equipment, including the blowout
- 5 preventer or well head, that fails any pressure test shall not
- be used until it is repaired, or replaced, and passes the 6
- 7 pressure test.
- 8 Records of all pressure tests and repair work on blowout
- 9 prevention equipment shall be maintained by the permittee in
- 10 the well file at the well site and made available to the
- 11 Department upon request.
- (f) After installation and testing, the blowout prevention 12
- 13 equipment or well head must be in use during all drilling and
- 14 completion operations and shall be maintained in good working
- 15 condition at all times.
- 16 (q) Appropriate pressure control procedures shall be
- properly employed and equipment shall be installed and 17
- maintained in proper working order while conducting drilling 18
- 19 and completion operations, including tripping, logging,
- 20 running casing into the well, and drilling out solid-core stage
- 21 plugs.
- 22 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.27 new)
- 23 Sec. 1-136.27. Intermediate and production Casing
- 24 Requirements.
- (a) When intermediate casing is required by subsection 25

1	(a-5), intermediate casing used in the construction of wells
2	must be set and cemented pursuant to the requirements of
3	subsections (b) through (m) of this Section. Intermediate
4	casing used to isolate fresh water shall not be used as the
5	production string in the well in which it is installed, and may
6	not be perforated for purposes of conducting a hydraulic
7	<pre>fracture treatment through it.</pre>
8	(a-5) The permittee shall install cemented intermediate
9	casing under the following conditions:
10	(1) when necessary to isolate fresh water not isolated
11	by surface casing; or
12	(2) to seal off potential flow zones, anomalous
13	pressure zones, lost circulation zones, and other drilling
14	hazards.
15	(b) Intermediate casing shall be set and cemented to one of
16	the standards below:
17	(1) when intermediate casing is installed to protect
18	fresh water, the permittee shall set a full string of new
19	intermediate casing at least 100 feet below the base of the
20	deepest fresh water and bring cement to the surface;
21	(2) when intermediate casing was set solely to protect
22	fresh water encountered below the surface casing shoe, and
23	cementing to the surface is technically infeasible, would
24	result in lost circulation, or both, cement must be brought
25	to a minimum of 600 feet above the shallowest fresh water
26	zone encountered below the surface casing shoe or to the

1	surface if the fresh water zone is less than 600 feet from
2	the surface;
3	(3) when intermediate casing was set for a reason other
4	than to protect fresh water, the intermediate casing string
5	shall be cemented from the shoe to a point at least 600
6	true vertical feet above the shoe; or
7	(4) if there is a hydrocarbon bearing zone that is
8	capable of producing and that is exposed above the
9	intermediate casing shoe, then the casing shall be cemented
10	from the shoe:
11	(A) to a point at least 600 true vertical feet
12	above the shallowest hydrocarbon bearing zone;
13	(B) to a point at least 200 feet above the shoe of
14	the next shallower casing string that was set and
15	cemented in the well; or
16	(C) to the surface if less than 200 feet.
17	(c) The location and depths of any hydrocarbon-bearing
18	zones or fresh water zones that are open to the wellbore above
19	the casing shoe shall be confirmed by coring, electric logs, or
20	testing and shall be reported to the Department.
21	(d) Intermediate casing shall conform to the industry
22	standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (2)
23	of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. Additionally, the use of
24	intermediate casing in the well construction shall be in a
25	manner consistent with the industry standards set forth in the
26	document referenced in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of

1	Section	1-136.02.
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- (e) Casing thread compound shall conform to and meet all manufacturing and material requirements of the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. Additionally, the uses of casing thread compound in the well construction shall be in a manner consistent with the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02.
- (f) The borehole shall be circulated and conditioned before intermediate casing setting and cementing to ensure an adequate cement bond.
- (g) The permittee shall notify the Department's District Office during normal business hours by phone and electronic mail at least 24 hours before setting and cementing intermediate casing cementing operations to enable an inspector to be present.
- (h) When setting intermediate casing in non-deviated holes, centralizers are required to be used as follows to keep the casing in the center of the wellbore before and during cementing operations:
- 22 (1) centralizers shall be placed on every fourth joint 23 from the cement shoe to the ground surface or to the bottom 24 of the cellar;
- 25 (2) the Department may require additional centralizers 26 as necessary to ensure the integrity of the well design;

1	and
2	(3) all centralizers must conform to and shall meet
3	specifications in, or equivalent to, the industry
4	standards set forth in the documents referenced in
5	paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02 through
6	paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02.
7	(i) The permittee shall pump a pre-flush or spacer ahead of
8	the cement.
9	(j) Intermediate casing cement shall:
10	(1) meet the cement requirements of subsections (a) and
11	(b) of Section 1-136.23; and
12	(2) be applied behind the casing according to the
13	requirements of subsections (c) and (d) of Section
14	<u>1-136.23.</u>
15	(k) A radial cement bond evaluation log, or other
16	evaluation approved by the Department, such as, but not limited
17	to, temperature surveys, must be run to verify the cement bond
18	on the intermediate casing. Remedial cementing is required if
19	the cement bond is not adequate for drilling ahead.
20	(1) The cementing and testing requirements of subsections
21	(b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(4), (c) and (k) may be waived if all
22	intermediate casing strings are cemented to surface.
23	(m) After the cement is placed behind the intermediate
24	casing, the permittee shall test the cement and maintain cement
25	job logs pursuant to the requirements of subsections (f)
26	through (h) of Section 1-136.23.

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- 1 (n) After the intermediate casing cement operation is completed, the permittee shall notify the Department's 2 District Office by phone and electronic mail to enable an 3 4 inspector to be present for testing the internal mechanical 5 integrity of the intermediate casing pursuant to Section 6 1-136.25.
- (o) If the annulus between the production casing and the 7 surface of intermediate casing has not been cemented to the 8 9 surface, the permittee shall equip the intermediate casing 10 annulus with an appropriately sized and tested relief valve. 11 The flow line from the relief valve should be secured and diverted to a lined pit or tank. (See API HF1 - Hydraulic 12 Fracturing Operations - Well Construction and Integrity 13 14 Guidelines, 1st Edition, October 2009, Section 10.4.2, 15 Pressure Monitoring.)
 - (p) Production casing shall be used in the construction of all wells regulated by this Part and shall be set and cemented pursuant to the requirements of this Section.
 - (q) Production casing shall be fully cemented from the production casing shoe to 500 feet above the top perforated formation, if possible. However, if that cementing requirement will inhibit the production of oil or gas from the targeted formation, cementing of the production casing shall be completed from at least just above the top of the perforated formation to 500 feet above the top of the perforated formation.

1	(r) Production casing shall conform to the industry
2	standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (2
3	of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. Additionally, the use of
4	production casing in the well construction shall be in a manner
5	consistent with the industry standards set forth in the
6	document referenced in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of
7	Section 1-136.02.

- (s) Casing thread compound shall conform to and meet all manufacturing and material requirements of the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02. Additionally, the uses of casing thread compound in the well construction shall be in a manner consistent with the industry standards set forth in the document referenced in in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.02.
- (t) The borehole shall be circulated and conditioned before production casing setting and cementing to ensure an adequate cement bond.
- (u) The permittee shall notify the Department's District

 Office during regular business hours by phone and electronic

 mail before setting and cementing production casing to enable
 an inspector to be present.
- (v) When setting production casing, centralizers shall be used as follows to keep the casing in the center of the wellbore prior to and during cement operations:
- 26 <u>(1) in the vertical portion of the well, a centralizer</u>

1	shall be placed on every fourth joint from the kickoff
2	point to the ground surface or to the bottom of the cellar;
3	(2) the Department may require additional centralizers
4	as necessary to ensure the integrity of the well design;
5	<u>and</u>
6	(3) all centralizers used in the vertical portion of
7	the well shall conform to and shall meet specifications in,
8	or equivalent to the industry standards set forth in the
9	documents referenced in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of
10	Section 1-136.02 through paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of
11	Section 1-136.02.
12	(w) The permittee shall pump a pre-flush or spacer ahead of
13	the cement.
14	(x) Production casing cement must:
15	(1) meet the cement requirements of subsections (a) and
16	(b) of Section 1-136.23; and
17	(2) be applied behind the casing according to the
18	requirements of subsections (c) and (d) of Section
19	<u>1-136.23.</u>
20	(y) After the cement is placed behind the production
21	casing, the permittee shall test the cement and maintain cement
22	job logs pursuant to the requirements of subsections (f)
23	through (h) of Section 1-136.23.
24	(z) After the production casing cement operation is
25	completed, the permittee shall notify the Department's
26	District Office by phone or electronic mail to enable an

1	inspector	to	be	present	for	testing	the	internal	mechanical
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- 2 integrity of the production casing under Section 1-136.25.
- 3 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.28 new)
- 4 Sec. 1-136.28. Establishment of formation integrity.
- 5 (a) The permittee shall conduct a formation pressure
- integrity test below the surface casing and below all 6
- 7 intermediate casing in order to demonstrate:
- 8 (1) that the integrity of the casing shoe is sufficient
- 9 to contain the wellbore pressures anticipated in the permit
- 10 application;
- (2) that no flow path exists to formations above the 11
- 12 casing shoe; and
- 13 (3) that the casing shoe is competent to handle an
- influx of formation fluid or gas without breaking down. 14
- 15 (b) The permittee shall notify the Department's District
- Office during regular business hours by phone and electronic 16
- mail at least 24 hours before conducting a formation pressure 17
- 18 integrity test to enable an inspector to be present when the
- 19 test is performed.
- 20 (c) The actual hydraulic fracturing treatment pressure
- 21 shall not exceed the mechanical integrity test pressure of the
- casing tested under Section 1-136.25 at any time during high 22
- 23 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
- 24 (d) Permittees shall keep records of all formation
- 25 integrity tests pursuant to the following requirements:

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1	(1) A record of the formation integrity test shall be
2	maintained by the permittee in the well file at the well
3	site and shall be submitted to the Department on a form
4	prescribed by the Department before conducting high volume
5	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.

- (2) The permittee shall provide the Department with a copy of all formation integrity test results 30 days after completion of well construction.
- (3) The permittee shall retain these records for the life of the well until the well is plugged, abandoned, and restored in accordance with the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, the administrative rules adopted under that Act, and Sections 1-136.58 through 1-136.61 of this Part.
- 14 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.29 new)
- Sec. 1-136.29. Water quality monitoring. 15
- 16 (a) Water quality monitoring shall be conducted pursuant to the requirements of this Section and in accordance with the 17 18 water quality monitoring work plan submitted under paragraph 19 (24) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.05. Unless specified 20 otherwise, all distances are measured horizontally from the 21 closest edge of the well site. Each applicant for a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit shall provide the 22 23 Department with a water quality monitoring work plan to ensure 24 accurate and complete sampling and testing as required under 25 this Section. A water quality monitoring work plan shall

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Τ	include, at a minimum, the following.
2	(1) information identifying all water sources within
3	the range of testing under this Section;
4	(2) a sampling plan and protocol consistent with the
5	requirements of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this
6	Section, including notification to the Department at least
7	7 calendar days prior to sample collection;
8	(3) the name and contact information of an independent
9	third party under the supervision of a professional
10	engineer or professional geologist that shall be
11	designated to conduct sampling to establish a baseline as
12	provided for under subsection (b) of this Section;
13	(4) the name and contact information of an independent
14	third party under the supervision of a professional
15	engineer or professional geologist that shall be
16	designated to conduct sampling to establish compliance
17	with monitoring as provided within subsection (c) of this
18	Section;
19	(5) the name and contact information of an independent

testing laboratory accredited or certified by the Agency to

perform the required laboratory method and to conduct the

analysis required under subsections (b) and (c) of this

Section. When no laboratory has been accredited or

certified by the Agency to analyze a particular substance

requested in subsection (d) of this Section, results will

be considered only if they have been analyzed by a

laboratory accredited or certified by another St	tate
agency, an agency of another state, or an agency of	the
federal government, if the standards used for	the
accreditation or certification of that laboratory	are
substantially equivalent to the accreditation stand	dard
under subsection (o) of Section 4 of the Illir	nois
Environmental Protection Act;	
(6) proof that the applicant provided each landow	wner
referenced in paragraphs (7) through (10) of t	this
subsection (a) of this Section with a notice of wa	ater
sampling rights under the Act pursuant to a form prescri	ibed
by the Department and prior to the landowner's execution	n of
any document regarding water sampling.	
(7) proof of access and the right to test within	the
area for testing prescribed within subsections (b) and	(c)
of this Section;	
(8) copies of any non-disclosure agreements made v	with
landowners, if applicable; landowners of private prope	erty
may condition access or permission for sampling of private	vate
water wells or ponds wholly within their property o	r a
portion of any perennial stream or river that flows thro	ough
their property under a non-disclosure agreement, t	that
<pre>includes the following terms and conditions:</pre>	
(A) the permittee shall provide the results of	the
water quality testing to the private prope	erty
landowners;	

1	(B) the permittee shall retain the results of all
2	water quality testing conducted pursuant subsections
3	(b) and (c) of this Section until at least one year
4	after completion of all water quality monitoring for
5	review by the Department upon request;
6	(C) the permittee shall not file with the
7	Department the results of the water quality testing,
8	except that under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (8) of
9	this subsection (a); and
10	(D) the permittee shall notify and provide to the
11	Department and the Agency within 7 calendar days of its
12	receipt of the water quality data any testing under
13	subsection (c) of this Section indicating
14	concentrations that exceed the standards or criteria
15	referenced in the definition of "pollution or
16	diminution";
17	(9) documentation that the landowner of the private
18	property declines, expressly and in writing, to provide
19	access or permission for sampling, if applicable; under
20	these conditions, sampling of private water wells or ponds
21	wholly contained within private property shall not be
22	required;
23	(10) evidence as to the good faith efforts (for
24	example, logs of oral communications and copies of written
25	communication) that were made to secure documentation that
26	the landowner of the private property declines to provide

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proof of his or her refusal to allow access for the purposes of conducting sampling in writing, if applicable; permits issued under this Part cannot be denied if the landowner of the private property declines to provide proof of his or her refusal to allow access in writing and the permittee provides evidence that good faith efforts were made to gain access for the purposes of conducting sampling; and (11) identification of practicable contingency

- measures, including provision for alternative drinking water supplies, which could be implemented in the event of pollution or diminution of a water source as provided for in Section 1-136.30.
- (b) Before conducting high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations on a well, a permittee shall retain an independent third party, as identified pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Section. The permittee, through its independent third party, shall, after giving the Department 7 calendar days notice during regular business hours, conduct baseline water quality sampling of all water sources within 1,500 feet of the well site pursuant to the laboratory analysis procedures of subsection (d) of this Section and as follows:
 - (1) If an aquifer to be sampled is inaccessible through groundwater wells within 1,500 feet of the well site, the permittee shall conduct groundwater well sampling of that aquifer at the next closest groundwater well that the

permittee has permission to access.

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2	(2) Installation of a groundwater monitoring well is
3	not required to satisfy the sampling requirements of this
4	Section.
5	(3) Baseline testing results shall be submitted to the
6	Department no later than 3 calendar days before commencing
7	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations,
8	unless there are non-disclosure agreements with the
9	applicable private property landowners. In the case of
10	non-disclosure agreements, the permittee shall provide a
11	certification to the Department that the baseline testing
12	results have been provided to the applicable private
13	property landowners no later than 3 calendar days before
14	commencing high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
15	operations.
16	(4) The Department shall post the results of the
17	baseline sampling and analysis conducted under this
18	subsection (b) on its website within 7 calendar days after
19	receipt. The posted results shall, at a minimum, include
20	the following:
21	(A) the well name, location, and permit number;
22	(B) a detailed description of the sampling and
23	testing conducted under this subsection (b), including
24	the results of the sampling and testing;
25	(C) the chain of custody of the samples; and
26	(D) quality control of the testing.

1	(c) After baseline tests are conducted under subsection (b)
2	of this Section and following the completion of high volume
3	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, the permittee,
4	through its independent third party, shall:
5	(1) notify the Department during normal business hours
6	at least 7 calendar days prior to taking the samples; and
7	(2) sample and test all water sources that were
8	subjected to sampling under subsection (b) of this Section
9	in the same manner following the procedures under
10	subsection (d) of this Section 6 months, 18 months, and 30
11	months after the high volume horizontal hydraulic
12	fracturing operations have been completed, unless the
13	water source was sampled under this subsection (c) or
14	subsection (b) within the previous month.
15	(d) Sampling shall, at a minimum, be consistent with the
16	water quality monitoring work plan and allow for a
17	determination of whether any hydraulic fracturing additive or
18	other oil or gas well contaminant has caused pollution or
19	diminution. For each water source required to be sampled and
20	tested under subsections (b) and (c) of this Section:
21	(1) a minimum of 3 separate samples shall be collected
22	by the independent third party, under the supervision of a
23	licensed professional engineer or professional geologist
24	consistent with the approved water quality monitoring work
25	plan; and
26	(2) each sample collected shall be submitted to and

1	analyzed by an accredited or certified independent testing
2	laboratory for the following:
3	(A) pH;
4	(B) total dissolved solids, dissolved methane,
5	dissolved propane, dissolved ethane, alkalinity, and
6	specific conductance;
7	(C) chloride, sulfate, arsenic, barium, calcium,
8	chromium, iron, magnesium, selenium, cadmium, lead,
9	manganese, mercury, and silver;
10	(D) BTEX;
11	(E) gross alpha and beta particles to determine the
12	presence of any naturally occurring radioactive
13	<pre>materials.</pre>
14	(e) The independent third party's laboratory request
15	submitted to the accredited or certified independent testing
16	<pre>laboratory shall include:</pre>
17	(1) the applicant's name, well name, well location, and
18	<pre>permit number;</pre>
19	(2) a detailed description of the sampling methods used
20	to collect the samples, the date and time of the sampling
21	collections, the location where each sample was collected
22	and by whom, and the specific testing requested;
23	(3) the chain of custody for the samples up to the
24	point when the samples are relinquished to the laboratory;
25	<u>and</u>
26	(4) a specific request to the laboratory that the

1	<u>laboratory's report also include:</u>
2	(A) the name and address of the laboratory;
3	(B) the sampling method and testing requested in
4	subsection (d) of this Section;
5	(C) the analyses being performed;
6	(D) the test methods used to perform the analyses;
7	(E) the date and time of the analyses;
8	(F) the identification of any test results
9	performed by a subcontracted laboratory;
10	(G) the name of any subcontracted laboratory used
11	and the applicable accreditation that the
12	subcontracted laboratory holds and maintains for the
13	analyses performed;
14	(H) the complete chain of custody through all the
15	analyses in the laboratory and any subcontracted
16	<pre>laboratory used;</pre>
17	(I) the test results with the units of measurements
18	used, when appropriate;
19	(J) an interpretation of the test results,
20	including the definitions for any data qualifiers
21	applied to the test results;
22	(K) the name, title and signature of the person
23	authorizing the test results; and
24	(L) a summary of the laboratory's quality control
25	results for the analyses performed.
26	The permittee shall, within 7 calendar days after receipt

1 of results of baseline or follow-up monitoring tests conducted under this Section, submit the independent third party's lab 2 3 request under subsection (d) of this Section and the results to 4 the Department for a water source not subject to a 5 non-disclosure agreement or, except as provided by subsection (d), only to the landowner of the water source pursuant to a 6 7 non-disclosure agreement under subsection (a) of this Section. For a water source subject to a non-disclosure agreement, 8 if the independent third party follow-up monitoring test 9 10 results indicate that concentrations exceed the standards or criteria referenced in the definition of "pollution or 11 diminution", the permittee shall submit the independent third 12 13 party lab requests and the results of those tests to the 14 Department and the Agency within 7 calendar days after its 15 receipt of the follow-up monitoring test results. The permittee 16 shall identify which specific standards or criteria are 17 exceeded. (f) Upon receipt of the independent third party's lab 18 requests and the results of the laboratory analyses for 19 follow-up monitoring under subsection (c) of this Section, the 20 Department shall, in consultation with the Agency as the 21 Department deems appropriate, determine whether any hydraulic 22 23 fracturing additive or other oil or gas well contaminant has 24 caused pollution or diminution. 25 (g) If the Department makes a determination of pollution or

diminution under subsection (f) of this Section, the procedures

set forth in Section 1-136.31 shall be followed.

2	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.30 new)
3	Sec. 1-136.30. Water pollution investigations.
4	(a) Any person who has reason to believe he or she has
5	caused pollution or diminution of a water source as a result of
6	a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment of a
7	well may request that an investigation be conducted by:
8	(1) notifying the Department either in writing or
9	electronically through its website; and
10	(2) providing the following information:
11	(A) his or her name, address, and contact
12	information; and
13	(B) a detailed description of the suspected
14	contamination, including, but not limited to,
15	<pre>identifying:</pre>
16	(i) the water source being affected;
17	(ii) the suspected source of contamination;
18	(iii) dates and times related to observations
19	of the suspected contamination;
20	(iv) the names of potential witnesses and
21	their contact information; and
22	(v) any documents or photographs in his or her
23	possession that may be useful as evidence of
24	pollution or diminution.
25	(b) Within 30 calendar days after the notification required

- by subsection (a) of this Section, the Department shall notify 1
- the Agency and initiate an investigation of the claim. The 2
- Department shall make a reasonable effort to reach a 3
- 4 determination within 180 calendar days after receiving the
- 5 notification.
- 6 (c) If necessary, the Agency shall conduct water quality
- sampling and the Department shall provide to the Agency all 7
- 8 available permit information and other relevant data.
- 9 (d) Any person conducting or who has conducted high volume
- 10 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations suspected to be the
- 11 source of pollution or diminution complained of shall supply
- 12 any information requested by the Department or Agency to assist
- 13 with the investigation. The Department, in consultation with
- 14 the Agency as the Department deems appropriate, shall give due
- 15 consideration to any information submitted during the course of
- the investigation. The requested information may include 16
- additional water quality monitoring sampling in accordance 17
- with Section 1-136.29. 18
- 19 (e) The Department, in consultation with the Agency as the
- 20 Department deems appropriate, shall make a determination of
- pollution or diminution if sampling results or other 21
- 22 information obtained as part of the investigation or the
- 23 results of tests conducted under Section 1-136.29 indicate that
- 24 hydraulic fracturing additive or other oil or gas well
- 25 contaminant concentrations in the water are found to exceed the
- 26 following standards or criteria:

Τ	(1) in groundwater, any of the following:
2	(A) detection of benzene or any other carcinogen in
3	any Class I, Class II, or Class III groundwater;
4	(B) detection of any constituent in 35 Ill. Adm.
5	Code 620.310(a)(3)(A)(i) equal to or above the listed
6	preventive response criteria in any Class I, Class II,
7	or Class III groundwater;
8	(C) detection of any constituent in 35 Ill. Adm.
9	Code 620.410(a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) equal to or above
10	the listed standard in any Class I, Class II, or Class
11	<pre>III groundwater;</pre>
12	(D) detection of any constituent in Class III
13	groundwater equal to or above a standard established
14	under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.260; or
15	(E) detection of any constituent in Class I, Class
16	II, or Class III groundwater equal to or above a
17	cleanup objective listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 742.
18	(2) in surface water, exceeding any applicable numeric
19	or narrative standard in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302 or 304.
20	(f) If the Department makes a determination of pollution or
21	diminution under subsection (e), the procedures set forth in
22	Section 1-136.31 shall be followed.
23	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.31 new)
24	Sec. 1-136.31. Procedures.
25	(a) Upon a determination of pollution or diminution by the

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Department, the Department shall issue a Notice of Violation and proceed with appropriate enforcement under Sections 1-136.62 through 1-136.66. The enforcement shall, in addition to any other penalty available under the law, require the permittee to complete remedial action to temporarily or permanently restore or replace the affected water supply with an alternative source of water adequate in quantity and quality for the purposes served by the water source. The quality of a restored or replaced water source shall meet or exceed the quality of the original water source based upon the results of the baseline test results under subsection (b) of Section 1-136.29 for that water source, or other available information. Further, as appropriate, the Department may require the permittee to take immediate action, including, but not limited to, repair, replacement, alteration, or prohibition of operation of equipment permitted by the Department. The Department, in consultation with the Agency, the Illinois Department of Public Health, or both, may also issue conditions and orders to protect the public health or welfare or the environment. (b) Within 15 calendar days after a determination of pollution or diminution, the Department shall, with assistance from other State and local agencies, provide notice of its Notice of Violation on the Department's website and to all persons that use the water source for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or any other legitimate beneficial uses.

- 1 (c) Upon issuance of a Notice of Violation under subsection
- 2 (b) of this Section, the Department shall contact the Agency
- and forward all information to the Agency. The Agency shall 3
- 4 investigate the potential for violations as designated within
- 5 Section 1-87 of this Act.
- 6 (d) The Department shall publish, on its website, lists of
- confirmed determinations of pollution or diminution that 7
- result from high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing 8
- 9 operations and are final administrative decisions. This
- 10 information shall be searchable by county.
- 11 The Agency shall have the duty to investigate (e)
- 12 complaints that activities under this Act or this Part have
- 13 caused a violation of Section 12 of the Illinois Environmental
- 14 Protection Act or surface or groundwater rules adopted under
- 15 the Illinois Environmental Protection Act. Any action taken by
- 16 the Agency in enforcing these violations shall be taken under
- and consistent with the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, 17
- including, but not limited to, the Agency's authority to seek a 18
- 19 civil or criminal cause of action under that Act.
- 2.0 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.32 new)
- 21 Sec. 1-136.32. Rebuttable presumption of pollution or
- 22 diminution.
- 23 (a) This Section establishes a rebuttable presumption for
- 24 use regarding pollution or diminution under Sections 1-136.62
- 25 through 1-136.66.

1	(b) Unless rebutted by a defense established in subsection
2	(c) of this Section, it shall be presumed that any person
3	conducting or who has conducted high volume horizontal
4	hydraulic fracturing operations shall be liable for pollution
5	or diminution of a water supply if:
6	(1) the water source is within 1,500 feet of the well
7	site where the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
8	operations occurred;
9	(2) the baseline water quality data showed no pollution
10	or diminution before the start of high volume horizontal
11	hydraulic fracturing operations; or
12	(3) the pollution or diminution occurred during high
13	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations or no
14	more than 30 months after the completion of the high volume
15	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
16	(c) To rebut the presumption established under this
17	Section, a person presumed responsible must affirmatively
18	prove by clear and convincing evidence any of the following:
19	(1) the water source is not within 1,500 feet of the
20	<pre>well site;</pre>
21	(2) the pollution or diminution occurred before the
22	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations or
23	more than 30 months after the completion of the high volume
24	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations; or
25	(3) the pollution or diminution occurred as the result
26	of an identifiable cause other than the high volume

- horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations. 1
- 2 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.33 new)
- 3 Sec. 1-136.33. Prohibitions. It is unlawful to inject or
- 4 discharge hydraulic fracturing fluid, produced water, BTEX,
- diesel, or petroleum distillates into fresh water. 5
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.34 new)
- 7 Sec. 1-136.34. Chemical disclosure by permittee.
- 8 (a) If the chemical disclosure information required by
- 9 paragraph (8) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.05 is not
- submitted at the time of permit application, then the permittee 10
- 11 shall submit this information to the Department in electronic
- 12 format no less than 21 calendar days before performing the high
- 13 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
- 14 (b) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the permittee
- from adjusting or altering the contents of the fluid during the 15
- treatment process to respond to unexpected conditions, as long 16
- as the permittee notifies the Department by electronic mail 17
- 18 within 24 hours of the departure from the initial treatment
- 19 design and includes a brief explanation detailing the reason
- 20 for the departure.
- (c) No less than 21 calendar days before performing the 21
- 22 first stimulation treatment of high volume horizontal
- 23 hydraulic fracturing operations, the permittee shall maintain
- 24 and disclose to the Department separate and up-to-date master

1	<u>lists of:</u>
2	(1) the base fluid to be used during any high volume
3	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations within this
4	State;
5	(2) all hydraulic fracturing additives to be used
6	during any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
7	operations within this State; and
8	(3) all chemicals and associated Chemical Abstract
9	Service numbers to be used in any high volume horizontal
10	hydraulic fracturing operations within this State.
11	(d) If a permittee uses the services of another person to
12	perform high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
13	operations, that person shall comply with Section 1-136.35.
14	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.35 new)
15	Sec. 1-136.35. Chemical disclosure by contractor.
16	(a) A permittee shall be responsible to ensure that any
17	contractor performing high volume horizontal hydraulic
18	fracturing operations within this State on behalf of the
19	<pre>permittee shall:</pre>
20	(1) be authorized to do business in this State;
21	(2) provide the Department with the following
22	information:
23	(A) the contractor's business name, address, email
24	address, and telephone number;
25	(B) the well name, permit number, and permittee

Τ	name for the well on which high volume horizontal
2	hydraulic fracturing operations will be conducted; and
3	(C) the name, email address, and telephone number
4	of the person at the well site responsible for the high
5	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
6	(b) No less than 21 calendar days before performing the
7	first stimulation treatment of high volume horizontal
8	hydraulic fracturing operations, the contractor performing
9	high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations on
10	behalf of the permittee shall maintain and disclose to the
11	Department separate and up-to-date master lists of:
12	(1) the base fluid to be used during any high volume
13	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations within this
14	State;
15	(2) all hydraulic fracturing additives to be used
16	during any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
17	operations within this State; and
18	(3) all chemicals and associated Chemical Abstract
19	Service numbers to be used in any high volume horizontal
20	hydraulic fracturing operations within this State.
21	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.36 new)
22	Sec. 1-136.36. Chemical use prohibitions.
23	(a) The permittee performing high volume horizontal
24	hydraulic fracturing operations is prohibited from using any
25	base fluid, hydraulic fracturing additive, or chemical not

- listed on their master lists disclosed under Section 1-136.34. 1
- (b) Contractors performing high volume horizontal 2
- hydraulic fracturing operations are prohibited from using any 3
- 4 base fluid, hydraulic fracturing additive, or chemical not
- 5 listed on their master lists disclosed under subsection (d) of
- Section 1-77 of this Act. 6
- 7 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.37 new)
- 8 Sec. 1-136.37. Department publication of chemical
- 9 disclosures and claims of trade secret.
- 10 (a) The Department shall assemble and post up-to-date
- copies of the master lists of chemicals it receives under 11
- 12 Sections 1-136.34 and 1-136.35 on its website within 14
- 13 calendar days after receipt.
- 14 (b) When an applicant, permittee, or person performing high
- 15 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations furnishes
- chemical disclosure information to the Department under 16
- Section 1-136.05, 1-136.34, 1-136.35, or 1-136.51 under a claim 17
- 18 of trade secret, the applicant, permittee, or person performing
- 19 high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations shall
- 20 submit redacted and un-redacted copies of the documents
- 21 identifying the specific information on the master list of
- chemicals claimed to be protected as trade secret. The 22
- 23 Department shall use the redacted copies when posting the
- 24 master list of chemicals on its website.
- (c) Upon submission or within 5 calendar days after 25

1	submission of the master list of chemicals with chemical
2	disclosure information to the Department under Section
3	1-136.05, 1-136.34, 1-136.35, or 1-136.51 under a claim of
4	trade secret, the person that claimed trade secret protection
5	shall provide a justification of the claim containing the
6	<pre>following:</pre>
7	(1) a detailed description of the procedures used by
8	the person to safeguard that portion of the information on
9	the master list of chemicals for which trade secret is
10	claimed from becoming available to persons other than those
11	selected by the person to have access to the information
12	for limited purposes;
13	(2) a detailed statement identifying the persons or
14	class of persons to whom that portion of the information on
15	the master list of chemicals for which trade secret is
16	claimed has been disclosed;
17	(3) a certification that the person has no knowledge
18	that the portion of the information on the master list of
19	chemicals for which trade secret is claimed has ever been
20	published or disseminated or has otherwise become a matter
21	of general public knowledge;
22	(4) a detailed discussion of why the person believes
23	that the portion of the information on the master list of
24	chemicals for which trade secret is claimed is of
25	competitive value; and

(5) any other information that shall support the claim

of trade secret.

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- (d) Chemical disclosure information furnished under Section 1-136.05, 1-136.34, 1-136.35, or 1-136.51 under a claim of trade secret shall be protected from disclosure as a trade secret if the Department determines that the statement of justification demonstrates that:
 - (1) the information has not been published, disseminated, or otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge. There is a rebuttable presumption that the information has not been published, disseminated, or otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge if the person has taken reasonable measures to prevent the information from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the person to have access to the information for limited purposes and the statement of justification contains a certification that the person has no knowledge that the information has ever been published, disseminated, or otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge; and

(2) the information has competitive value.

- (e) Denial of a trade secret request under this Section shall be appealable under the Administrative Review Law and the rules adopted under that Law.
- (f) A person whose request to inspect or copy a public record is denied, in whole or in part, because of a grant of trade secret protection may file a request for review with the

- 1 Public Access Counselor under Section 9.5 of the Freedom of
- Information Act or for injunctive or declaratory relief under 2
- Section 11 of the Freedom of Information Act for the purpose of 3
- 4 reviewing whether the Department properly determined that the
- 5 trade secret protection should be granted.
- 6 (q) Except as otherwise provided in Section 1-136.38 of
- this Part and subsection (m) of Section 1-77 of this Act, the 7
- Department must maintain the confidentiality of chemical 8
- 9 disclosure information furnished under Section 1-136.05,
- 1-136.34, 1-136.35, or 1-136.51 under a claim of trade secret, 10
- 11 until the Department receives official notification of a final
- 12 order by a reviewing body with proper jurisdiction that is not
- 13 subject to further appeal rejecting a grant of trade secret
- 14 protection for that information.
- 15 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.38 new)
- Sec. 1-136.38. Trade secret disclosure to health 16
- 17 professional.
- (a) Information about high volume <u>horizontal hydraulic</u> 18
- 19 fracturing treatment chemicals furnished under a claim of trade
- secret shall be disclosed by the Department, or by an 20
- 21 independent contractor acting on the Department's behalf, to a
- 22 health professional for the limited purpose of determining what
- 23 health care services are necessary for the treatment of an
- 24 affected patient pursuant to the requirements of this Section.
- The Department, or an independent contractor acting on its 25

1	behalf, shall maintain a telephone line staffed 24 hours a day,
2	365 days a year. If using an independent contractor, the
3	Department shall ensure that the appropriate agreements are in
4	place with the contractor to effectively protect the trade
5	secret chemical information.
6	(b) In a non-emergency health care situation, a health
7	professional shall complete and submit a request to obtain
8	trade secret chemical information. In the request, the health
9	<pre>professional shall:</pre>
10	(1) state a need for the information and articulate why
11	the information is needed; and
12	(2) identify the name and profession of the health
13	professional and the name and location of the facility
14	where the affected patient is being treated.
15	(c) In an emergency health care situation, a health
16	<pre>professional shall:</pre>
17	(1) call the Department's chemical disclosure
18	telephone number;
19	(2) state a need for the information and articulate why
20	the information is needed; and
21	(3) identify the name and profession of the health
22	professional and the name and location of the facility
23	where the affected patient is being treated.
24	(d) The health professional may share information
25	disclosed under this Section with other persons as may be
26	professionally necessary, including, but not limited to, the

- affected patient, other health professionals involved in the 1
- treatment of the affected patient, the affected patient's 2
- 3 family members if the affected patient is unconscious, unable
- 4 to make medical decisions, or is a minor, the Centers for
- 5 Disease Control and Prevention, and other government public
- 6 health agencies.
- (e) As soon as circumstances permit, the holder of the 7
- trade secret may request, but not require, that the health 8
- 9 professional who submitted the request for information share
- 10 the names of all other health professionals to whom the
- 11 information was disclosed.
- (f) As soon as circumstances permit without impeding the 12
- 13 treatment of the affected patient, the holder of the trade
- 14 secret may request a confidentiality agreement consistent with
- 15 the requirements of this Section from all health professionals
- to whom the information is disclosed. 16
- (q) Any recipient of the information disclosed under this 17
- Section shall not use the information for purposes other than 18
- 19 the health needs asserted in the request and shall otherwise
- 20 maintain the information as confidential. Information so
- 21 disclosed to a health professional shall in no way be construed
- 22 as publicly available.
- 23 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.38a new)
- 24 Sec. 1-136.38a. Operating and reporting requirements;
- 25 hydraulic fracturing operations; seismicity.

1	(a) This Section applies to all Class II UIC disposal wells
2	that inject any Class II fluids or hydraulic fracturing
3	flowback from a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
4	operation permitted by the Department under this Act.
5	(b) For the purposes of this Section, the terms defined in
6	62 Ill. Adm. Code 245.110 have the same meanings when used in
7	this Section. Additionally, the following terms have the
8	meanings ascribed in this subsection:
9	"Green light alert" means the Department received notice
10	from either the United States Geological Survey or the Illinois
11	State Geological Survey that there was an earthquake in
12	Illinois with a magnitude less than 2.0.
13	"Induced seismicity" means an earthquake event that is
14	felt, recorded by the national seismic network, and
15	attributable to a Class II UIC well used for disposal of
16	flowback and produced fluid from high volume horizontal
17	hydraulic fracturing operations.
18	"Red light alert" means the Department received notice from
19	either the United States Geological Survey or the Illinois
20	State Geological Survey that there was an earthquake in
21	Illinois or a bordering state with a magnitude of 4.0 or
22	greater.
23	"Yellow light alert" means the Department received notice
24	from either the United States Geological Survey or the Illinois
25	State Geological Survey that there was an earthquake in

Illinois or a bordering state with a magnitude of at least 2.0,

but less than 4.0.

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(c) All Class II UIC wells regulated by this Section shall be equipped with a flow meter capable of monitoring the rate of flow of fluids injected down into the well on a per day basis consistent with the Class II UIC permit issued by the Department.

All permittees shall record and maintain pressure and flow data for each Class II UIC well on a monthly basis. The report shall include the average and maximum monthly injection rates and pressures. The records shall be submitted to the Department in accordance with 62 Ill. Adm. Code 240.780(e). The records shall be maintained for at least 5 years and shall be available to the Department for inspection upon request.

When a well is suspected of triggering induced seismic activity, the permittee shall consult with the Department and the Illinois State Geological Survey to develop a plan for seismic monitoring, including the possibility of installing monitoring stations in the vicinity of the well.

(d) The Department shall report any yellow light alert to all Class II UIC well permittees with wells located within a 6-mile radius of the earthquake event's epicenter measured from the surface above the hypocenter. The Department, in consultation with the Illinois State Geological Survey, shall conduct an investigation to evaluate whether the seismic event is reasonably expected to have occurred as the result of a Class II UIC operation and, if possible, to identify the

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operation potentially believed to be the source of the event. 1

After receiving a yellow light alert, a Class II UIC well permittee has the discretion to operate the permitted well according to the terms of the permit, adjust the operation of the permitted well reducing the volume of fluids injected into the well, and consult with the Department and the Illinois State Geological Survey about the implications of the yellow light alert as it relates to the operation of the well.

After receiving a third yellow light alert within one year that is, or is believed to be, attributable to its well, the Class II UIC well permittee must immediately reduce injection volume and consult with the Department and the Illinois State Geological Survey.

The Department shall report any red light alert to all Class II UIC well permittees with wells located within a 10-mile radius of the earthquake event's epicenter measured from the surface above the hypocenter. The Department, in consultation with the Illinois State Geological Survey, shall conduct an investigation to evaluate whether the seismic event is reasonably expected to have occurred as the result of a Class II UIC operation and, if possible, to identify the operation potentially believed to be the source of the event.

(e) The Department shall issue orders to permittees of Class II UIC wells that are, or are believed to be, the source of the seismic events for the immediate cessation of operations due to conditions that create imminent danger to the health and

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1	safety c	of the	puk	olic,	or	signi	fica	nt da	mage	to	prop	erty,	under
2	Section	19.1	of	the	Oil	and	Gas	Act	and	62	Ill.	Adm.	Code
3	246.186,	unde	r an	y of	the	follo	owing	cond	ditio	ns:			
4		(1) i	fа	part.	icul	ar we	ell r	egula	at.ed 1	bv t	this	Sectio	n and

- (1) if a particular well regulated by this Section and is, or is believed to be, the source of the seismic activity and receives any number of yellow light alerts and there is confirmed property damage to any building or structure as a result of the earthquake event with a magnitude greater than 4.5; the confirmation can be performed by personnel from the Department or personnel from any local, State, or federal agency;
- (2) if a particular well regulated by this Section receives a fifth yellow light alert; or
- (3) if a particular well regulated by this Section receives a red light alert and is within 6 miles of the epicenter of the earthquake event measured from the surface above the hypocenter.
- (f) The Department may issue cessation orders to permittees with wells regulated by this Section within 10 miles of any earthquake epicenter, when necessary, if, after consultation with the Illinois State Geological Survey, induced seismicity conditions warrant cessation.
- (g) After receiving a cessation order, in addition to the requirements of the order, the permittee shall schedule a meeting with the Department and representatives of the Illinois State Geological Survey at the Department's headquarters in

1	Springfield, Illinois, to be held within 30 calendar days after
2	issuance of the order and before the cessation order hearing.
3	Once scheduled, the permittee shall confirm the meeting in
4	writing to both the Department and the Illinois State
5	Geological Survey and provide the last 6 months of well data
6	required in subsection (c) of this Section to help facilitate
7	the meeting. The purpose of the meeting shall be to determine
8	possible ways to mitigate induced seismicity events near the
9	permitted well.
10	If the permittee and Department, in consultation with the
11	Illinois State Geological Survey, reach agreement on how to
12	test induced seismicity mitigation, the Department shall
13	present the agreement as a settlement before the Hearing
14	Officer for the cessation order hearing.
15	(h) Enforcement penalties for administrative and operating
16	violations are specified in subsection (c) of Section 1-136.64
17	of this Act. Violations under this Section are classified as
18	administrative or operating, as follows:
19	(1) Failure to schedule and attend a meeting within 30
20	days after the issuance of a cessation order is an
21	administrative violation.
22	(2) Failure to comply with any portion of subsection
23	(c) related to records is an administrative violation.
24	(3) Failure to install a flow meter or maintain a flow
25	meter in operating condition is an operating violation.
26	(4) Failure to cease operations after a cessation order

- is issued by the Department is an operating violation. 1
- (5) Failure to comply with an induced seismicity 2
- mitigation agreement is an operating violation. 3
- 4 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.39 new)
- 5 Sec. 1-136.39. General conditions and requirements.
- (a) During all phases of high volume horizontal hydraulic 6
- fracturing operations, the permittee shall comply with all 7
- 8 terms of the permit.
- 9 (b) All phases of high volume horizontal hydraulic
- 10 fracturing operations shall be conducted in a manner that shall
- not pose a significant risk to public health, life, property, 11
- 12 aquatic life, or wildlife.
- 13 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.40 new)
- 14 Sec. 1-136.40. Hydraulic fracturing string requirements
- 15 and pressure testing.
- (a) Hydraulic fracturing strings, if used in any wells 16
- 17 regulated by this Act, shall be set or reset pursuant to the
- 18 requirements of this Section. Hydraulic fracturing strings
- 19 shall be either strung into a production liner or run with a
- 20 packer set at least 100 feet below the deepest cement top.
- 21 (b) A function-tested relief valve and diversion line shall
- 22 be installed and used to divert flow from the hydraulic
- 23 fracturing string-casing annulus to a covered watertight steel
- 24 tank in case of hydraulic fracturing string failure.

1	(1) The relief valve shall be set to limit the annular
2	pressure to no more than 95% of the working pressure rating
3	of the weakest casings forming the annulus.
4	(2) The annulus between the hydraulic fracturing
5	string and the production or immediate casing shall be
6	pressurized to at least 250 psi and monitored.
7	(c) Hydraulic fracturing strings shall be tested to not
8	less than the maximum anticipated treating pressure minus the
9	annulus pressure applied between the fracturing string and the
10	production or immediate casing. The pressure test shall be
11	considered successful if the pressure applied has been held for
12	30 minutes with no more than 5% pressure loss.
13	(d) The permittee shall notify the Department's District
14	Office during regular business hours by phone and electronic
15	mail at least 24 hours before conducting a pressure test of the
16	hydraulic fracturing string to enable an inspector to be
17	present when the test is performed.
18	(e) A record of the pressure test shall be made on a form
19	prescribed by the Department, maintained by the permittee in
20	the well file at the well site, and made available to the
21	Department upon request and included in the high volume
22	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations completion report
23	under subsection (d) of Section 1-136.51.
24	(f) If any change to the well involving resetting,
25	repositioning, reconnecting, or breaking any pressure
26	connection of the hydraulic fracturing string occurs after a

- 1 stage of high volume horizontal hydraulic treatment, the
- 2 pressure test requirements of subsections (c) through (e) of
- this Section must be successfully repeated before initiating 3
- 4 any subsequent stage of high volume horizontal hydraulic
- 5 fracturing treatment.
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.41 new)
- 7 Sec. 1-136.41. Surface equipment pressure testing.
- 8 (a) For all wells regulated by this Part, the final
- 9 configuration of surface equipment associated with the high
- 10 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment, including
- the injection lines and manifold, associated valves, fracture 11
- head or tree and any other wellhead components or connections, 12
- 13 must be pressure tested pursuant to the requirements of this
- 14 Section before any pumping of hydraulic fracturing fluid. The
- 15 permittee shall notify the Department's District Office during
- regular business hours by phone and electronic mail at least 24 16
- hours before conducting a pressure test of the final 17
- 18 configuration of the surface equipment used for the high volume
- 19 horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment to enable an
- 20 inspector to be present when the test is performed.
- 21 (b) The final configuration of the surface equipment used
- 22 for the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment
- 23 shall be pressure tested with fresh water or brine to at least
- 24 the maximum anticipated treatment pressure for at least 30
- 25 minutes with less than a 5% pressure loss.

- (c) A record of the pressure test shall be made on a form 1
- prescribed by the Department, maintained by the permittee in 2
- the well file at the well site, and made available to the 3
- 4 Department upon request.
- 5 (d) If the configuration of surface equipment used for the
- 6 high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment has been
- 7 reconfigured or changed in any manner that breaks any pressure
- 8 connection after a stage of high volume horizontal hydraulic
- 9 fracturing operations treatment, the pressure
- 10 requirements of subsections (a) through (c) of this Section
- shall be successfully repeated before initiating any 11
- subsequent stage of high volume horizontal hydraulic 12
- 13 fracturing operations.
- 14 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.42 new)
- 15 Sec. 1-136.42. Notice and approval before commencement of
- high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations. 16
- (a) Before commencement of high volume horizontal 17
- hydraulic fracturing operations, the permittee shall notify 18
- 19 and receive written approval from the Department by U.S. mail
- or electronic mail. Department approval for high volume 20
- 21 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations shall be based on
- the permittee's proof of compliance with subsections (b) 22
- 23 through (e) of this Section:
- 24 (b) The permittee shall notify the Department's District
- 25 Office by telephone and electronic mail or letter at least 48

1	hours before the commencement of high volume horizontal
2	hydraulic fracturing operations to enable an inspector to be
3	present. The notification under this subsection shall be notice
4	for all stages of a multiple-stage high volume horizontal
5	hydraulic fracturing treatment.
6	(c) Prior to conducting high volume horizontal hydraulic
7	fracturing operations at a well site, the permittee shall cause
8	to be plugged all previously abandoned unplugged or
9	insufficiently plugged wellbores within 750 feet of any part of
10	the horizontal wellbore that penetrated within 400 vertical
11	feet of the geologic formation that will be stimulated as part
12	of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations
13	under the requirements of Section 1-136.59.
14	(d) Baseline water quality sampling of all water sources
15	within 1,500 feet of the well site shall be completed under
16	subsection (b) of Section 1-136.29.
17	(e) All tests required by the following Sections shall be
18	<pre>conducted:</pre>
19	(1) Section 1-136.25: well casing internal mechanical
20	<pre>integrity tests;</pre>
21	(2) Section 1-136.28: formation integrity tests;
22	(3) Section 1-136.40: hydraulic fracturing string
23	pressure tests, if required; and
24	(4) Section 1-136.41: surface equipment pressure
25	tests.

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1 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.43 new)

Sec. 1-136.43. Secondary containment inspections. 2

No more than one hour before initiating any stage of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, all secondary containment required under subsection (b) of Section 1-136.44 shall be visually inspected by the permittee or the contractor performing the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations on behalf of the permittee to ensure that all structures and equipment are in place and in proper working order. The results of this inspection shall be recorded and documented by the permittee or the contractor performing the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations on behalf of the permittee on a form prescribed by the Department, maintained in the well file at the well site, and available to the Department upon request.

16 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.44 new)

17 Sec. 1-136.44. General fluid storage.

> (a) In accordance with the approved hydraulic fracturing fluid and flowback plan required by paragraph (11) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.05, and the approved containment plan required by paragraph (13) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.05, and except as provided in Section 1-136.45, hydraulic fracturing additives, hydraulic fracturing fluid, hydraulic fracturing flowback, and produced water shall be stored in above-ground tanks pursuant to the requirements of

1	this Section at all times until removed for proper disposal or
2	recycling. Above-ground tanks shall be:
3	(1) closed, watertight, vented in compliance with
4	Section 1-136.54, and corrosion-resistant;
5	(2) constructed of materials compatible with the
6	composition of the hydraulic fracturing fluid, hydraulic
7	fracturing flowback, and produced water;
8	(3) of sufficient pressure rating;
9	(4) maintained in a leak-free condition; and
10	(5) routinely inspected for corrosion.
11	(b) Secondary containment is required for all above-ground
12	tanks and additive staging areas.
13	Secondary containment measures may include one or a
14	combination of the following: dikes, liners, pads,
15	impoundments, curbs, sumps, or other structures or equipment
16	capable of containing the substance within the well site.
17	Any secondary containment must be sufficient to contain
18	150% of the total capacity of the single largest container or
19	tank within a common containment area.
20	(c) Piping, conveyances, valves in contact with hydraulic
21	fracturing fluid, hydraulic fracturing flowback, or produced
22	<pre>water shall be:</pre>
23	(1) constructed of materials compatible with the
24	expected composition of the hydraulic fracturing fluid,
25	hydraulic fracturing flowback, and produced water;
26	(2) of sufficient pressure rating;

1	(3) able to resist corrosion; and
2	(4) maintained in a leak-free condition.
3	(d) Stationary fueling tanks shall:
4	(1) have secondary containment in accordance with
5	subsection (b) of this Section;
6	(2) be subject to the setback requirements of Section
7	<u>1-136.19;</u>
8	(3) have stationary fueling tank filling operations
9	supervised at the fueling truck and at the tank if the tank
10	is not visible to the fueling operator from the truck; and
11	(4) troughs, drip pads, or drip pans are required
12	beneath the fill port of a stationary fueling tank during
13	filling operations if the fill port is not within the
14	secondary containment required by subsection (b) of this
15	Section.
16	(e) Fresh water may be stored in tanks or pits at the
17	election of the permittee.
18	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.45 new)
19	Sec. 1-136.45. Reserve pits.
20	(a) In accordance with the hydraulic fracturing fluids and
21	flowback plan required by paragraph (11) of subsection (a) of
22	Section 1-136.05 and the containment plan required under
23	paragraph (13) of subsection (a) of Section 1-136.05, and as
24	approved by the Department, the use of a reserve pit is allowed
25	for the temporary storage of hydraulic fracturing flowback. The

Т	reserve pit shari be used only in the event of a rack of
2	capacity for tank storage due to higher than expected volume or
3	rate of hydraulic fracturing flowback, or other unanticipated
4	flowback occurrence.
5	(b) All reserve pits shall comply with the following
6	construction standards and liner specifications:
7	(1) the synthetic liner material shall have a minimum
8	thickness of 24 mils with high puncture and tear strength
9	and be impervious and resistant to deterioration;
10	(2) the pit lining system shall be designed to have a
11	capacity at least equivalent to 110% of the maximum volume
12	of hydraulic fracturing flowback anticipated to be
13	recovered;
14	(3) the lined pit shall be constructed, installed, and
15	maintained in accordance with the manufacturers'
16	specifications and good engineering practices to prevent
17	<pre>overflow during any use;</pre>
18	(4) the liner shall have sufficient elongation to cover
19	the bottom and interior sides of the pit with the edges
20	secured with at least a 12 inch deep anchor trench around
21	the pit perimeter to prevent any slippage or destruction of
22	the liner materials; and
23	(5) the foundation for the liner shall be free of rock
24	and constructed with soil having a minimum thickness of 12
25	inches after compaction covering the entire bottom and
26	interior sides of the pit.

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(c) Hydraulic fracturing flowback reserve pit liners shall 1 be disposed of in an Agency-permitted special waste landfill. 2

(225 ILCS 732/1-136.46 new)

Sec. 1-136.46. Mechanical integrity monitoring.

- (a) During high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, all sealed annulus pressures, the injection pressure, slurry and fluid rates, and the rate of injection shall be continuously monitored and recorded. The records of the monitoring shall be maintained by the permittee in the well file at the well site and shall be provided to the Department upon request at any time during the period up to and including 5 years after the well is permanently plugged or abandoned.
- 13 (b) During high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations: 14
 - (1) The pressure test values established for the internal mechanical integrities of the cemented casings under Section 1-136.25 and of the hydraulic fracturing string under to Section 1-136.40 shall not be exceeded. If any of these pressures decline more than 5%, increases by more than 500 pounds per square inch as compared to the in situ or applied pressure immediately preceding the stimulation, exceeds 80% of the API rated minimum internal yield on any casing string in communication with the stimulation treatment, or if there are other indications of a leak, corrective action shall be taken before conducting

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1	further	high	volume	horizontal	hydraulic	fracturing
2	operatio	ns.				

- (2) The pressure exerted on treating equipment, including valves (includes hydraulic fracturing string relief valve; see subsection (b) of Section 1-136.40 of this Part and Section 1-70(d)(17) of this Act), lines, manifolds, hydraulic fracturing head or tree, casing and hydraulic fracturing string, if used, and any other wellhead component or connection, must not exceed 95% of the working pressure rating of the weakest component.
- (3) The actual hydraulic fracturing treatment pressure during high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations shall not, at any time, exceed the mechanical integrity test pressures of the casings established under Section 1-136.25.
- (c) High volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations shall be immediately suspended if the permittee or Department inspector determines that any anomalous pressure or flow condition or any other anticipated pressure or flow condition is occurring in a way that indicates the mechanical integrity of the well has been compromised and continued operations pose a risk to the environment. Remedial action shall be immediately undertaken.
- (d) The permittee shall notify the Department inspector and the Department's District Office by phone and electronic mail within one hour after suspending operations for any matters

- 1 relating to the mechanical integrity of the well or risk to the
- 2 environment.
- (e) Operations shall not resume until the appropriate 3
- 4 pressure tests under Sections 1-136.40 and 1-136.41 have been
- 5 successfully repeated.
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.47 new)
- Sec. 1-136.47. Hydraulic fracturing fluid and flowback 7
- 8 confinement.
- 9 (a) Hydraulic fracturing fluid shall be confined to the
- 10 targeted formation designated in the permit.
- (b) If the hydraulic fracturing fluid or hydraulic 11
- 12 fracturing flowback migrate into a fresh water zone or to the
- 13 surface from the well in question or from other wells, the
- 14 permittee shall immediately notify the Department and shut in
- the well until remedial action that prevents the fluid 15
- migration is completed. The permittee shall obtain the approval 16
- of the Department prior to resuming operations. 17
- 18 (c) Permittee shall be responsible for any demonstrated
- 19 damages caused by the migration of hydraulic fracturing fluid
- 20 or hydraulic fracturing flowback outside the targeted
- 21 formation.
- 22 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.48 new)
- 2.3 Sec. 1-136.48. Management of gas and produced hydrocarbons
- 24 during flowback.

1	(a) For wells regulated by this Part, permittees shall be
2	responsible for managing natural gas and hydrocarbon fluids
3	produced during the flowback period to ensure no direct release
4	to the atmosphere or environment provided in this Section.
5	Except for wells covered by subsection (f) of this Section,
6	recovered hydrocarbon fluids shall be:
7	(1) routed to one or more storage vessels;
8	(2) injected into a permitted Class II UIC well as
9	described in paragraph (7) of subsection (c) of Section
10	<u>1-136.12; or</u>
11	(3) used for another lawful and useful purpose that a
12	purchased fuel or raw material would serve, with no direct
13	release to the environment.
14	(b) Except for wells covered by subsection (f) of this
15	Section, recovered natural gas shall be:
16	(1) routed into a flow line or collection system;
17	(2) injected into a permitted Class II well as
18	described in paragraph (7) of subsection (c) of Section
19	<u>1-136.12;</u>
20	(3) used as an on-site fuel source; or
21	(4) used for another lawful and useful purpose that a
22	purchased fuel or raw material would serve, with no direct
23	release to the atmosphere.
24	(c) If it is technically infeasible or economically
25	unreasonable to minimize emissions associated with the venting
26	of hydrocarbon fluids and natural gas during the flowback

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- of this Section, the Department, pursuant to Section 1-136.53a,
- shall require the permittee to capture and direct the emissions 3
- 4 to a completion combustion device, except:
- 5 (1) when conditions may result in a fire hazard or 6 explosion; or
- (2) where high heat emissions from a completion 7 8 combustion device may negatively impact waterways.
 - (d) In order to establish technical infeasibility or economic unreasonableness under subsection (c) of this Section, the permittee shall demonstrate to the Department's satisfaction pursuant to Section 1-136.53a, for each well site on an annual basis, that taking the actions listed in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section are not cost effective based on a well site-specific analysis.
 - (e) Completion combustion devices must be equipped with a reliable continuous ignition source over the duration of the flowback period.
 - (f) For each wildcat well, delineation well, or low pressure well, permittees shall be responsible for minimizing the emissions associated with venting of hydrocarbon fluids and natural gas during the flowback period by capturing and directing the emissions to a completion combustion device during the flowback period, except in conditions that may result in a fire hazard or explosion or where high heat emissions from a completion combustion device may negatively

- 1 impact waterways. Completion combustion devices shall be
- 2 equipped with a reliable continuous ignition source over the
- 3 duration of the flowback period.
- 4 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.49 new)
- 5 Sec. 1-136.49. Hydraulic fracturing fluid and hydraulic
- fracturing flowback storage, disposal or recycling, 6
- transportation, and reporting requirements. 7
- 8 (a) The permittee shall notify the Department of the date
- 9 when high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations
- 10 are completed and shall dispose of or recycle hydraulic
- fracturing fluids and hydraulic fracturing flowback under the 11
- 12 requirements of this Section.
- 13 (b) Completion of high volume horizontal hydraulic
- 14 fracturing operations occurs when the flowback period begins
- after the last stage of high volume horizontal hydraulic 15
- fracturing operations. The permittee shall notify the 16
- Department's district office by phone and electronic mail 17
- within 24 hours after high volume horizontal hydraulic 18
- 19 fracturing operations are completed.
- 20 (c) Hydraulic fracturing fluids and hydraulic fracturing
- 21 flowback shall be removed from the well site within 60 days
- after completion of high volume horizontal fracturing 22
- 23 operations, except as provided in subsection (d) of this
- 24 Section.
- 25 (d) Any excess hydraulic fracturing flowback captured for

1	temporary storage in a reserve pit as provided in Section
2	1-136.44 must be removed from the well site or transferred to
3	storage in above-ground tanks for later disposal or recycling
4	within 7 days after commencing flowback operations to the
5	reserve pit. The Department may provide the operator a limited
6	extension if the operator demonstrates to the Department's
7	satisfaction they have made good faith efforts but have been
8	unable to secure the equipment necessary to remove the
9	hydraulic fracturing flowback from the reserve pit in the
10	prescribed timeframe. Excess hydraulic fracturing flowback
11	cannot be removed from the well site until the hydraulic
12	fracturing flowback is tested and the analytical results are
13	provided under subsection (e) of this Section.
14	(e) Testing of hydraulic fracturing flowback shall be
15	<pre>completed as follows:</pre>
16	(1) Hydraulic fracturing flowback must be tested for
17	the presence of volatile organic chemicals, semi-volatile
18	organic chemicals, inorganic chemicals, heavy metals, and
19	naturally occurring radioactive material before removal
20	from the well site, including specifically:
21	(A) pH;
22	(B) total dissolved solids, dissolved methane,
23	dissolved propane, dissolved ethane, alkalinity, and
24	specific conductance;
25	(C) chloride, sulfate, arsenic, barium, calcium,
26	chromium, iron, magnesium, selenium, cadmium, lead,

1	manganese, mercury, and silver;
2	(D) BTEX; and
3	(E) gross alpha and beta particles to determine the
4	presence of any naturally occurring radioactive
5	<pre>materials.</pre>
6	(2) Testing shall be completed on a composited sample
7	of the hydraulic fracturing flowback.
8	(3) Testing shall occur once per well site.
9	(4) The analytical results shall be filed with the
10	Department and the Agency and provided to the liquid
11	oilfield waste transportation and disposal operators at or
12	before the time of pickup.
13	(f) Before plugging and site restoration required by
14	Section 1-136.61, the ground adjacent to the storage tanks and
15	any hydraulic fracturing flowback reserve pit must be measured
16	for radioactivity.
17	(g) Surface discharge of hydraulic fracturing fluids or
18	hydraulic fracturing flowback onto the ground or into any
19	surface water or water drainage way at the well site or any
20	other location is prohibited.
21	(h) Except for recycling allowed by subsection (g) of this
22	Section, hydraulic fracturing flowback may only be disposed of
23	by injection into a Class II injection disposal well that is
24	below interface between fresh water and naturally occurring
25	Class IV groundwater. The Class II injection disposal well
26	shall be equipped with an electronic flowmeter and approved by

1 the Department.

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- (i) Fluid transfer operations from tanks to tanker trucks for transportation offsite shall be supervised at the truck and at the tank if the tank is not visible to the truck operator from the truck. During transfer operations, all interconnecting piping shall be supervised if not visible to transfer personnel at the truck and tank.
- (j) Hydraulic fracturing flowback may be treated and 8 9 recycled for use in hydraulic fracturing fluid for high volume 10 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
 - (k) Transport of all hydraulic fracturing fluids and hydraulic fracturing flowback by vehicle for disposal or recycling shall be undertaken by a liquid oilfield waste hauler permitted by the Department under Section 8c of the Illinois Oil and Gas Act. The liquid oilfield waste hauler transporting hydraulic fracturing fluids or hydraulic fracturing flowback under this Part shall comply with all laws and rules concerning liquid oilfield waste.
 - (1) A fluid handling report on the transportation and disposal or recycling of the hydraulic fracturing fluids and hydraulic fracturing flowback shall be prepared by the permittee on a form prescribed by the Department and included in the well file.

(1) Each report shall include:

25 (A) the amount of hydraulic fracturing fluids or 26 hydraulic fracturing flowback transported;

Τ	(B) identification of the company that transported
2	the hydraulic fracturing fluids or hydraulic
3	<pre>fracturing flowback;</pre>
4	(C) the date the hydraulic fracturing fluids or
5	hydraulic fracturing flowback were picked up from the
6	well site;
7	(D) the destination of the hydraulic fracturing
8	fluids or hydraulic fracturing flowback, including the
9	name, address, and type of facility accepting the
10	hydraulic fracturing fluids or hydraulic fracturing
11	flowback;
12	(E) the method of disposal or recycling; and
13	(F) a copy of the analytical results of the testing
14	required under subsection (e) of this Section.
15	(2) The permittee shall prepare 4 copies of each fluid
16	handling report for distribution as follows:
17	(A) one copy for the permittee's records;
18	(B) two copies for the liquid oilfield waste hauler
19	upon pick-up of the liquids as follows:
20	(i) one copy for the waste hauler's records;
21	(ii) one copy to be provided to the permittee
22	of the Class II UIC well, to the operator of the
23	storage location where the liquids will be
24	disposed of, or to the operator of the storage
25	location where liquids will be recycled; and
26	(C) one copy for the Department. A set of all fluid

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- 2 within 90 days after the completion of all high volume
- 3 horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
- 4 (3) All copies of the fluid handling reports shall be
- retained for at least 5 years. 5
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.50 new)
- 7 Sec. 1-136.50. Spills and remediation.
- 8 (a) The permittee shall immediately clean up and remediate
- 9 any release of hydraulic fracturing fluid, hydraulic
- 10 fracturing additive, hydraulic fracturing flowback, or
- produced water, used or generated during or after high volume 11
- horizontal hydraulic fracturing operation pursuant to 12
- 13 requirements of the Illinois Oil and Gas Act and the
- 14 administrative rules adopted under that Act.
- (b) The permittee shall report any release of hydraulic 15
- fracturing fluid or hydraulic fracturing flowback in excess of 16
- 17 one barrel to the Department.
- (c) The permittee shall clean up, remediate, and report any 18
- 19 release of produced water in excess of 5 barrels pursuant to
- requirements of the Illinois Oil and Gas Act and the 20
- 21 administrative rules adopted under that Act.
- 22 (d) The permittee shall report any release of a hydraulic
- fracturing additive to the Illinois Emergency Management 23
- 24 Agency in accordance with the appropriate reportable quantity
- 25 thresholds established under the federal Emergency Planning

- 1 and Community Right-to-Know Act as published at 40 CFR 355,
- 370, and 372, the federal Comprehensive Environmental 2
- Response, Compensation, and Liability Act as published in 40 3
- 4 CFR 302, and Section 112(r) of the Federal Clean Air Act as
- 5 published at 40 CFR 68.
- 6 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.51 new)
- 7 Sec. 1-136.51. High volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 8 operations completion report.
- 9 (a) Within 60 calendar days after the conclusion of high
- 10 volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, the
- permittee shall file a high volume horizontal hydraulic 11
- fracturing operations completion report with the Department in 12
- 13 hard copy and electronic format (PDF).
- 14 (b) The Department shall provide a copy of each completion
- 15 report submitted to the Department to the Illinois State
- Geological Survey in electronic format. 16
- (c) The Department shall make available the completion 17
- 18 reports on the Department's website no later than 30 days after
- 19 receipt by the Department.
- (d) The high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing 20
- 21 operations completion report shall contain the following
- 22 information:
- 23 (1) the permittee's name as listed in the permit
- 24 application;
- 25 (2) the dates of the high volume horizontal hydraulic

1	<pre>fracturing operations;</pre>
2	(3) the county where the well is located;
3	(4) the well name and Department reference number;
4	(5) the total water volume used in each stage and the
5	total used in the high volume horizontal hydraulic
6	fracturing operations of the well and the type and total
7	volume of the base fluid used, if something other than
8	water;
9	(6) each source from which the water used in the high
10	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations was
11	drawn, and the specific location of each source, including,
12	but not limited to, the name of the county and latitude and
13	<pre>longitude coordinates;</pre>
14	(7) the quantity of hydraulic fracturing flowback
15	recovered from the well and the time period for flowback
16	recovery;
17	(8) a description of how hydraulic fracturing flowback
18	recovered from the well was disposed or recycled;
19	(9) a chemical disclosure report identifying each
20	chemical and proppant used in hydraulic fracturing fluid
21	for each stage of the high volume horizontal hydraulic
22	fracturing operations including the following:
23	(A) the total volume of water used in the high
24	volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing treatment of
25	the well or the type and total volume of the base fluid
26	used in the high volume horizontal hydraulic

1	fracturing treatment, if something other than water;
2	(B) each hydraulic fracturing additive used in the
3	hydraulic fracturing fluid, including the trade name,
4	vendor, a brief descriptor of the intended use or
5	function of each hydraulic fracturing additive, and
6	the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), if applicable;
7	(C) each chemical intentionally added to the base
8	fluid, including, for each chemical, the Chemical
9	Abstracts Service number, if applicable; and
10	(D) the actual concentration in the base fluid, in
11	percent by mass, of each chemical intentionally added
12	to the base fluid;
13	(10) a copy of the hydraulic fracturing string pressure
14	test conducted under subsection (e) of Section 1-136.40, if
15	applicable;
16	(11) all pressures recorded during the high volume
17	horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations under Section
18	<u>1-136.46;</u>
19	(12) plans for how produced water shall be disposed of
20	or recycled as required by Section 1-136.57; if produced
21	water is to be disposed of, the names and locations of
22	Class II injection wells to be used; all Class II injection
23	wells to be used for disposal of produced water must be
24	shown to be in compliance with 62 Ill. Adm. Code 240.360 at
25	the time of the issuance of the high volume horizontal
26	hydraulic fracturing permit; and

1 (13) any other reasonable or pertinent informat

- related to the conduct of the high volume horizontal 2
- hydraulic fracturing operations that the Department may 3
- 4 request or require.
- 5 (e) The high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- operations completion report must be approved and signed and 6
- certified by a licensed professional engineer, licensed 7
- professional geologist, or the permittee. 8
- 9 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.52 new)
- 10 Sec. 1-136.52. Use of diesel in high volume horizontal
- hydraulic fracturing operations is prohibited. It is unlawful 11
- 12 to perform any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 13 operations by knowingly or recklessly injecting diesel.
- 14 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.53 new)
- Sec. 1-136.53. Managing natural gas and hydrocarbon fluids 15
- 16 during production
- (a) For wells regulated by this Part, permittees shall be 17
- 18 responsible for minimizing the emissions associated with the
- venting of hydrocarbon fluids and natural gas during the 19
- 20 production phase to safely maximize resource recovery and
- 21 minimize releases to the environment.
- 22 (b) Except for wells covered by subsection (j) of this
- 23 Section, sand traps, surge vessels, separators, and tanks must
- 24 be employed as soon as practicable during cleanout operations

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to safely maximize resource recovery and minimize releases to
the environment.
(c) Except for wells covered by subsection (j) of this
Section, recovered hydrocarbon fluids must be routed into
storage vessels.
(d) Except for wells covered by subsection (j) of this
Section, recovered natural gas must be:
(1) routed into a gas gathering line or collection
system, or to a generator for onsite energy generation;
(2) provided to the surface landowner of the well site
for use for heat or energy generation; or
(3) used for a lawful and useful purpose other than
venting or flaring.
(e) If the permittee establishes under Section 1-136.53a
that it is technically infeasible or economically unreasonable
to minimize emissions associated with the venting of
hydrocarbon fluids and natural gas during production using the
methods specified in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section,
the Department shall require the permittee to capture and
direct any natural gas produced during the production phase to
a flare.
(f) In order to establish technical infeasibility or
economic unreasonableness under subsection (e) of this
Section, the permittee shall demonstrate, to the Department's

satisfaction and for each well site on an annual basis, that

taking the actions listed in subsections (c) and (d) of this

1	Section are not cost-effective based on a well site-specific
2	analysis in accordance with Section 1-136.53a.
3	(g) Any flare used under this Section shall be equipped
4	with a reliable, continuous ignition source over the duration
5	of production.
6	(h) Permittees that use a flare during the production phase
7	for operations other than emergency conditions shall annually
8	file an updated well site-specific analysis with the Department
9	on a form prescribed by the Department. The analysis shall:
10	(1) be due one year from the date of the previous
11	submission; and
12	(2) detail in accordance with Section 1-136.53a
13	whether any changes have occurred that alter the technical
14	infeasibility or economic unreasonableness of the
15	permittee to reduce emissions under subsections (c) and (d)
16	of this Section.
17	(i) On or after July 1, 2015, all flares used under this
18	Section shall:
19	(1) operate with a combustion efficiency of at least
20	98% and in accordance with 40 CFR 60.18;
21	(2) be certified by the manufacturer of the device; and
22	(3) be maintained and operated in accordance with
23	manufacturer specifications.
24	(j) For each wildcat well, delineation well, or low
25	pressure well, permittees shall be responsible for minimizing
26	the emissions associated with the venting of hydrocarbon fluids

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sale.

1	and natural gas during the production phase by capturing and
2	directing the emissions to a flare during the production phase,
3	except in conditions that may result in a fire hazard or
4	explosion or where high heat emissions from a flare may
5	negatively impact waterways. Flares shall be used during the
6	production phase.
7	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.53a new)
8	Sec. 1-136.53a. Determination of economic feasibility for
9	capture and use of produced gas.
10	(a) For the purposes of determining whether the
11	requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1-136.48 and
12	subsections (a), (b), and (c) of Section 1-136.53 impose
13	economically unreasonable standards, the application shall
14	provide the Department information relevant to the following
15	areas:
16	(1) The basis for the gas price used to determine
17	whether it is economically infeasible to connect the well
18	to a natural gas gathering line.
19	(2) The cost of connecting the well to the line and
20	operating the facilities connecting the well to the line.
21	(3) The current daily rate of the amount of gas flared
22	from the well.
23	(4) The amount of estimated gas reserves associated

with the well and the amount of gas currently available for

- 1 (b) Information provided under paragraphs (2) and (4) of
- 2 subsection (a) of this Section shall be treated as proprietary
- 3 trade secret information by the Department and not subject to
- 4 public disclosure.
- 5 (c) The Department may request additional information from
- 6 the permittee to reach a determination on the economic
- feasibility of implementing the requirements of subsections 7
- 8 (a) and (b) of Section 1-136.48 and subsections (a), (b), and
- 9 (c) of Section 1-136.53.
- 10 (d) The Department shall provide the permittee with a
- 11 written decision after reviewing any information submitted by
- 12 the permittee that justifies the claim that the requirements of
- 13 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1-136.48 and subsections
- 14 (a), (b), and (c) of 1-136.53 are not cost effective.
- 15 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.54 new)
- Sec. 1-136.54. Uncontrolled emissions from storage tanks 16
- containing natural gas and hydrocarbon fluids. 17
- 18 (a) In addition to the requirements of Section 1-136.53,
- 19 uncontrolled emissions exceeding 6 tons per year from storage
- 20 tanks containing natural gas or hydrocarbon fluids shall be
- 21 recovered and routed to a flare that is designed in accordance
- 22 with 40 CFR 60.18 and is certified by the manufacturer of the
- 23 device.
- 24 (b) The permittee shall maintain and operate the flare in
- 25 accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

- 1 (c) Any flare used under this Section shall be equipped
- 2 with a reliable continuous ignition source over the duration of
- production pursuant to the requirements of subsection (i) of 3
- 4 Section 1-136.53.
- 5 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.55 new)
- Sec. 1-136.55. Flaring waiver. 6
- 7 (a) The Department may approve an exemption request made in
- 8 writing that waives the flaring requirements of Sections
- 9 1-136.53 and 1-136.54 only if the permittee demonstrates to the
- 10 Department's satisfaction that the use of the flare will pose a
- significant risk of injury or property damage and that 11
- 12 alternative methods of collection will not threaten harm to the
- 13 environment.
- 14 (b) In determining whether to approve a waiver, the
- Department shall consider the quantity of casinghead gas 15
- produced, the topographical and climatological features at the 16
- well site, and the proximity of agricultural structures, crops, 17
- 18 inhabited structures, public buildings, and public roads and
- 19 railways.
- (c) The Department shall provide the permittee with a 20
- written decision. 21
- 22 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.56 new)
- 2.3 Sec. 1-136.56. Annual flaring reports. Pursuant to
- Sections 1-136.53 and 1-136.54, permittees shall record the 24

- 1 amount of gas flared or vented from each high volume horizontal
- hydraulic fracturing well on an ongoing basis. Every 12 months 2
- from the date of the permit issuance under this Part, 3
- 4 permittees shall report to the Department the total amount of
- 5 gas flared or vented from each well during the previous 12
- 6 months.
- 7 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.57 new)
- 8 Sec. 1-136.57. Produced water disposal or recycling,
- 9 transportation, and reporting requirements.
- 10 (a) The permittee shall dispose of or recycle produced
- water in accordance with the requirements of this Section. 11
- (b) Surface discharge of produced water onto the ground or 12
- 13 into any surface water or water drainage way is prohibited.
- 14 (c) Except for recycling allowed under subsection (e) of
- 15 this Section, produced water may only be disposed of by
- injection into a Class II injection well that is below 16
- interface between fresh water and naturally-occurring Class IV 17
- 18 groundwater. Unless used for enhanced oil recovery, the Class
- 19 II injection well must be equipped with an electronic flowmeter
- 20 and approved by the Department.
- 21 (d) Produced water transfer operations from tanks to tanker
- 22 trucks for transportation offsite must be supervised at the
- 23 truck and at the tank if the tank is not visible to the truck
- 24 operator from the truck. During transfer operations, all
- interconnecting piping must be supervised if not visible to 25

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- (e) Produced water may be treated and recycled for use in hydraulic fracturing fluid for high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
 - (f) A liquid oilfield waste hauler permitted by the Department under Section 8c of the Illinois Oil and Gas Act shall transport produced water by vehicle for disposal or recycling. The liquid oilfield waste hauler transporting produced water under this Part shall comply with all laws and rules concerning liquid oilfield waste.
 - (q) Permittees shall submit an annual produced water report to the Department detailing the management of any produced water associated with the permitted well.
 - (1) The produced water report shall be due to the Department on or before April 30 of each year and shall provide information on the operator's management of any produced water for the prior calendar year and the anticipated management for the next calendar year.
- 19 (2) The produced water report shall contain information relative to the amount of produced water from 20 21 the well, the method by which the produced water was 22 transported and disposed of or recycled, and the 23 destination where the produced water was disposed of or 24 recycled.

- 1 Sec. 1-136.58. Plugging and restoration requirements.
- (a) The permittee shall perform and complete the plugging 2
- 3 of the well and restoration of the well site in accordance with
- 4 the Illinois Oil and Gas Act and any and all rules adopted
- 5 under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act. The permittee shall bear
- all costs related to plugging of the well and reclamation of 6
- 7 the well site.
- (b) If the permittee fails to plug the well in accordance 8
- 9 with this Section, the owner of the well shall be responsible
- 10 for complying with this Section.
- 11 (c) If the permittee stimulates the geologic formation in
- accordance with the permit using a high volume horizontal 12
- hydraulic fracturing process, then once commercial production 13
- 14 ceases from the well and it is time to plug the well, in
- 15 addition to all the other requirements, the permittee shall
- 16 initiate the plugging process using a circulation method
- starting at the top of the geologic formation stimulated 17
- installing a cement plug at least 100 feet above the top of the 18
- 19 geologic formation.
- 20 (d) Upon completion of the requirements of this Section and
- Sections 1-136.59, 1-136.60, and 1-136.61 the Department shall 21
- 22 release the permit under Section 1-136.17.
- 23 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.59 new)
- 24 Sec. 1-136.59. Plugging previously abandoned unplugged or
- 25 insufficiently plugged wells.

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- (a) Prior to conducting high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations at a well site, the permittee shall plug all previously abandoned unplugged or insufficiently plugged wellbores within 750 feet of any part of the horizontal wellbore that penetrated within 400 vertical feet of the geologic formation that will be stimulated as part of the high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations pursuant to the requirements of this Section.
 - (b) Any abandoned unplugged or insufficiently plugged wellbores within 750 feet of any part of the horizontal well bore that penetrated within 400 vertical feet of the geologic formation that will be stimulated as part of the permittee's proposed high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations shall be designated for plugging by the Department as a condition of the permit that shall be completed before conducting high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations.
 - (c) This pre-high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations plugging obligation shall be performed in accordance with 62 Ill. Adm. Code 240.1110 and shall be completed before any high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations may begin.
 - (1) If the permittee does not have the authority to plug an abandoned well within the Plugging and Restoration Fund Program, the Department shall give the permittee authority to enter upon the land, plug the well, and

1	restore the well site consistent with 62 Ill. Adm. Code
2	<u>240.1610(e).</u>
3	(2) If the permittee does not have the authority to
4	plug an abandoned well that is not within the Plugging and
5	Restoration Fund Program, either:
6	(A) the Department shall initiate abandoned well
7	proceedings under Section 19.1 of the Illinois Oil and
8	Gas Act and 62 Ill. Adm. Code 240.1610 in order to
9	grant the permittee authority to plug the abandoned
10	well; or
11	(B) the permittee shall work with the landowner and
12	the person responsible for the abandoned well to
13	arrange for plugging and restoration.
14	(d) If the permittee is unable to locate an abandoned
15	unplugged well or insufficiently plugged well identified by the
16	Department for plugging before high volume horizontal
17	hydraulic fracturing operations may begin, the permittee may
18	receive a waiver of the plugging requirement from the
19	Department after demonstrating a diligent effort to locate the
20	abandoned unplugged well or insufficiently plugged well in the
21	<u>field.</u>
22	(e) Before proceeding with any high volume horizontal
23	hydraulic fracturing operations, the permittee shall provide
24	notice to the Department that the plugging requirements of this
25	Section have been met.
26	(f) If, during or after performing high volume horizontal

1 h	ydraulic	fracturing	operations,	there	is	any	evidence	of
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- fluids leaking at the surface from abandoned wells, unpermitted 2
- 3 wells, or previously plugged wells within 750 feet of any part
- 4 of the horizontal wellbore:
- 5 (1) the permittee shall immediately notify the
- Department and shut in the well; 6
- (2) the permittee shall plug those wells and restore 7
- the well sites in accordance with 62 Ill. Adm. Code 8
- 9 240.870, 240.875, and 240.1110; and
- 10 (3) the permittee shall obtain the approval of the
- Department prior to resuming operations. 11
- (q) If, during or after performing high volume horizontal 12
- hydraulic fracturing operations, there is any evidence of 13
- 14 damage from the permittee's high volume horizontal hydraulic
- 15 fracturing operations to a producing well within 750 feet of
- 16 any part of the horizontal wellbore, the permittee shall be
- responsible for all repairs to the well construction or the 17
- 18 costs of plugging the damaged well.
- 19 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.60 new)
- Sec. 1-136.60. Restoration of lands other than the well 20
- 21 site and production facility.
- (a) Unless contractually agreed to the contrary by the 22
- permittee and the surface landowner, the permittee shall 23
- 24 restore any lands used by the permittee other than the well
- site and production facility to a condition as closely 25

1	approximating the pre-drilling conditions that existed before
2	the land was disturbed for any stage of site preparation
3	activities, drilling, and high volume horizontal hydraulic
4	fracturing operations.
5	(b) Restoration shall be commenced within 6 months after
6	completion of the well site and shall be completed within 12
7	months.
8	(c) Restoration shall include, but not be limited to:
9	(1) repair of tile lines;
10	(2) repair of fences and barriers;
11	(3) mitigation of soil compaction and rutting;
12	(4) application of fertilizer or lime to restore the
13	fertility of disturbed soil; and
14	(5) repair of soil conservation practices such as
15	terraces and grassed waterways.
16	(d) The Department shall consult with the University of
17	Illinois Extension and the Department of Agriculture to develop
18	a list of best management practices that provides technical
19	quidance for the proper restoration of items specified in this
20	Section.
21	(225 ILCS 732/1-136.61 new)
22	Sec. 1-136.61. Restoration of the well site and production
23	facility.
24	(a) Unless contractually agreed to the contrary by the

permittee and surface landowner, the permittee shall restore

- 1 the well site and production facility to a condition as closely
- approximating the pre-drilling conditions that existed before 2
- the land was disturbed for any stage of site preparation 3
- 4 activities, drilling, and high volume horizontal hydraulic
- 5 fracturing operations.

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- (b) Restoration shall include:
- (1) All of the requirements set forth in subsection (c) of Section 1-136.60.
- 9 (2) Removal of all equipment and materials involved in 10 site preparation, drilling, and high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations, including tank batteries, 11 rock and concrete pads, oil field debris, injection and 12 13 flow lines at or above the surface, electric power lines 14 and poles extending on or above the surface, tanks, fluids, 15 pipes at or above the surface, secondary containment measures, rock or concrete bases, drilling equipment and 16 supplies, and any and all other equipment, facilities, or 17 materials used during any stage of site preparation work, 18 19 drilling, or high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing 20 operations at the well site.
- (3) All of the requirements of 62 Ill. Adm. Code 21 240.1180 and 240.1181. 22
 - (c) Restoration and work on the removal of equipment and materials at the well site shall begin within 6 months after plugging the final well on the well site and shall be completed no later than 12 months after the last producing well on the

- well site has been plugged. 1
- (d) Roads installed as part of the oil and gas operation 2
- 3 may only be left in place if provided in the lease or pursuant
- 4 to agreement with the landowner, as applicable.
- 5 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.62 new)
- Sec. 1-136.62. Suspension, revocation, remediation, and 6
- administrative penalties. The Department may, through the 7
- 8 enforcement process set forth in this Section and Sections
- 9 1-136.63, 1-136.64, 1-136.65, and 1-136.66, suspend or revoke a
- 10 high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit, order
- actions to remediate, or issue administrative penalties for one 11
- 12 or more of the following causes:
- 13 (1) providing misleading or materially untrue information
- 14 in a permit application process or in any document or
- information provided to the Department; 15
- (2) violating any condition of the permit; 16
- (3) violating any provision of or any rule adopted under 17
- 18 this Act or the Illinois Oil and Gas Act;
- 19 (4) using fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices or
- demonstrating incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial 20
- 21 irresponsibility in the conduct of business in this State or
- 22 elsewhere;
- 23 (5) having a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 24 permit or its equivalent revoked in any other state, province,
- district, or territory for incurring a material or major 25

1	violation	or using	fraudulent	or disho	nest pra	actices:
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- (6) the existence of an emergency condition under which the 2
- 3 conduct of high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing
- 4 operations would pose a significant hazard to public health,
- 5 aquatic life, wildlife, or the environment; or
- (7) a determination of pollution or diminution made 6
- 7 pursuant to an investigation under Section 1-136.30.
- 8 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.63 new)
- 9 Sec. 1-136.63. Notice of violation.
- 10 (a) When the Department determines to suspend or revoke a
- permit issued under this Part, orders actions to remediate, or 11
- 12 issues administrative penalties under this Section and
- 13 Sections 1-136.62, 1-136.64, 1-136.65, and 1-136.66, a Notice
- 14 of Violation shall be completed and delivered to the permittee
- and to the Director or the Director's designee. 15
- (b) The Notice of Violation shall contain all of the 16
- following information: 17
- 18 (1) The name and permit number for the well at issue.
- 19 (2) The provision of Section 1-136.62 that applies, a
- 20 statement specifying the factual nature of the violation
- and, as applicable, a citation to the specific permit 21
- condition alleged to have been violated or to the specific 22
- 23 Section of this Part, this Act, the Illinois Oil and Gas
- 24 Act or the administrative rules adopted under the Illinois
- 25 Oil and Gas Act alleged to have been violated.

Τ	(3) A statement as to whether the permit is immediately
2	suspended by the Notice of Violation and, if so:
3	(A) a factual explanation indicating an emergency
4	condition posing a significant threat to the public
5	health, aquatic life, wildlife, or the environment if
6	the permit operation is allowed to continue; and
7	(B) The terms of the suspension, including, but not
8	limited to, whether the suspension is pending a
9	Director's Decision to revoke the permit.
10	(4) A statement as to whether a remedial action is
11	needed to address the violation and, if so, identification
12	of the remedial action and the time within which the
13	remedial action is required to be completed.
14	(5) A statement as to whether probationary or permanent
15	modification or conditions on the permit shall be
16	recommended and, if so, the substance of the recommended
17	probationary or permanent modification or conditions.
18	(6) Any factors known to the person completing the
19	Notice of Violation in aggravation or mitigation of the
20	violation and the existence of any factors indicating that
21	the permit should be conditioned or modified.
22	(c) The permittee charged with the Notice of Violation may
23	provide the Department, in writing, any information in
24	mitigation of the Notice of Violation within 14 days after the
25	date of receiving the Notice of Violation. The written
26	information may include a proposed alternative to the

- 1 Department's suggested remedial action needed to address the 2 violation.
- (d) If a Notice of Violation includes an immediate permit 3 4 suspension, the suspension may be stayed at any time by the 5 Department if the permittee requests the stay and submits evidence that demonstrates that there is no significant threat 6 to the public health, aquatic life, wildlife, or the 7 8 environment if the operation is allowed to continue. Requests 9 for stay must be made in writing to the Department, shall 10 provide the basis for the requested stay, and shall be accompanied by any supporting documents. All requests for stay 11 12 shall be delivered to the Department's Office of Oil and Gas 13 Resource Management located in Springfield, Illinois or mailed 14 to the Department at Illinois Department of Natural Resources, 15 Attention: Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management. A request for stay shall be decided by the Director or the Director's 16 designee within 5 business days after its receipt. 17
- 18 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.64 new)
- 19 Sec. 1-136.64. Director's decision.
- 20 (a) Upon receipt of a Notice of Violation, the Director or 21 Director's designee shall conduct an investigation and may affirm, vacate, or modify the Notice of Violation. In 22 determining whether to affirm, vacate, or modify the Notice of 23
- 24 Violation, the Director shall consider:
- 25 (1) whether the facts support the violation set forth

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in	the	Notice	of	Violation;
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- (2) the seriousness of the violation, including any harm to public health, aquatic life, wildlife, or the environment or damage to property;
- (3) the permittee's history of previous violations, including violations at other locations and under other permits; a violation shall not be counted if the Notice of Violation or Director's Decision is the subject of pending administrative review by the Department under Section 1-136.65 or judicial review under the Administrative Review Law and the rules adopted under that Law, or if the time to request a review has not expired, and thereafter it shall be counted for only 2 years after the date of the Department's final administrative decision or a final judicial decision affirming the Department's decision; no violation for which the Notice of Violation or Director's Decision has been vacated shall be counted;
 - (4) the degree of culpability of the permittee;
- (5) whether the remedial action to address the violation set forth in the Notice of Violation is completed within the time set forth in the Notice of Violation; and
- (6) the existence of any additional conditions or factors in aggravation or mitigation of the violation, including information provided by any person or by the permittee.
- (b) Modification to the Notice of Violation may include:

Т	(1) any different or additional remedial actions
2	required to address the violation and the time within which
3	the remedial actions must be completed;
4	(2) assessment of administrative penalties not to
5	exceed \$5,000 per day and per violation;
6	(3) probationary or permanent modification or
7	conditions on the permit, which may include special
8	monitoring or reporting requirements;
9	(4) suspension of the permit; and
10	(5) revocation of the permit.
11	(c) The Director shall determine whether to assess
12	administrative penalties based on the factors set forth in
13	subsection (a) of this Section. If an administrative penalty is
14	assessed by the Department, the administrative penalty shall be
15	<pre>computed as follows:</pre>
16	(1) Administrative violations are violations of any
17	submission, reporting, or notification requirements of
18	this Part, including, but not limited to, failing to
19	properly comply with the reporting and Department
20	notification requirements set forth in the construction,
21	operation, monitoring, disclosure, or production
22	requirements of this Part or of the permit. Administrative
23	violations shall be assessed on a permittee-specific
24	basis. The Department may assess a per day penalty for each
25	administrative violation as follows:
26	(A) No previous violation of the same rule: \$100.

1	(B) One previous violation of the same rule: \$200.
2	(C) Two previous violations of the same rule: \$300.
3	(D) Three previous violations of the same rule:
4	<u>\$400.</u>
5	(E) Four or more previous violations of the same
6	rule: \$500.
7	(2) Operating violations are violations of all other
8	requirements of this Part not covered by paragraph (1) of
9	subsection (c) of this Section, including, but not limited
10	to, constructing or operating a well in violation of the
11	construction, operation, monitoring, disclosure, or
12	production requirements of this Part or of the permit. The
13	Department may assess a per day penalty for each operating
14	violation by considering elements of the following:
15	(A) History of violations:
16	(i) No previous violation of the same rule:
17	<u>\$250.</u>
18	(ii) One previous violation of the same rule:
19	<u>\$500.</u>
20	(iii) Two previous violations of the same
21	rule: \$1,000.
22	(iv) Three or more previous violations of the
23	<pre>same rule: \$2,000.</pre>
24	(B) Seriousness:
25	(i) If the violation had a low degree of
26	probability to cause environmental damage to soil

1	and land surface, vegetation or crops, surface
2	water, groundwater, livestock or wildlife: add
3	<u>\$100.</u>
4	(ii) If the violation had a high degree of
5	probability to cause environmental damage to soil
6	or land surface, vegetation or crops, surface
7	water, groundwater, livestock or wildlife: add
8	<u>\$250.</u>
9	(iii) If the violation caused environmental
10	damage to soil or land surface, vegetation or
11	crops, surface water, groundwater, livestock or
12	wildlife: add \$1,000.
13	(iv) If the violation created a hazard to the
14	safety of any person: add \$2,000.
15	(C) Permittee's actions:
16	(i) If the permittee was previously notified
17	of the violation using a routine inspection report
18	(Form OG-22) in accordance with Section 1-136.63
19	or correspondence from the Department and failed
20	to comply: add \$1,000.
21	(ii) If the violation occurred as a result of
22	the permittee's lack of reasonable care: add \$500.
23	(iii) If the violation occurred as a result of
24	the permittee's deliberate conduct, including lack
25	of reasonable maintenance of equipment: add
26	<u>\$1,000.</u>

1	(d) The Director or Director's designee shall serve the
2	permittee with his or her decision at the conclusion of the
3	investigation. The Director's Decision shall be served either
4	personally or by certified mail, receipt return requested, to
5	the permittee. The Director's Decision shall provide that the
6	permittee has the right to request a hearing to contest the
7	Director's Decision under Section 1-136.65.

- (e) The Director's Decision shall take effect upon issuance.
 - (f) The permittee may contest the Director's Decision by submitting a request, in writing, within 30 days after the date of receiving the Director's Decision a hearing under Section 1-136.65. Except as provided under paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 1-136.65, in the event that a hearing is requested, the Director's Decision shall remain in effect until a final order is entered pursuant to the hearing.
 - or, if a civil penalty has been assessed, to timely tender the assessed civil penalty shall constitute a failure to exhaust all administrative remedies and a waiver of all legal rights to contest the Director's Decision, including the amount of the civil penalty.
 - (h) The permittee may, within 30 days after the date of receipt of the Director's Decision, submit to the Department, in writing, any mitigating factors that permittee believes to be relevant to the violation cited in the Director's Decision.

1		(i) Upon further investigation, the Director may enter into
2	<u>a</u> s	ettlement agreement, issue an amended Director's Decision,
3	or	issue a replacement Director's Decision.
4		(1) A settlement agreement shall be issued to:
5		(A) extend the amount of time provided to complete
6		remedial action necessary to address a violation set
7		<pre>forth in the Director's Decision;</pre>
8		(B) reduce the civil penalty assessed in the
9		<pre>Director's Decision; or</pre>
10		(C) allow new permits or the transfer of existing
11		permits to be issued during the term of the settlement
12		agreement.
13		(2) An amended Director's Decision shall be issued to:
14		(A) extend the amount of time provided to complete
15		remedial action necessary to address a violation set
16		forth in the Director's Decision; or
17		(B) reduce the civil penalty assessed in the
18		<pre>Director's Decision.</pre>
19		(3) A replacement Director's Decision shall be issued
20		to correct an administrative error contained in the
21		Director's Decision or the Notice of Violation.
22		(4) The permittee shall have no right to administrative
23		hearing associated with the issuance of a settlement
24		agreement or an amended Director's Decision.
25		(j) If the Director's Decision includes the assessment of
26	an	administrative penalty and the permittee named in the

- 1 Director's Decision does not request a hearing under Section
- 2 1-136.65, the administrative penalty assessed shall be paid to
- the Department in full within 30 days after receiving the 3
- 4 Director's Decision.
- 5 (k) All administrative penalties assessed and paid to the
- Department shall be deposited in the Mines and Minerals 6
- 7 Regulatory Fund.
- 8 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.65 new)
- 9 Sec. 1-136.65. Director's decision hearings.
- 10 (a) A permittee shall have 30 days from the date of
- receiving the Director's Decision to submit a written request 11
- 12 for a hearing to contest the Director's Decision. The written
- 13 request for a hearing shall provide the basis for contesting
- 14 the Director's Decision and be accompanied by any documents
- 15 evidencing the basis for contesting the Director's Decision. A
- permittee seeking to contest any Director's Decision in which a 16
- civil penalty has been assessed shall submit the assessed 17
- amount to the Department by cashier's check or money order, 18
- 19 together with a timely written request for hearing. The
- 20 assessed amount shall be deposited by the Department pending
- 21 the outcome of the hearing. The assessed amount or applicable
- portion thereof shall be refunded to the permittee at the 22
- 23 conclusion of the hearing if the Department does not prevail.
- 24 All requests for a hearing shall be delivered to the
- 25 Department's Office of Oil and Gas Resource Management located

1	in Springfield, Illinois or mailed to the Department at
2	Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Attention: Office of
3	Oil and Gas Resource Management.
4	(b) Upon receipt of a request for a hearing submitted in
5	accordance with all requirements of subsection (a) of this
6	Section, the Department shall provide an opportunity for a
7	formal hearing upon not less than 5 days' written notice mailed
8	to the permittee or person submitting the hearing request. All
9	hearings under this Section shall be conducted in the
10	Department's offices located in Springfield, Illinois.
11	(c) The hearing shall be conducted by a Hearing Officer
12	designated by the Director. The Hearing Officer shall have all
13	powers necessary to conduct the hearing, including, but not
14	limited to, the power to administer oaths and affirmations,
15	subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence,
16	and require the production of books, papers, correspondence,
17	and other records or information that he or she considers
18	relevant or material.
19	(d) The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the
20	<pre>following procedures:</pre>
21	(1) Pre-hearing conference.
22	(A) A pre-hearing conference shall be scheduled
23	within 60 days after the request for hearing:
24	(i) to define the factual and legal issues to
25	be litigated at the administrative hearing;
26	(ii) to determine the timing and scope of

1	discovery available to the parties;
2	(iii) to set a date for the parties to exchange
3	all documents they intend to introduce into
4	evidence during the hearing, a list of all
5	witnesses the parties intend to have testify, and a
6	summary of the testimony of each witness;
7	(iv) to schedule a date for the administrative
8	hearing; and
9	(v) to arrive at an equitable settlement of the
10	hearing request, if possible.
11	(B) Pre-hearing conferences under this Section may
12	be conducted through a telephone conference if that
13	procedure is acceptable to all parties to the hearing.
14	In the event that a telephone conference is not
15	acceptable to all parties, the pre-hearing conference
16	shall be conducted at the Department's offices located
17	in Springfield, Illinois or at a place designated by
18	the Hearing Officer.
19	(2) Stays of suspension or revocation. The order of
20	suspension or revocation of a permit based on subsection
21	(f) of Section 1-136.58 may be stayed at any time by the
22	Hearing Officer if requested by the permittee by
23	appropriate motion and evidence is submitted demonstrating
24	that there is no significant threat to the public health,
25	aquatic life, wildlife, or the environment if the operation
26	is allowed to continue. The Hearing Officer shall issue an

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order granting or denying a motion to stay within 5 business days after it is heard.

- (3) Either party may file motions for default judgment, motions for summary judgment, motions for protective orders, and motions for orders compelling discovery. The Hearing Officer shall issue an order granting or denying motions filed within 15 days after service or, if applicable, after the hearing. Any order granting a motion for default judgment or a motion for summary judgment shall constitute the Department's final administrative decision as to the matter being contested.
- (4) If a settlement agreement is entered into at any stage of the hearing process, the person to whom the notice of violation or cessation order was issued shall be deemed to have waived all right to further review of the violation or administrative penalty in question, except as otherwise expressly provided for in the settlement agreement. The settlement agreement shall contain a waiver clause to this effect. All settlement agreements shall be executed by the Hearing Officer and shall constitute the Department's final administrative decision as to the matter being contested.
- (5) All hearings under this Section shall be conducted in accordance with Article 10 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
 - (6) At the hearing, the Department shall have the

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burden of proving the facts of the violation alleged in the notice of violation at issue. The amount of any administrative penalty assessed shall be presumed to be proper; however, the permittee may offer evidence to rebut this presumption. The standard of proof shall be a preponderance of the evidence. The permittee shall have the right to challenge the Hearing Officer if the person or permittee believes the Hearing Officer is prejudiced against him or her or has a conflict of interest. If the Hearing Officer disqualifies himself or herself, the Director shall designate a new Hearing Officer. The Hearing Officer shall conduct the hearing and hear the evidence. The Hearing Officer, at the conclusion of the hearing, shall have 30 days to issue recommended findings of fact, recommended conclusions of law, and make recommendations as to the disposition of the case.

(7) The Director or the Director's designee shall review the administrative record in conjunction with the Hearing Officer's recommended findings of fact, recommended conclusions of law and recommendations as to the disposition of the case. Within 15 days after receiving the Hearing Officer's recommendations, the Department shall issue a final administrative decision.

(e) All Department final administrative decisions set forth in this Section are subject to judicial review under the Administrative Review Law and the rules adopted under that Law.

(f) The costs associated with the administrative hearing
shall be borne by the permittee. Foreseeable costs include the
costs of transcription services that consist of court reporters
attendance at the hearings and transcription of the hearing
record into paper and electronic format for all parties as
required. All parties shall be responsible for their own
<u> </u>
attorneys' fees, and the Department shall provide the Hearing
Officer and the Hearing room at Department Headquarters. The
Hearing Officer shall have the discretion to order the
permittee to pay additional costs as appropriate.

- 11 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.66 new)
- 12 Sec. 1-136.66. Alternative enforcement.
- (a) All persons, owners, and permittees regulated under
 this Act and this Part are also subject to, and required to
 comply with, the Illinois Oil and Gas Act and 62 Ill. Adm. Code
- 16 <u>240.</u>

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- 17 (b) Any violation of this Part may also include violations

 18 of the permittee's Oil and Gas permit related to the same well,

 19 the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, and rules adopted under that Act.
- 20 <u>(c) All violations related to the same well may be brought</u>
 21 as one case at the discretion of the Department.
- 22 (d) Failure to meet the burden of proof required for 23 revocation or suspension of a permit under this Act, this Part, 24 the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, or the rules adopted under the 25 Illinois Oil and Gas Act does not mean that the Department

- 1 necessarily failed to prove other violations under this Act,
- this Part, the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, or the rules adopted 2
- 3 under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act.
- 4 (e) Knowing violations of this Part may be a criminal
- 5 offense as defined in Section 1-100 of this Act, which will be,
- in addition to any administrative action taken by the 6
- 7 Department, referred to the State's Attorney in the county
- 8 where the violation occurred or the Attorney General's Office.
- 9 (f) Any person who violates this Part may also be liable
- 10 for a civil penalty as defined in Section 1-101 of this Act,
- which will be in addition to any administrative action taken by 11
- 12 the Department.
- 13 (225 ILCS 732/1-136.67 new)
- Sec. 1-136.67. Medium volume <u>horizontal hydraulic</u> 14
- fracturing completion reports. 15
- (a) This Section applies to all horizontal wells in which 16
- the total amount of all stages of stimulation treatment using 17
- 18 more than 80,000 gallons but less than 300,001 gallons in the
- 19 pressurized application of hydraulic fracturing fluid to
- 20 initiate or propagate fractures in a geologic formation to
- 21 enhance extraction or production of oil or gas are planned,
- have occurred since June 17, 2013, or are occurring in this 22
- 23 State. For any horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations
- 24 where all combined stages of a stimulation treatment of a
- 25 horizontal well are by the pressurized application of more than

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- 1 80,000 gallons but less than 300,001 gallons of hydraulic fracturing fluid and proppant to initiate or propagate 2 fractures in a geologic formation to enhance extraction or 3 4 production of oil or gas, reporting under subsection (c) of 5 this Section is required. For horizontal hydraulic fracturing 6 operations using hydrocarbon or non-hydrocarbon fluids in gas or liquid form as an element of the hydraulic fracturing fluid, 7 8 the applicant shall state the total estimated fluid volume that 9 will be used for the hydraulic fracturing treatment at downhole 10 conditions. The proposed volume shall be based on the anticipated downhole pressure and temperature. 11
 - (b) Permittees with a high volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing permit are not required to report under subsection (c) of this Section.
 - (c) Within 60 calendar days after the conclusion of horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations identified in subsection (a) of this Section, the permittee shall file a medium volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations completion report with the Department. The medium volume horizontal hydraulic fracturing operations completion report shall contain the following information:
 - (1) The name and location of the well. The well location shall be surveyed by an Illinois licensed land surveyor or Illinois registered professional engineer and the description of the surveyed well location shall also include the legal description, the GPS latitude and

1	longitude location, and the ground elevation of the well.
2	The Global Positioning System (GPS) location shall be
3	recorded as degrees and decimal degrees recorded to 6
4	decimal places in the North American Datum 1983 projection
5	and shall be accurate to within 3 feet. The reported GPS
6	location is required to be an actual GPS field measurement
7	and not a calculated or conversion measurement.
8	(2) The permittee number and well reference number
9	issued under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act.
10	(3) The total and per-stage gallons of hydraulic
11	fracturing fluid used at the well, the quantity recovered
12	during the flowback period, and what the permittee did to
13	dispose of, reuse, or recycle the flowback.
14	(4) The depth of the wellbore, including both total
15	vertical depth and total measured depth.
16	(5) The length of horizontal wellbore.
17	(6) The maximum surface treating pressure used.
18	(7) The formation targeted.
19	(8) The number of hydraulic fracturing stages.
20	(9) The total perforated interval and individual
21	perforation intervals.
22	(225 ILCS 732/1-130 rep.)
23	Section 10. The Hydraulic Fracturing Regulatory Act is

amended by repealing Section 1-130.

- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 1
- 2 becoming law.".